Regd. No. B. 1065 CITY EDITION

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVI NO. 172 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

Bhulabhai Sets Controversy At Rest

Perversion Of Facts In Frederick Whyte's Statement

What He Said In London About Federation

Subhas Bose Warmly Welcomes Desai's Remarks

CALCUTTA, July 19.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Congress President, has issued the following statement:—

In view of the controversy that has been going on in the Press over the question of the attitude of the Indian National Congress towards the Federal Scheme, I feel it my duty to publish, with the permission of the writer, certain relevant extracts from a letter, which I have received from Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai.

Congress Attitude

Sjt. Desai says: "IN ALL MY CONVERSATIONS IN LONDON, I HAD MADE IT QUITE PLAIN THAT I WAS NOT THERE FOR ANY PURPOSE OF NEGOTIATION, BUT, AS I HAPPENED TO BE VISITING EUROPE, IT WAS MY DUTY TO EXPLAIN THE CONGRESS ATTITUDE AND THAT OF THE PEOPLE OF INDIA ON INDIAN ISSUES.

FAR FROM TRUTH

"I addressed a meeting at Chatham House, where Sir Frederick Whyte presided, but it is far from the truth to say that I gave them either the belief or the assurance that despite our objection the Congress will accept Federation as embodied in the Government of India Act.

In Interests Of Solidarity

"TEMPERAMENTALLY I AM AVERSE TO DISCUSS EVEN A SMALL DIFFERENCE IN PUBLIC, AND I HAVE, THEREFORE, GIVEN NO STATEMENT TO THE PRESS. BESIDES, I CONSIDER IT MORE POLITIC IN THE INTERESTS OF SOLIDARITY, AND MORE SENSIBLE, TO GIVE TO THE PRESS ONLY THOSE THINGS WHICH ARE OUR FINAL DECISIONS."

PERVERSION OF FACTS

In conclusion Mr. Desai repeats that it is a perversion of facts to say that he ever gave the impression to which Sir Frederic Whyte gave expression.

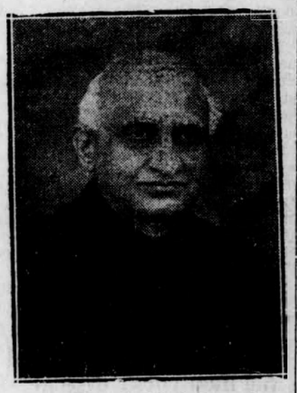
I have no doubt that the above remarks of Mr. Desai will be warmly welcomed by all Congressmen as well as by the public at large and will help considerably to remove any possible misunderstanding.—A.P.

WHAT SIR FREDERICK WHYTE SAID

(A London message of July 6 said:—

However, what caused a sensation in London as a result of yesterday's speeches is reported to be the statement of Sir Frederick Whyte. In the course of a speech Sir Frederick declared that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai at a private meeting in Chatham House, gave the impression to Sir Frederick and other retired officials from India that, despite Congress resolution to resist Federation, the Congress in reality would adopt the policy similar to the one followed in the matter of Provincial Autonomy, and would work Federation. Sir Frederick felt that Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's observations on the question of Federation were contrary to Mr. Desai's observations.

It is stated Pt. Nehru immediately retorted to Sir Frederick and others that it was dangerous to be carried away by impressions or try to infer anything from anybody's speech).



Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai

STOP PRESS

ENGLAND XI.

LONDON: July 19.

The following is an England XI, who will play against the Australians at Folkestone on September 3:—

Chalk, Valentine, Stephenson, Woolley, Ames, Wright, Paynter, Hardstaff, Compton, George Pope, A. L. Pope.—Reuter.

COMMONS AND OFFICIAL SECRETS.

LONDON: July 19.

The House of Commons, without division, agreed to a motion of Sir Archibald Sinclair remitting the question as to who summoned Mr. Sandys to appear before the Military Court of Enquiry to the Select Committee, which was now considering the Official Secrets question.—Reuter.

CONGRESS AMBULANCE UNIT

BOMBAY, July 19.

The Congress ambulance unit for China is expected to leave for China from Bombay, about the 15th of August, the unit is to consist of half a dozen doctors, who will be selected by the Congress Chinese Ambulance Unit Committee. This selection will be done after Dr. Atal reaches Bombay with the medical appliances during the first week of August. So far about Rs. 25,000 have been collected, the City of Bombay itself having contributed nearly Rs. 18,000. The Ambulance van which has been ordered will reach China direct from America.—A.P.

CONGRESS CAPTURES HARDA CIVIC BOARD

HARDA, July 19.

The Congress has won great victory in the Harda Municipal elections.

Out of fourteen seats, ten have been captured by Congress candidates.—United Press.

TO INAUGURATE "DRY" CAMPAIGN

Sardar And Gilder Leave For Ahmedabad

BOMBAY, July 19.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee, and the Hon. Dr. M. D. Gilder, the Minister of Excise, Bombay Government left for Ahmedabad, to-night to inaugurate the prohibition campaign there to-morrow.

It will be recalled that the Ahmedabad City has been selected as the "dry area" for the experiment of Prohibition.—A.P.

TALK OF WORLD PEACE IN ROME

ROME, July 19.

A reference to friendship between Italy, Hungary, Germany and Jugoslavia was contained in the speeches at a banquet, held at the Plazzo Venezia after the conversation between Sgr. Mussolini and Dr. De Imredy.

Sgr. Mussolini declared, "Italy and Hungary are in agreement on a policy of co-operation in the Danube Basin, which is open to all desiring order and reconstruction. A profound sense of reality and the will for peace is guiding the Rome-Berlin axis, and our understanding with Jugoslavia will make a valuable contribution to this policy."

Dr. Imredy declared, "Our friendly relations with the Rome-Berlin axis fill us with the hope that our efforts for a just and lasting peace will bear fruit."—Reuter.

JAIRAMDAS NOT TO GO TO WARDHA

KARACHI, July 19.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, member of the Congress Working Committee has suddenly fallen ill to-day and become very weak due, it is stated, to hard work in connection with the Sind Ministerial crisis.

Doctors have advised him complete rest. He will not, therefore, attend the Working Committee meeting to be held at Wardha on July 23.—United Press.

SUBHAS BOSE WITHDRAWS RESIGNATION

CALCUTTA, July 19.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, who tendered resignation of the Aldermanship of the Calcutta Corporation on June 29 last, has formally withdrawn the same.

The Corporation recently adopted a resolution requesting Mr. Bose to withdraw the same. In pursuance of that resolution a deputation, led by the Mayor, waited on him.—United Press.

Jawaharlal Lunches With Linlithgow

No Political Significance Attached To Meeting

ALSO MEETS EDEN & DAWSON

LONDON, July 19.

Pandit Nehru lunched with Lord Linlithgow to-day.

Reuter learns that no political significance is attached to the meeting, which was arranged in furtherance of Lord Linlithgow's desire to make personal contact with leaders of Indian opinion.

Pandit Nehru also emphasised that his present engagements were of a social character and stressed the fact to Reuter. He was not talking about Federation with anybody.

Pandit Nehru's engagements to-day included meetings with Messrs Eden and Geoffrey Dawson, Editor of the "Times".

EXCLUSIVE MEETING

Jawahar's Two-Hour Talks With Linlithgow

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 19.

It can now be stated that Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru called on Lord Linlithgow at his home in Montague Square lunched with him and was there for over two hours.

When Pt. Nehru came out of Lord Linlithgow's house, I noticed that he was alone, which suggests that no third person was present during the conversations. From Montague Square, Pt. Nehru went to see Mr. Dawson.

FR. PRESIDENT RECEIVES BR. KING

Warm Welcome "En Route" And In Paris

PARIS, July 19.

Their Majesties arrived at the station at 16|50, as a salute of 101 guns was fired from the Motvalerian Fortress. The station was decorated with impressive splendour and taste.

President Lebrun stepped forward and greeted the King with a handshake and Madame Lebrun welcomed the Queen.

The procession arrived Quai d'Orsay at 17|20 hours.—Reuter.

IMPOSING FLEET TO ESCORT KING

LONDON, July 18.

"Enchantress" will be picked up in mid-channel and escorted into Boulogne by 26 vessels of French Atlantic Squadron and if weather is fair Their Majesties will see impressive Naval pageant.

Foreign Secretary Lord Halifax, who will be accompanying them will have opportunity during visit in company with British Ambassador Sir Eric Phipps and Sir Alexander Cadogan, Permanent Head of Foreign Office for Exchange of views with French Premier M. Daladier and Foreign Minister M. Bonnet.

KING LEAVES FOR PARIS

LONDON, July 19.

The King and Queen left Buckingham Palace, at 09-00 B.S.T. long before Their Majesties were due to leave Buckingham Palace in the morning for Victoria Station on the first stage of the journey to Paris, a crowd began to gather

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 3.)

Japanese Bombers Raid Hankow

Chinese Theatre Set On Fire: Fate Of 500 Refugees

SHANGHAI, July 19.

Two-hour air raid of Hankow by 27 Japanese bombers in the morning was the worst the city has yet suffered.

The casualties are believed to be considerable.

A bomb directly hit and set on fire the Chinese theatre used as a shelter.

Five hundred people were trapped inside. Two bombs landed on crowded poor quarters.—Reuter.

HANKOW AIR RAID CASUALTIES

SHANGHAI: July 19.

The Hankow air raid casualties are estimated to be maximum 1,150 killed and wounded and minimum 476, the latter figure being given by the Military Headquarters.—Reuter.

JAPAN CREATES REVOLVING FUND

TOKIO, July 19.

The Japanese Cabinet has agreed to the creation of a revolving fund of 17,600,000 sterling from the gold reserves to purchase raw materials.—Reuter.

8 CHINESE 'PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

TOKIO, July 19.

The Japanese naval airforce claim to have brought down eight out of fifteen Chinese 'planes which tried to fly away when the Japanese attacked the airport at Nanchang.

After running short of ammunition several Japanese 'planes landed in the middle of the airport. The pilots leapt out and destroyed a Chinese machine. They then captured a machine-gun and ammunition from a Chinese heavy bomber as a trophy.—Reuter.

Sikar Looks Like An Armed Camp

Military And Police Pickets Strengthened

Subjects Given 48 Hours' Notice To Surrender

SIKAR: July 19.

THE SITUATION REMAINS UNCHANGED AND PERFECT CALM PREVAILS. PARTIAL HARTAL IS STILL BEING OBSERVED INSIDE THE TOWN.

THE PEACE EMISSARIES, NOW AT JAIPUR, ARE UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE INTERVIEWED THE MAHARAJA YESTERDAY, WHEN THEY HAD A LONG TALK WITH HIM. THE RESULT OF THE INTERVIEW IS NOT YET KNOWN.

It is reliably understood that a meeting of the State Council was held at Jaipur yesterday, when it was decided to give to the towns people 48 hours' notice, within which time they would be required to surrender and open the gates and courts. If the towns people refuse to comply, Jaipur officials might employ force. It is also said that the State authorities would guarantee a general amnesty to "rebels" with the exception of leaders, action against whom might be taken later. Jaipur officials in Sikar are also understood to have received directions to that effect from the headquarters.

CORDON ROUND CITY WALLS.

Military and Police pickets have been strengthened and a cordon round the City walls has been formed. Many houses on the outskirts of the town have been occupied by the Jaipur Police and Military and machine and Lewis guns have been positioned on strategic points. Thus Sikar again presents the appearance of an armed camp.

A big gathering of armed Rajputs is understood to be present in the vicinity of village Mehrol. It is reported that their attitude is threatening and they intend pouring into Sikar town.—A.P.

NO QUESTION OF LOYALTY TO JAIPUR

Main Point At Issue Side-tracked, Says Subjects Committee

The Secretary of the Sikar Raj Subjects Committee in the course of a Press Note writes:—

The Sikar Raj Subject Committee, Bombay desire to contradict the news in papers that a number of important bodies and citizens of various places are voluntarily sending their written assurances to the Maharaja of Jaipur, indicating their loyalty towards His Highness.

As a matter of fact, nobody has ever shown any disloyalty towards the Maharaja, and not only the Rao Raja Bahadur of Sikar but the general public as well consisting of all sections of people have unequivocally expressed their traditional loyalty to the Jaipur Durbar.

But the main point at issue should not be side-tracked. The brave public stands for its just rights, and nothing can crush its spirit.

The public of Sikar is fully united, and reports of dissensions among them are baseless.

The Committee are collecting from most reliable sources the real causes of the present trouble and the powerful factors that had been working behind the scenes.

All measures of provocation are adopted but in spite of all of them, the public

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 4.)

1940 OLYMPICS IN FINLAND

HELSINKI. July 19.

Finland has accepted the International Olympic Committee's invitation to stage 1940 Olympic Games.—Reuter.

FINLAND TO ORGANISE OLYMPIC GAMES

HELSINKI, July 19.

The Finnish Olympic Committee has received an official invitation to organise the 1940 games.—Reuter.

Sec. 144 In Amritsar

Kisan Demonstrations Banned For Period Of 10 Days

LAHORE, July 19.

An order under Section 144 has been promulgated to-day in Amritsar for a period of ten days banning all mass demonstrations and processions of peasants arranged to be staged there on July 20, under the auspices of the District Kisan Committee.

Kisan workers have been ordered to abstain from marching in jathas or holding demonstrations.—United Press.

KISANS TO DEFY SEC. 144

LAHORE, July 19.

A decision to defy the order under Sec. 144 promulgated today at Amritsar for a period of ten days was reached this evening at a private conference of 200 Kisan workers who, it is learnt, will take out processions and hold mass demonstrations according to the programme previously arranged.—United Press.

ALWAR CONGRESS OFFICE SURPRISE

NEW DELHI, July 19.

Telegraphic messages from Alwar received here to-day state that the Congress flag and the name board of the Congress office there has been secretly removed from the Congress office at Alwar.—United Press.

M.L.A.'s Protest Against Sind Ministry

KARACHI, July 19.

Rai Saheb Gokuldas, a prominent Hindu M.L.A. has issued statement to the Press to-day stating that the present Allabux Ministry should not be allowed to remain in office any more.—United Press.

Our Tabulated Adelts

1 Anna Per Word— Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 % on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion, No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

26. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted a suitable match for a 17-year, handsome girl of a very respectable Sunni Muslim family of U. P. reading in matric. Full details with photo to Box No 10541, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: A suitable match of any respectable family. for a highly cultured Dasa Baniya boy of 25, sound sources for maintenance. Please with Photo to: Box No. 10540, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted first-class Oxy-Acetylene Welders experienced in welding aluminium sheets and steel sheets and tubing of approximately 16 SWG. Only experienced men need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 9064 "Bombay Chronicle".

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

An experienced mathematics teacher seeks a job in a night high school. Terms very moderate. Apply Box No. 10539, "Bombay Chronicle"

62. TO BE LET.

Very desirable Big and Small Blocks only for respectable families "Dias Lodge", Kursetji Rana Street, Grant Road. See owner evening. (10527)

68. FLATS TO LET

To Let—Airy and comfortable flat, 4 Rooms W.C. and Bath. Rent Rs. 45 Hasan Manzil. Matarpakhady, Mazgaon. Apply on premises. (10530)

For Hindoos, airy, rooms, flats, Boyce House, Gowalia Tank, behind Mahavir Vidyalaya, apply Pathan or Box 10473, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Be a Cartoonist at home. Earn Rs. 200 a month. Details from Raye Burns School, New Delhi. (10506)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

Motor Driving Taught Perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 10535, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

ADVERTISEMENT

Indian Posts And Telegraphs Department

EXAMINATION FOR ENTRANCE TO CERTAIN SUBORDINATE SERVICES OF THE POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.

A competitive examination for recruitment to fill a strictly limited number of posts of telegraphists, telephone operators, clerks and sorters in the Bombay Postal Circle will be held at various centres in the Bombay Presidency on the 18th October 1938. The examination is open to candidates of both sexes of all communities who are not less than 19 nor more than 21 years of age on the date of examination, who have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination and have their domicile in the Bombay Presidency. The condition of having passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination may be relaxed in the case of female candidates who apply for the posts of Telephone Operators only. Particulars relating to the examination with a copy of the prescribed form of application and of the recruitment rules will be supplied on receipt of a fee of one rupee which should be sent ONLY by a crossed Indian Postal Order payable to the Postmaster General, Bombay, at the Bombay General Post Office. Applications only on the prescribed form will be entertained and they must be received in the office of the undersigned by the 1ST SEPTEMBER, 1938. Applications received after that date will be ignored.

Bombay.
Dated 20th July, 1938.

J. R. T. BOOTH,
Postmaster-General.
Bombay.

(9049)

NOTIFICATION

MADRAS POLICE SUBORDINATE SERVICE SERGEANTS' VACANCIES.

There are several vacancies in the category of Sergeant in the Madras Police Subordinate Service and applications for these posts are invited.

2. An applicant must, amongst others, satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) Have had at least 3 years in the British Army.
(b) Be under 45 on 1st November, 1938.
(c) Have at least a second class Army Certificate of Education.

3. Forms of application and full details and conditions of the appointments may be obtained on requisition to the ASSISTANT INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE, MYLAPORE, MADRAS, enclosing an addressed envelope stamped with postage stamps to the value of two annas. No notice will be taken of a requisition not accompanied by an addressed envelope so stamped. Correspondence in this matter should not be addressed to the undersigned.

F. SAYERS,
Inspector-General of Police.
Madras, 15th July, 1938.

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted a Loan of Rs. 3,000 to construct a house, repayable with a monthly instalment of Rs. 100. Interest payable in advance. Apply Box 10487, "Bombay Chronicle".

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Empire Typewriter Co., 76 Tamarind Lane, Fort, repairs, overhauls and rebuilds Typewriters (all makes) under expert supervision of Late Foreman, Remington Rand. (9014)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of MECHANICAL INSPECTOR in the grade of Rs. 150—10—250, plus Rs. 20 as conveyance allowance.

QUALIFICATIONS:—An Honours Degree in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering of a recognised University accompanied by considerable practical experience.

NATURE OF DUTIES:—To look after all Mechanical and Electrical appliances attached to Water Works.

So long as the selected candidate is stationed outside the City Limits he will be provided with free quarters.

ANY ATTEMPT BY A CANDIDATE TO INFLUENCE HIS SELECTION WILL DISQUALIFY HIM FOR CONSIDERATION.

Applications should be addressed to the Undersigned at Improvements Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay so as to reach him not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on 29-7-1938.

E. A. NADIRSHAW,
Hydraulic Engineer.

14-7-38.

9033.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of an Assistant in the grade of Rs. 60—10—150 p.m. for the Public Health Laboratory, Ahmedabad Municipality, so as to reach the undersigned on or before 2nd August, 1938.

The candidate should be a B.Sc. or should possess similar qualifications and should have at least one year's practical experience of the Public Health Laboratory work in some recognised Laboratory.

The selected candidate will be appointed on one year's probation in the first instance.

The applicants should state their age, caste and qualifications and should enclose copies of testimonials if any with their applications.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Health Office,
Ahmedabad Municipality,
Dated, 16th July, 1938.

9058.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

I. C. No. 17 of 1938.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act 1913
And
In the matter of the INDIAN COTTON CO., LTD.
The CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA ... Petitioners.

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 1st day of September, 1938, to send their names addresses and particulars of their debts and claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys if any to the Official Liquidator of the said Company, at his office at Maneckjee Wadia Building, 125, Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay, and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts and claims, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts or claims are proved.

The 18th day of November, 1938, at 11 O'clock in the forenoon (S. T.) is appointed for the hearing and adjudication upon all such debts and claims by this Hon'ble Court at the High Court premises.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1938.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 19th day of July 1938.

Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE
Attorneys for the Official Liquidator.

(9056)

Public Notices

LOST OR MISLAID

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one Transfer receipt No. 156 for 15 shares of the Indian Bleaching Dyeing and Printing Works in the name of Ranchhoddas Haridas Assar is lost or mislaid. The public is hereby warned against dealing with the same.

RANCHHODDAS HARIDAS ASSAR.
Laxmidas Shamji,
Mudi Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay.

(10544)

The City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.
As modified up to date

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the First day of September, 1938, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the public street known as Elphinstone Road at its junction with (1) Sayani Road and (2) Tulsi Pipe Line.

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1938.

D. SYMINGTON,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

(9059)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KASSAMALI JAFERBHAI GANGJI has contracted to sell to our client BAI GULBANUBAI MAHOMED, the property herein below described. All persons having any share, right, title, interest, claim or demand in to upon or against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, bequest, inheritance, maintenance easements, use, possession, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of newly assessed land or ground together with the messuage or tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Kamathipura 11th Street, outside the Fort and the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement (50) Fifty square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. nil, New No. 16852, Old Survey No. Nil, and New Survey No. 6853 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 1930 and Old Street No. 7 and New Street No. 66 and Cadastral Survey No. 183, Byculla Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East and West by the property of Jeelkar Rajanna, on or towards the North by the Sweepers passage and on or towards the South by the said Kamathipura 11th Street and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1938.

Messrs. BENJAMIN CHHATRAPATI & Co.,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.

(9060)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 1120 of 1938.

The CANARA BANK, Ltd. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs
V. V. NAYAK and another ..... Defendants.

To,
V. V. NAYAK,
The 1st defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Engineer on TUESDAY, the 26th July, 1938, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) or soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard by Counsel on the part of the plaintiffs for an Order that the Court Receiver, High Court or some other fit and proper person be appointed Receiver of the goods lying in the godown at Katha Bazaar mentioned in the plaint with powers to him to sell the same and other powers under 0.40 R. 1 and that the Defendants their servants and agents be restrained by an Order and Injunction of the Court from dealing with or disposing of the said goods, pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1938.

DHARAMSI DINKARRAU & NANDLAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(9063)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

George VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of SHAIKH AHMED SHAIKH IMAM, of Bombay Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at the time of his death at Bora Street, Lower Colaba, without the Fort of Bombay. .... Deceased.

SHAIKH USMAN SHAIKH AHMED of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, son of the abovenamed deceased residing at Byculla without the Fort of Bombay. .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir PATRICK BLACKWELL, Knight, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 8th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight and in the second year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 8th day of July, 1938.

Messrs MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

(9054)

To-morrow 1-30 P. M.
ZENANA SHOW
SAGAR'S
Great Social Hit
We Three
Starring
MOTILAL — MAYA
ROSE — YAKUB
Direction: MEHBOOB
DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
4TH WEEK
THE ROXY

Legal Notices

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In the matter of the NEW BERAR CO., LTD.
The CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA & CHINA ..... Petitioners.

The CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 1st day of September, 1938, to send their names addresses and particulars of their debts and claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys if any to the Official Liquidator of the said Company, at his office at Maneckjee Wadia Building, 125 Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay, and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator, in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts and claims, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts or claims are proved.

The 18th day of November, 1938, at 11 O'clock in the forenoon (S. T.) is appointed for the hearing and adjudication upon all such debts and claims by this Hon'ble Court at the High Court premises.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1938.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 19th day of July, 1938.

Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE
Attorneys for the Official Liquidators.

(9057)

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT GHATKOPAR.

Under instructions from Messrs Mohile Parekh and Maneklal Attorneys for Messrs Thobhan Devji and another the Trustees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 14th April 1934 and Messrs Hirji Ghellabhoy and others the 1st contributory Mortgagees and Messrs Thakersey Hirji and others the second Contributory Mortgagees under the said Indenture of Mortgage, on the premises at Kirol Moje Kirol Taluka South Salsette (Ghatkopar) on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Jivandas Vassanji in pursuance of the Power of Sale reserved to the said Trustees under the said Indenture of Mortgage dated the 14th April 1934 the following valuable landed property:—

PARTICULARS OF SALE

All those pieces or parcels of land or ground situate at Kirol Moje Kirol Taluka South Salsette in the Registration District of Bombay Suburban Sub-District, Bandra with all buildings, outhouses, compounds, wells, privies and all other things attached to the land forming part of Survey No. 75 bearing the following particulars:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Paini No.	Hissa No.	Area A.—G.	Assessment Rs. a. p.
998	75	9	0	4	0-15½	1-5-3
999	75	10	0	4	0-2	0-0-3
1000	75	11	0	1	0-6	0-8-9
1000	„		6	3	0-23¼	0-1-6
992	„	7	0	2	0-1½	0-2-0
994	„	8	0	2	0-2½	0-4-0
997	„	9	0	3	0-16½	1-6-6

less 500 square yards out of Survey No. 75 Pot No. 7|8 and 9; the above land has been assessed by the Ghatkopar Kirol Municipality under D Ward Nos 21-40 to|27A bounded on or towards the North by the property of Pranlal Kalidas, on or towards the South by the property of Krishnarao Teli on or towards the West by the property of Vallabhdas Tejpal and on or towards the East by the Chembur Road on SUNDAY, the 14th day of August, 1938, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Mohile Parekh and Maneklal Solicitors at their office at 65 Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

D. MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Tel. No. 22801.

Baghban
A GENERAL FILMS' PICTURE
Directed by A. R. KARDAR
A perfect story dealing with infant marriage and widowhood with a universal appeal
Starring:
BIMLA KUMARI & NANDREKER
with
NAZIR, ASHRAF KHAN, LALLA YAKOOB, K. N. SINGH, SITARA, YASMIN, JAMNA, PUTLI, WASTI, MIRZA & MUSHARAF
NOW RUNNING TO CROWDED HOUSES AT
IMPERIAL CINEMA
Lamington Road
Daily 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.

THIRD
Glorious Week of Thriving Success

New Theatres Ltd's Social indictment against the cruel ways of Hindu Society
"ABHAGIN"
Starring:
★ MOLINA
Prithviraj, B.A. Menaka, Devbala, Nemo, & Vijaykumar etc.
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p. m.
THE MINERVA
A SUPREME RELEASE

11th AND THE LAST
"KUNKU"
AT
PLAZA,—Dadar
TIMING AS USUAL.

THE STORY is its Sensation!
MINERVA'S
"JAILOR"
Starring:
Sohrab Modi, Leela Chitnis, Sheela, Sadiqali, etc.
Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30 p. m.
KRISHNA
Talkies ..... Dubash Theatre.

"Being Given to Understand ....."
HE APPLIED FOR A JOB AT EVERY DOOR .....
People only gave him to Misunderstand!
'Lakshmiche Khel'
The Ventures & Adventures of an underdog.
Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC
CINEMA:.....:GIRGAUM

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AROUND THE COURTS

Believed to have been stabbed by her paramour, Yellamma (25) is now lying in the G. T. Hospital in a critical condition.

It appears, she and her paramour had been living together in a tiny hut on the Reclamation Ground near the Church Gate Railway station. Early this morning she was found with, what is believed to be, a stab-wound in the hut. Her father removed her to hospital.

The suspect is stated to be absconding. The Esplanade Police are making enquiries.

Newspaper Vendor Stabbed

A newspaper vendor was stabbed, yesterday, at Golpitha.

It was stated by the Maharbour: Police that Umer Sidik, a doorkeeper of the Super Cinema, stabbed the vendor for no sensible reason.

The injured person has been detained in the J. J. Hospital for treatment.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail at the Girgaum Court, to-day, till July 26.

"Those who marry in haste will have to repent at leisure," was the observation made by the Chief Presidency Magistrate in dismissing the complaint of Shri Krishna Lal, a legal practitioner at Agra, who charged his wife with theft of cash and ornaments.

The complainant stated that he was married to Vasant Kini on July 11th and came to Bombay a few days later. Yesterday he found his wife missing from the hotel with cash and ornaments. He therefore charged her with theft.

The Magistrate thought it was a domestic quarrel and dismissed the complaint.

Two persons were arrested by the Kalachowki police yesterday with the aid of a bogus customer. They are alleged to have sold used railway tickets at low prices.

Abdul Latif Hazi Abdul Raze and Sapoor Abdul Gafur were bailed out at the Dadar Police Court today.

Privileges Of Convicts In Goa Jails

Interesting disclosures of privileges accorded to prisoners in Gao Jails were made to-day when the police applied for an extradition of three prisoners who are alleged to have escaped from jail in Goa.

The prisoners in Goa, it was stated, were allowed to go out of jail for a few days provided they kept a deputy on their behalf. Prisoners were also allowed to visit their families occasionally!

A contingent of Goa police, sergeants and sub-inspectors, was present in the Court-room to give evidence in the case.

Mr. Salazar, appearing for the accused, opposed the extradition proceedings on the ground that the accused were British subjects and hence, could not be extradited to Goa, which was an independent territory. The extradition proceedings were, according to him, misconceived. The Portuguese Government, he argued, could not demand the extradition of the accused. At the most, the Portuguese Government could only ask for a trial of the accused in British India.

None of the witnesses could depose as to the nationality of the accused. The case stands adjourned for calling evidence regarding the nationality of the accused.

JUDGE'S TRIBUTES TO MEMORY OF G. B. CHITALE

A reference was made by Mr. Justice Broomfield on the Appellate side of the High Court to the death of Mr. G. B. Chitale, one of the senior members of the Appellate Bar, which occurred on Monday after a short illness at his residence in Bombay.

His lordship referred to the distinguished career of the deceased who enjoyed extensive practice in the High Court and had made himself very popular among his clients by his conscientiousness and devotion to his duty. His lordship expressed the sympathy of the Bench with the deceased's family in their bereavement.

Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, associated himself with the remarks of his lordship.

Accused Discharged By Magistrate

Caitan DeCosta, proprietor of the Rapid Laundry at Colaba and one Mrs. Braganza were charged before Mr. R. Mathalone, at Mazagaon Police Court at the instance of A. Braganza, (husband of the second accused) with criminal trespass and intimidation. The first accused having undertaken not to molest the complainant in future, he was discharged.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE

Railway Accounts Under Examination

Should the Chief Accounts Officers and their establishments be placed under the control of the General Managers?

This was the question which engaged the attention of the Public Accounts Committee when they met this morning to continue examination of the Railway accounts.

A memorandum on the proposal that the Chief Accounts Officers and their establishments should be placed to the fullest extent practicable under the control of the General Managers as an experiment on two Railways was first taken up for consideration.

The Chief Commissioner, Railways explained that under the present system of the Chief Accounts Officer being responsible to the Financial Commissioner, Railways and not to the General Manager there was a tendency for him to become instead of a constructive adviser a critic without incentive to assist the administration to whose Chief he was not responsible. A number of Committees including the Pope Committee had recommended that the Chief Accounts Officer should be placed under the General Managers, and it was now proposed as an experiment to carry out the recommendation on two railways.

The Auditor General stated that without withdrawing in any way from the expression of his doubts previously made he considered that in view of the weight of opinion in favour an experiment on the lines suggested was fully justified and that the Committee would not be committing themselves in any way should the experiment be unsuccessful. Various members expressed grave doubts as to the advisability of the proposed change but after lengthy discussion the proposal was approved by a narrow majority.

SAVINGS IN TRACK RENEWALS

The Committee then took up the examination of the Chief Commissioner's Review of the Appropriation Accounts for 1936-37. The Committee noted that there had been savings aggregating nearly Rs. 3 1/4 crores under "Track Renewals" and "Other Structural and Engineering Works" which were chiefly due to postponement or curtailment of schemes as a result of further examination after the budget. The Committee considered that a lump sum cut should have been made under these heads, and it was explained that a small cut had been made for the first time in 1936-37 but not to the extent required, and that in the following year a larger cut had been made sufficient to correct the position.

The financial results of the Suburban Electrification Scheme of the South Indian Railway, Madras were also considered and the Committee noted that the results showed a considerable and satisfactory improvement.—A.P.

About 10,000 guests were present at the Royal Garden Party in the grounds of Buckingham Palace yesterday afternoon.

The Queen, accompanied by Queen Mary and Princess Elizabeth and Princess Margaret, walked on the lawns and later the King joined the Queen in the Royal tent. His Majesty, who has completely recovered from his recent indisposition, looked remarkably well and shook hands with a number of diplomatic and other guests.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I Programme

V U B 244 metres (1,231 kc/s).
TRANSMISSION I.

a.m.
8-0 Arunoday. 8-15 Sazon ki Jhankar. 8-30 Chitrapat Sangeet. 11-30 Bombay Orchestra. 11-40 Haribhau Ghangrekar. Classical music.
noon.
12-0 Yesterday's Talk.
p.m.
12-15 Hirabai Jhaveri. 12-40 By Request. 12-15 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Dance Time. 5-30 Haribhau Ghangrekar. Classical music. 6-0 East and West. 6-20 Gat Tora on the Tabla. 6-30 Shamsuddin. Thumri and ghazal. 6-45 Vana Vihar. Marathi duets. 7-0 To Bhumijan. 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 Life of a letter (Guj.). Talk by Murli Thakur. 8-15 Bombay Orchestra. 8-25 Hirabai Jhaveri. Khambavati and bhavgeet. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Ghazals 9-30 News. 9-45 World Affairs. Talk by W. W. Russell. 10-0 Violin and Piano Recital. 10-25 Kentucky Minstrels. 10-35 International Septet.

Bombay—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II.
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s).
a.m.
8-0 Same as in Bombay I. 9-0 Close down. 11-30 Same as in Bombay I.
TRANSMISSION III.
61 metres (4,905 kc/s).
p.m.
5-30 Same as in Bombay I.

Delhi—I Programme

V U D 340 metres (886 kc/s).
TRANSMISSION I.
a.m.
7-0 Shahnai Solos. 7-15 Classical Music. 7-35 Akhtar Jahan. 7-50 Recorded Interlude. 7-56 Light Music. 8-10 Idan Jan. 8-30 Instrumental Parade. News. 8-40 In English. 8-50 In Hindustani.
TRANSMISSION II.
noon.
12-0 Tagore's Songs.
p.m.
1-0 Contrasts.
TRANSMISSION III.
p.m.
6-0 Light Music. 6-15 Akhtar Jahan. 6-30 Woman's World. 7-0 Light Music. 7-30 For Villagers Only. 8-0 Chughtai and his Octet. 8-15 Classical Music. 8-30 Your Choice. 8-55 Akhtar Jahan. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Subhan Allah. 10-0 Classical Music. 10-10 World Affairs. A talk by J. L. Brierly. 10-30 Akhtar Jahan. 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II.
31.3 metres, (9,590 kc/s).
Programmes as in Delhi I.
TRANSMISSION III.
Programmes as in Delhi I.
60 metres (4,995 kc/s).
p.m.
6-0 Classical Music. 6-15 R. D. Joshi. 6-30 to 7-0 Programme as in Delhi I. 7-0 Three Men in a Boat. 7-10 Cocktail-time. 8-15 Light Music. 8-30 to 9-15 Programme as in Delhi I. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Hour of Songs. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Hour of Songs (Contd.). 10-55 News.

Calcutta Programme

V U C 370 metres (810 kc/s).
(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)
p.m.
12-36 Market Rates. 12-41 Light Opera Co. 12-51 Francisco Casanovas. Weather for Ocean. 1-36 Ladies Hour. 2-6 Nazir Husain. 5-6 Kamala Roy. 5-21 Samoresh Chowdhry. 5-36 Mrinal Kanti Ghosh. 6-6 For Countryside. 6-36 Khabare Antarey. 7-26 Parul Chowdhury. 7-51 What is Wrong with Indian Cinema: 8-6 News, Weather (Bengali). 8-21 Jantri Sangha. 8-36 A B C of Music. 8-56 Chamu Misra. 9-1 Commercial News. Weather Report. 9-6 News. 9-21 Kendrick Norman: Bass-Baritone. 9-36 Diary of Foreign Correspondent, talk by Astrid Quam. 9-51 Grey Lady.

Peshawar Programme

V U P 200 metres (1,500 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 Announcements in Hindustani. 5-40 Pashto Naat 5-50 Munawwar Sultana. 6-10 Roshan Lal. 6-35 Fateh Ali 6-45 Munawwar Sultana. 7-10 Kanhayya. 7-20 Roshan Lal. 7-45 Readings from Books 8-0 Preetam ki Yad. 8-15 Hour with Villagers. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Munawwar Sultana. 9-52 Roshan Lal. 10-0 European Music.

Lahore Programme

V U L 276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-30 Classical Music. 6-55 Shudh Kalyan on Sarangi. 7-0 Badarbai of Multan. 7-25 Gat Tora on Tabla. 7-30 For Countryside. 8-0 Classical Music. 8-25 Sardar Husain. 8-30 Badarbai. 8-45 Music Lesson. 9-0 Siraj Ahmad. 9-5 Badarbai. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Literary Criticism, talk by Bhupal Singh. 10-0 Airvoice Orchestra. 10-10 Classical Music. 10-35 Badarbai.

Lucknow Programme

V U W 293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)
p.m.
6-30 V. J. Joshi. 7-0 Babban Jan. 7-25 Kumari Shakuntala Mathur. 7-40 V. J. Joshi. 8-5 Babban Jan. 8-30 Makandarni. 8-55 Kumari Shakuntala Mathur. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Kumari Shakuntala Mathur. 10-0 V. J. Joshi 10-25 Babban Jan. 10-50 Lucknow Orchestra.

Madras—I Programme

V U M 211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 Rajalakshmi Ammal: Vocalist. 6-0 Carnatic Orchestra: Devamanohari. 6-5 Turab Ali. 7-0 Story in Tamil. 7-15 R. R. Iyer: Vocalist. 8-10 Sri Ranjani on Violin. 8-20 R. R. Iyer. 9-15 News, Weather. 9-30 West of Suez, talk by G. A. Johnson. 9-45 Turab Ali.

Madras—II Programme

60.6 metres (4,950 kc/s.)
p.m.
5-30 to 6-0 Programme as in Madras I. 6-0 For Villager (Telugu). 6-30 For Villager (Tamil). 7-0 to 9-45 Programme as in Madras I. 9-45 Pianoforte Recital by Margaret Cousins. 10-15 Song Recital.

B. B. C. Programme

G S J 13.93m., (21.53 Mc/s.) G S H 13.79m., (21.47 Mc/s.) G S G 18.86m., (17.79 Mc/s.) G S G (to 9-30 p.m.) 16.86m., (17.59 Mc/s.) G S P 19.82m., (15.14 Mc/s.)
p.m.
7-30 Montague Brearley. 8-30 Talk by Chief Engineer of B B C. 8-45 Steamboat. 9-30 News. 9-50 Dance Music. 10-10 World Affairs talk by J. L. Brierly.
10-50 to 11-45 p.m. Arabic Programme.

B. D. D. Sweepers To Go On Strike

Govt.'s Reply Considered Unsatisfactory

The President of the Municipal Workers' Union, writes:—

It may be recalled that the Sweepers of the Development Department have given a strike notice to the Land Manager, on the 9th instant. The Executive Engineer, Presidency, replied to their Union, that the male Sweepers will be paid Rs. 20 p.m., and female Sweepers Rs. 18.

As for the rooms, not more than two rooms are to be given to the Sweepers of the same family and for each additional member of the same family a cash allowance of Rs. 2-8-0 is to be given as house rent. The workers demand the same wage as the Sweepers of the Bombay Corporation are paid, i.e., Rs. 25 p.m.

The decision of the Government with regard to such elementary concessions as casual leave, holidays, provident fund, gratuity, maternity benefit, uniforms and blankets, etc., is not yet conveyed to the Union or to the workers.

The Executive Engineer states that these matters are under consideration. The Union therefore, has referred the matter once more to the Government with a request that decisions on these matters should be taken at an early date and communicated to the Union. With a view to await this decision, it is decided not to go on strike on the very day of the expiry of the notice, but, on some later date to be fixed by the Union.

"Marvellous" Says Physician, Testing New Cold Remedy

Ends Tiny Patient's Suffering With Vaporizing Ointment That Is Just Rubbed On

Cold sufferers everywhere will rejoice at what this practising physician has to say about Vicks VapoRub, the new external remedy. "I gave Vicks VapoRub a fair trial when I used it on a tiny patient, six months old, who suffered from a cold. The result was marvellous." Dr. A. L. V., Dinapore.

No wonder doctors, as well as mothers, prefer this modern treatment for colds. They like it not only because it brings relief so quickly, but also because it's *safe*—there is nothing to swallow, nothing that might upset the stomach as internal medicines so often do. All you do is rub this pleasant vaporizing ointment on the throat and chest at bedtime.

Acts Instantly—Two Ways at Once

Almost before you finish rubbing, there is a comfortable tingle on the little one's chest as VapoRub begins to act direct through the skin like a poultice. At the same time, warmed by the body, VapoRub releases medicated vapours which are breathed in for hours, *18 times a minute*, direct to the irritated air-passages of the nose, throat, and chest.

This combined poultice and vapour action makes the child feel better right away as it starts to soothe irritation, loosen phlegm, relieve coughing, and break up congestion. With the breathing easier, the little patient soon drops off to restful sleep. And while he sleeps, VapoRub goes on working hour after hour. By morning, almost always, the worst of the cold is over. Even grown-ups' colds yield quickly to VapoRub's powerful double action.

BABY'S COLDS
Best treated without dosing—Just rub on
VICKS VAPORUB

To KEEP HAIR NEAT

FREE BOOK ON Diabetes! Reveals STARTLING New Theory!
Hundreds CURED daily! Get a Copy TO-DAY and cure yourself AT HOME!
VENUS RESEARCH LABRY.
P.O. BOX 587. CALCUTTA.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. RAILWAY

(ON FORCE FROM APRIL, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Fail (Nagpur	7 40	17 45
Calcutta Mail (Cheoki)	9 00	20 50
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr. H.M.
Frontier Mail (Saturday. only for Homeward Passengers	8 40

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY

Mails, Express and Passenger trains.
Arrivals at Bombay Central.

	H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35
Delhi. Expres.	6 0
Gujarat Mail	6 45
Kathiawar Mail	7 25
Frontier Mail.	8 15
The Flying Ranee (Mondays only) from Surat	*9 48
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Mondays) from Surat	10 58
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 0
Kathiawar Express	18 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesdays.

Departures from Bombay Central.

Kathiawar Express	8 45
Baroda Passenger	9 25
Ahmedabad Passenger	13 50
The Flying Ranee (Saturdays only) to Surat	15 10
The Flying Ranee (Daily except Saturdays) to Surat	18 5
Gujarat Mail	20 25
Frontier Mail	21 30
Kathiawar Mail.	21 50
Delhi Express	22 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	22 25

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON—BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, at 7-24 p.m.
Delivery: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday at 8 a.m. and Sunday at 12-30 p.m.
BOMBAY—LONDON (via Poona.)
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.:—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.
BOMBAY—COLOMBO (via Poona).
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hour of posting for mails at G. P. O.: Monday, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday at 7-15 a.m.
COLOMBO BOMBAY (via Poona.)
Delivery: Monday at 8 a.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday 6 p.m.

K. C. MARROTT
Water Proofs & Woollen OVERCOATS
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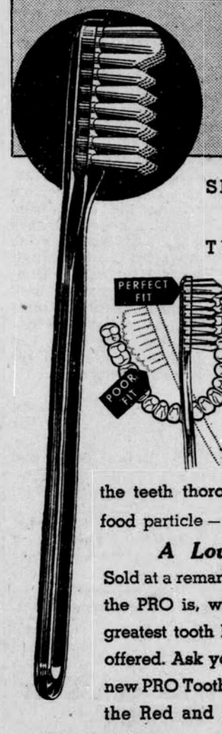
MARROTT BUILDING, ANDHERI.
Local Agent:
T. K. MARROTT; 185, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE NEW Pro IS THE ONLY EFFICIENT SMALL SIZE TOOTH BRUSH



SMALL SIZE CONVENIENCE
PLUS
TUFTED-END EFFICIENCY

PRO is the only small size tooth brush with a tufted end. It is the only small size brush that reaches in and around *all* the teeth; hard-to-get-at back teeth as well as front teeth. Thus, the PRO is the only small size brush that really cleans the teeth thoroughly—that removes every last tiny food particle—that protects against ache and decay.

A Low Price—
Sold at a remarkably low price—the PRO is, without doubt, the greatest tooth brush value ever offered. Ask your dealer for the new PRO Tooth Brush—look for the Red and Yellow window carton.

THE GREATEST TOOTH BRUSH VALUE
As. 12.
at port cities.
5-69

EXTRA VALUE
A TUBE OF LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE FREE
As an added economy—for a limited time only—your dealer will give you absolutely free, a tube of Listerine Tooth Paste with each purchase of a PRO Tooth Brush. Take advantage of this offer now—while it lasts.

YOU *CERTAINLY* HATE TO SEE

YOUR CHILDREN LIKE THIS

WHEN something is wrong with your children's system, give them Bristol's Sarsaparilla. It will improve their blood, will make them healthy and cheerful once again.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla is known the world over as a vegetable depurative for skin eruptions, pimples, sores and other skin diseases. It is made from extracts of shrubs, roots and plants and does not contain a particle of *mercury, morphine, arsenic* or any other harmful substances. That is why wise mothers confidently turn to Bristol's Sarsaparilla when children are ill and out of sorts.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla
B. 13

Patentex Famous For 25 Years

For CONTROL and SPACING of CHILDBIRTH
Available at all Chemists
Sole Agents:
MALGHAM BROS.,
BOMBAY. 1

Meakin Cup Football

Creditable Victory For Cheshires

Somerset L. I. Go Down By 3. Goals

BOMBAY, July 19.

Bombay's League Champions for the last 2 years, the Cheshire Regiment, kept their colours flying on Tuesday evening, when they eliminated the Somerset Light Infantry from Poona, from the Meakin Cup Football Tournament, by 3 clear goals without a reply.

It was a thrilling game, in which military football of a high order was provided and the large number of spectators, mostly military officers and soldiers, went back satisfied with the result and the thrilling encounter they had witnessed.

SPLENDID HALF-BACKS

Benson, Smith and Pennington formed a strong intermediary-line for the Cheshires and in addition to their defensive work, this trio kept the forwards well plied with perfect passes. Stubbs was safe in the goal and Slack—Barnes proved to be a tough rear guard combination. The winners' forwards displayed remarkable understanding, as a result of which they added 2 more goals to their first half score in the last 7 minutes of play

GOOD DEFENCE

The Infantry defence attracted attention while their forwards were a little wanting. Stephens, the Somerset's custodian, did some smart work between the posts and a couple of his saves were, indeed, very outstanding.

Bombay's League Champions were the first to test their opponents' defence and spelling danger with every raid, gave the Somersets' defence an anxious time in the opening phases of the games. During this period, Tesseyman tried the Poona goalkeeper with a powerful straight drive. After being continually pinned in their penalty-area for about 10 minutes, the visitors transferred play and Meadows, their inside-left, shot wide from close quarters, to miss the only chance that came their way in the first half of play. The Cheshires did not take long in sending the ball back to the Somersets' territory and attacking hard opened their account in the 20th minute through Keegans, whose fine header beat the smart Infantry custodian.

The Poona side made some efforts to level the score but to no purpose and the breathing period found them in arrears.

The teams forced a faster pace on resumption with the Infantrymen making desperate efforts for the equaliser. The Cheshire's goal had 2 narrow escapes at this stage, Stubbs smartly saving a difficult one from Patten and then Land's hard shot bore no fruit, the ball touching the crosspiece and going out of play. At the opposite end Stephens saved from Charmley

In another spell of attacking the Cheshires were unlucky not to go No. 2 up, on the score-board, Blaney's forceful shot striking the wood-work. The ball was now being carried from end to end. Barker, leader of the Infantry attack, got possession just out of the winners' penalty-area and almost got through but the ball travelled faster than what he expected and got out of his control, Stubbs making a long clearance.

An excellent solo effort by Keegans, in the 23rd minute after resumption, put the issue beyond doubt. Receiving the ball from the outside-right, Keegans dashed past the backs and went on to beat Stephens from a near range.

In the closing minutes the Cheshires bombarded the visitors' goal and after 2 unsuccessful attempts by Keegans and Tesseyman, Blaney obtained the third and last goal for his side, heading in off a timely pass by Benson.

RESULT:—
Cheshires 3 Goals
Somerset L. I. Nil.

TEAMS:—

CHESHIRES: Stubbs; Slack and Barnes; Benson, Smith and Pennington; Tesseyman, Sutton, Keegans, Blaney and Charmley.

SOMERSET L. I.: Stephens; Mills and McPeake; Land, West and Patten, Hine, Barker, Meadows and Stapleton

REFEREE: Sgt. Marshall.

LINESMEN: L. Hibbert and Sgt. L. Dyer

The BROADWAY

Kingsway Dadar.

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ANNA NEAGLE
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FOREST RANGERS' COURSE

At Agricultural College, Poona

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

"Candidates for training as Rangers at the College of Agriculture, Poona, have to undergo certain formalities before being admitted to the Course. They cannot be admitted as a matter of course as soon as they pass their Matriculation Examination as is generally supposed.

The Ranger class is open to candidates who are selected by the Chief Conservator of Forests as nominees of the Government of Bombay and those who are deputed by other Provincial Governments or Indian States. Government students who are to be trained in the above Class from 10th June 1938 were selected last year as they had to undergo practical training for six months in the forests prior to joining the class. It is improbable that any private students will be admitted to the class this year or in future unless they have had practical training and a guarantee of appointment under a Provincial Government or Indian State after completing their course.

Candidates from Indian States or other Provincial Government should apply through their Government to the Principal, College of Agriculture, Poona, for admission. The Government concerned should mention in their forwarding endorsement that the candidates after completing their course are guaranteed appointments. The condition of practical training before joining the class will not apply to subordinates already serving in the Forest Department of a Provincial Government or a State if they are able to follow the course without difficulty. The Principal, College of Agriculture, Poona, may in special circumstances waive the requirement of previous practical training, but all candidates should have at least passed the Matriculation Examination of a recognised University.

Whenever candidates for training in the Ranger Class are required by the Bombay Forest Department, a short advertisement inviting applications is published in the newspapers and detailed regulations in the Bombay Government Gazette in about July-August. The main requirements are:—

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS:—Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University or other equivalent qualification.

AGE:—Not more than 23 years on the date of admission to the Forest College.

The Chief Conservator selects in October the required number of candidates as Government nominees. They have to undergo practical training for six months in the forests of this Province from 1st December at their own expense. Candidates who during practical training give proof of their fitness for forest work and show prospects of becoming useful forest officers will be sent for further training in the Rangers' Course at the College of Agriculture, Poona, for a period of two years, where they have to meet their own expenses in addition to payment of annual fees at Rs. 250 per student.

SCOUTERS' CLASS AT NAGPUR

(From A Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

The formal opening ceremony of the scouters' class being conducted by Mr. Amarnath Misra, Provincial Organising Commissioner, C. P. and Berar was performed by Rao Saheb D. K. Mohani, Inspector of Schools on the 10th instant, in the premises of the Government High School, Nagpur.

Mr. Misra reported that 70 teachers from the Municipal Board have been permitted by Mr. Patwardhan, Member of the Education to join the class and besides these, teachers from Patwardhan High School, New English High School, Model High School, Neil City High School, C. P. and Berar Educational Society High School, Hindi Bhasha Bhashi High School and Bharat Vyayam Shala are also under training.

Addressing the candidates, after the scout flag song Rao Saheb Mohani dwelt with a portion of the Seva Samiti Boy Scouts' Associations' history which, he said, dated as far back as 1914 and which had in its fold more than a lakh scouts in the country. Emphasising the main features of the association, the speaker expressed his delight in stating that the movement was national and non-communal and that its greatest quality, which attracted Indian people to its side, was its Indianisation of the scout scheme and that the movement now had a very bright future in the country.

ARTS' PEACE CAMPAIGN

LONDON, (By Mail).

Well known British artists, writers, actors, musicians, sculptors, and film producers have joined the fight for peace, under the direction of the International Peace Campaign. In a Declaration issued for the group there is contained a strong appeal against war because war threatens culture.

"Whilst indiscriminate suffering is inflicted (in war) on innocent people," the Declaration reads, "the moral values and artistic achievements, which are the flower of civilization, are being debased or destroyed." "Hence," they continue, "we urge those, whose work in the domain of culture gives them a special responsibility, to use every effort to mobilize the desire for peace in open and active organization against all the forces that foment war."—N. N. S.

FORTHCOMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Appeal To Suburbanites

The President of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee writes:—

"The Congress has decided to contest the elections of the Bandra, Vile-Parle and Juhu Municipalities, preparations for which are already afoot. Perfecting the electoral roll is the immediate task before us.

A few of the aspiring candidates have begun to canvass votes. This is to strike a note of warning: "Beware of them, who oppose our National Organisation, the Congress."

Residents of Bandra, Khar, Danda, Santa-Cruz, Tara, Juhu, Vasantpuram, Vile-Parle, Andheri and Jogeshwari should be on their guard and return the Congress candidates with flying colours."

SATTORIAS ARRESTED

Judgment In Ank Farak Cases

(From Our Correspondent).

NADIAD: (By Mail).

It is understood that following the sensational raid carried out by the Nadiad Police Sub-Inspector on gambling dens in Nadiad, Natha Deva, Budha Bhula, Vaja Pragji and others, some alleged sattorias were arrested.

They have been released on bail pending their trial before the Magistrate of Nadiad.

ANK-FARAK CASE.

Mr. Ratilal, the Third Class Magistrate of Nadiad, delivered judgment in Ank-Farak case and sentenced Javanji Takhaji and Nijam Ahmed for a fine of Rs. 15 each and two weeks' rigorous imprisonment to Jujalal Jibhai.

POSTMAN SENTENCED.

Mr. C. U. Patel, the First Class Magistrate, has sentenced to eight months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 Manga Punja, a postman of the Nadiad Post Office, on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of postal account.

Mr. Chunilal, the Hon. First Class Magistrate, delivered judgment in Ank-Farak case and sentenced Hasan Rasul and his servant Nanalal Bhogilal to a fine of Rs. 175 and Rs. 25 respectively.

RATE OF INTEREST ON TAGAI ADVANCES

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

A resolution of the Bombay Government states that the reduced rate of interest at 5½ per cent. on Tagai advances sanctioned with effect from 1st February 1938, should apply to all loans granted under both the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, and the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, outstanding on that date, except loans for which lower rates than 5½ per cent. have been sanctioned. This concession is subject to the following conditions, namely:—

(1) the instalments due together with interest are paid regularly on the due dates;

(2) in the case of wilful default in repayment of the instalment and interest, the rate charged in the bond plus two per cent. should be levied.

New Motor Launch For Bombay Port Trust

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on 19th July 1938, the Board accepted the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation's quotation for the supply of teak crossing-timbers required for renewals on the Bombay Port Trust Railway during 1938-39.

The following expenditure estimates were sanctioned:—

(1) Rs. 5,523 for fixing steel coverings, with mosquito-proof inspection chambers, to three water storage tanks in the Docks to comply with and complete the requirements of the Malaria Advisory Committee in giving effect to Major Covell's recommendations of 1929:

(2) Rs. 7,500 for installing cut-outs with protected terminals on all aerial lighting poles on Port Trust Estates as a safety measure, on the recommendation of the Electrical Inspector to Government.

The Board agreed to meet one-fourth of the capital cost of a new motor launch which the Commissioner of Police proposes to purchase in place of two old launches for Port Police duties, in accordance with the sanctioned basis for the division of the cost of the Port Police.

INDIAN MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Representatives of various Chemical manufacturing concerns was held on Saturday afternoon at the premises of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta. Acharya Sir P C. Ray, presided. The meeting unanimously resolved to establish an Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association in order to protect and promote the interests of Chemical, Pharmaceutical and allied industries. Acharya Ray, stated that the recent growth of the Chemical industry had raised a number of questions which required concerted action on behalf of all engaged in it. He hoped that that the Association would be able to render useful service to the Chemical and Pharmaceutical Industry. The following officer-bearers were elected:—

President:—Acharya Sir P. C. Ray, Vice Presidents:—Raj Mitra Mr. B. D. Amin (Alembic Chemical), and Mr. J. N. Lahiri (Bengal Chemical): Members of the Committee:—Messrs. H. Ghosh, R. L. Nopany, B. K. Birla, Mohd. Haniff, J. S. Amin, and M. Mirza.

Indian Iron And Steel Company's Men Resume Work

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The "Associated Press" understands that, following conferences for the last two days between the President of the Labour Federation (Mr. Maneck Homi) and the representatives of the Managing Agents of the Indian Iron and Steel Company in the presence of the Hon. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Labour Minister, Bengal, it has been agreed that the strikes at Hirapur and Kulti will be called off and work will be resumed at both the places simultaneously, pending adjudication of the points of dispute by a Board of Conciliation, to be appointed by the Government of Bengal.—A. P.

ROAD PATROL FIRED ON

Gangs Reported From N. Waziristan

SIMLA, July 19.

Yesterday a road patrol of South Waziristan Scouts was heavily fired on near Ladha by tribesmen, who it is believed belong to Muliah Sher Ali's gang, says a press communique. The Scouts and the Khassadars assisted by local villagers engaged the gang and later withdrew to Ladha.

Two Scouts were killed and one Indian Officer and two Scouts were wounded. Gangs are reported from North Waziristan. Piquets at Mir Ali and at Lowargi Iblanke, Scouts posts were sniped last night.—A.P.

ATTEMPT TO DERAIL RY. TRAIN

Foiled By Precautions

BANNU, July 19.

An attempt was made to derail a passenger train from Bannu to Kalabagh by placing a bomb on the railway line beyond Gambila Bridge. The disaster was, however, luckily averted, as ever since the first bomb explosion on the railway track in April last precautions are adopted and two trucks are always attached in front of engines of passenger trains.

The bomb burst under the first truck and breached the railway line. The train, which was moving very slowly, having just passed over the Gambila Bridge (on which trains are allowed to run at a speed of five miles an hour) was immediately stopped and no damage was done to the engine or other bogies.

Police are searching for the miscreants.—A. P.

Shri Bombay Patidar Samaj

At the Annual General Meeting of Shri Bombay Patidar Samaj, the following office-bearers and members of the Managing Committee were elected. The Annual Report and audited Statement of accounts were approved and adopted. Prizes were distributed to the successful students for securing higher number of marks in the Matriculation Examination and a condolence resolution on the death of Shri Haribhai J. Amin was passed.

President:—Mr. Shankarbhai J. Amin.

Vice-Presidents:—Mr. Bhailalbhai G. Amin and Mr. Jamnadas Balubhai Jariwalla.

General Secretary:—Mr. Ishwarbhai S. Patel.

Assistant Secretary:—Mr. Ambalal C. Patel.

Treasurer:—Mr. Maganbhai V. Patel.

Auditors:—Messrs. Haridas and Co.

Members of the Managing Committee:—Messrs. Purshottamtamdas L. Patel, Laloobhai T. Jariwalla, Sanabhai K. Patel, Ambalal R. Patel, Gordhandas P. Patel, Chhotalal K. Patel, Ambalal S. Patel, Mangaldas G. Patel, Vithalbhai G. Patel, Jamnadas M. Patel, Mangaldas L. Patel, Chunibhai B. Patel, Dhulabhai B. Patel, Bhailalbhai H. Patel, Govindbhai J. Patel..

China Day At Ahmednagar

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDNAGAR: (By Mail).

Sunday last the local District Congress Committee in conjunction with City Congress organisations celebrated the "China Day" and after a meeting they took out a huge procession passing through the main streets of the town.

Mr. P. H. Patwardhan, Mr. Bhapker, President, Distt. Congress Committee and Mrs. Janki Bai Apte and several others were present .A sum of Rs. 40 was, it is learnt, collected for the China Fund.

New Howrah Bridge

CALCUTTA, July 18.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the foundations for the New Howrah Bridge will be completed within the next three or four months. The work was started at the end of November, 1936, and is scheduled to be completed under the contract within four years of the commencement of work. According to information available from authentic quarters, it is learnt that the work is progressing according to the schedule. At the present rate of progress the new bridge will be completed by the end of 1940, and the estimated cost, excluding approaches, is approximately £1,600,000.—United Press.

Bangalore Muslims Enter Rovers Cup

STRONG CIVILIAN AND MILITARY TEAMS TO COMPETE

It is reliably understood that the holders of the Rovers Football Cup, the Bangalore Muslims, are making the journey to Bombay to defend their title.

The following is the complete list of the outstation civilian and military teams, who have already sent in their entries:—

Upcountry Civilian Teams

Sandemanians Club, Quetta.
Peshawar Cantt: Gymkhana F. C., Peshawar.
Companion Football Club, Delhi.
Young Men's Sports Club, Delhi.
Lucknow Sports Association, Lucknow.
Aryan Club, Calcutta.
Shining Football Club, Kohat.
Muslim Football Club, Quetta.
Afghan Football Club, Peshawar.
Hyderabad Football Club, Hyderabad (Dn.)
Happy Union Football Club, Bangalore.
Collegians Football Club, Simla.
City Athletic Club, Calcutta.
Maharashtra XI, Poona.
Rajputana Sports Club, Ajmer.
All Blues Club, Jamshedpur.
Bangalore Muslims, Bangalore.

Upcountry Military Tennis

1st Bn. The Somerset Light Infantry, Poona.
1st Bn. The North Staffordshire Regiment, Poona.
3rd Field Regiment, R. A., Kirkee.
2nd Bn. The Suffolk Regiment, Mhow.
1st Bn. The Lincolnshire Regiment, Nasirabad, Rajputana.
2nd Bn. The South Staffordshire Regiment, Cawnpore.
6th Field Regiment, R. A., Mhow.

Amongst the local entries are:—
1st Bn. The Cheshire Regiment.
14th Heavy Battery, R. A.
Bombay Gymkhana.
Bombay City F. C.
Bombay United F. C.
Bombay Y. M. C. A.
Bombay North
B. B. & C. I. Rly., F. C.
Caltex Sports Club.
Indian Football League.
Young Goans S. C.

Negotiations are proceeding with the following Upcountry Teams:—
Mohamedan Sporting Club, Calcutta.
E. B. Rly. Sports Club, Calcutta.
Mohan Bagan Club, Calcutta.
East Bengal Club, Calcutta.
Calcutta Police Athletic Club, Calcutta.
Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, Secunderabad, (Dn.)

Pathans' Free Fight

The residents of Dharavi had the unusual spectacle of witnessing a free fight between two hefty Pathan money-lenders early yesterday.

It is stated that Syad Nazir Syad Moosa was cycling along Dharavi Road yesterday morning when an assailant began battering him with a bamboo.

Mohammad Razak Mohd. Satar arrested by the Mahim Police in this connection, is stated to have aided the assailant who is at large.

The crowd stopped the fight and the injured man was taken to the K.E.M. Hospital where he was treated for suspected fracture of the thumb and X-ray photo was taken.

Pending the X-ray report and the arrest of the absconder the accused was remanded to-day, at the Dadar Police Court till August 2.

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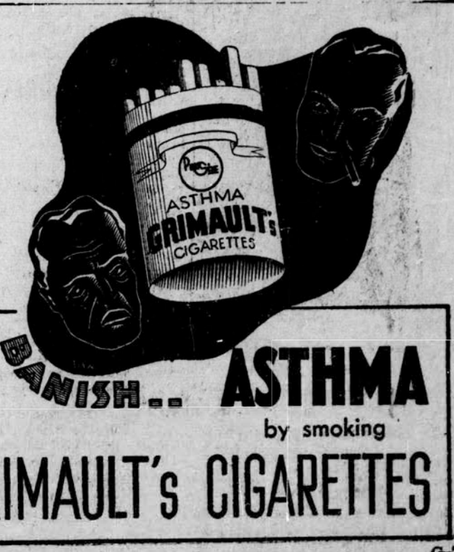

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G-75.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 8, 1994
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Avval 21, 1357
Parsi: Behman 18, 1307
Hightide: 4-40; 16-25
Lowtide: 9-59; 23-11
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 18m.

POSTAL NOTICE

As the Fast Gulf Mail Steamer s.s. 'Vasna' is now due to sail on 21-7-38 after the arrival of English Mails Steamer s.s. 'Corfu' which is expected to arrive in Bombay on 21-7-38 at 2 p.m. the following will be the latest hour of posting of correspondence and parcels at the Bombay G.P.O. for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregd. correspondence upto 3 p.m. on 21-7-38.

Registered correspondence upto 2-30 p.m. on 21-7-38

Parcels correspondence upto 12 noon on 21-7-38

The latest hour of posting in the Town Sub Offices will be notified by those offices, and it will be so regulated as to ensure the receipt of the postings in the Bombay G.P.O. in time to be included in the last despatch from that office.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N.Y.K. Steamer "China Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 17th July, and is due to arrive here on Thursday the 21st July at Noon.

The Clan line steamer "Morrison" arrived at Suez on the evening of Saturday July 16th steamer "Macgillivray" left Suez on the evening of Saturday July 16th.

"PROGRESS OF CONGRESS" AT MANDVI

Under the auspices of the Mandvi Congress Committee Sjt. V. B. Karnik will deliver a lecture on "Progress of Congress" to-day (Wednesday), at 9 p.m. at their office premises. All are cordially invited to attend.

PATHE

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TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

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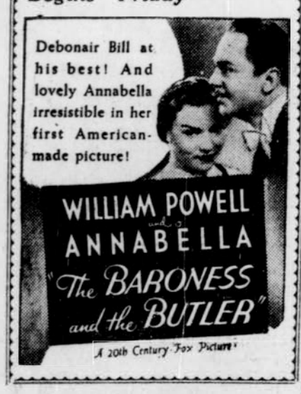
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AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

JACK HULBERT
in the COMEDY-Thriller
"KATE PLUS TEN"
By EDGAR WALLACE

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Victoria The Great." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Life of Jimmy Dolan". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gopal Krishna". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Kate Plus Ten". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIA.—"Baghban". Daily at usual time.
KRISHNA—"Jailor." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Abhagin". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Lakshmiche Khel." Daily at usual time.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Adventures of Marco Polo". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Path of Glory" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"The Buccaneer." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Kunku." Time as usual.
REGAL—"Vivacious Lady". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"We Three." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Snow White". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

VILE PARLE CONGRESS MEETING

An urgent joint meeting of the Managing Committee of the Vile Parle Taluka Congress Committee and the Municipal Sub-Committee of the Lokamanya Seva Sangh will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Tilak Mandir Vile Parle to consider the Municipal Wards and seats.

UNION HIGH SCHOOL OLD BOYS

The 5th Annual General Meeting of the Past Students' Association of Union High School for the year 1937-38 was held on Sunday the 17th instant in the school premises under the Chairmanship of Mr. K. V. Pathare when the Annual Report and the audited accounts for the year were adopted. The yearly Election of the Managing Body for the year 1938-39 was also held.

LECTURES FOR INTERMEDIATE STUDENTS

As per the intimation of the Registrar, Bombay University, given some time back, students desiring to be admitted to the lectures on 'Local Self-Government' to be delivered by Mr. Chunilal D. Barfivala at the Local Self-Government Institute, should apply to the Hon. Secretary of the Institute at 11, Elphinstone Circle, (opposite Town Hall), Fort, Bombay, before 31st inst. Five lectures will be delivered on Saturday, the first lecture to commence on Saturday (6th of August) at 5 p.m.

'C' WARD PRIMARY MUSLIM LEAGUE

A public meeting of the Musalmans of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the 'C' Ward Primary Muslim League No. 1 to-day (Wednesday) in the hall of Ghanchi Jamatkhana, Ghoghari Moholla to protest against the decision of the Ahmadabad Municipality regarding Peer Kamal's Kabrastan. Mr. M. Husain, B.A., LL.B. Advocate will preside.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Social Workers' Society Lt. Col. Jelal M. Shah will give a public lecture on Social and Public Health aspects of the Venereal problem" to-day (Wednesday, at 6-30 p.m. at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Bellasis Road. Dr. Menshardt will preside.

SILK MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION

The special Managing Committee of the above Association held on 19-7-38 (Tuesday), passed a condolence resolution expressing sorrow at the sad and untimely demise of Seth Mohanlal of Messrs. Chhaganlal Ranchhoddas, a member firm of the Association.

MEAKIN FOOTBALL CUP—1938.

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay District Sports Committee, writes under Tuesday's date:—

"The 5th Field Battery, R.A. Nasirabad, have withdrawn from the Meakin Cup. 3rd Field Regt. R. A., therefore get a 'walk-over' into the Semi-Final round.

There will be no match to-day (Wednesday), unless a replay is necessary for the match—Cheshires vs Somerset Light Infantry, being played to-day (Tuesday).

Match 'D' will take place on Thursday (21st inst) at 17-45 hours. Dates of Semi-finals will be notified later.

WHEN PART CLAIM IS ADMITTED

High Court Grants Decree, Pending Settlement Of Remaining Part

The notice of motion taken out by Khumaji Gajaji and Company in connection with their suit against Venkatlal J. Pitti came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court.

In the suit, the plaintiffs claimed Rs. 37,025 from the defendants, on a promissory note and an agreement.

In contesting the claim, the defendants, it appeared, stated that only Rs. 10,625 was due by them to the plaintiffs.

On the basis of this admission of a part claim, the plaintiffs took out this notice of motion to get a decree for the amount immediately.

The defendants opposed this application, stating that they would only agree to this, provided it was in full settlement of the whole claim in the suit.

In his judgment, His Lordship observed that the application having been made under Civil Procedure Code, Order 12, Rule 6, the Court had to see whether the claim admitted by the defendant had been clearly specified and whether the Court had discretion, under the circumstances of the case, to grant forthwith a decree for a part of the claim which was admitted.

His Lordship rejected the defendant's contention that a decree for the admitted part of the claim could be passed only if it was in full satisfaction of the whole claim.

His Lordship said that the plaintiff was justified in claiming the admitted amount, reserving the remaining part of the claim to be decided later on

His Lordship passed a decree accordingly.

REPLY TO WILLINGDON

Meeting To Support Subhas Bose

To support the stand taken by the Congress President, Babu Subhas Chandra Bose, and to ask the Working Committee to give a plain answer to Willingdon's challenge, a public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party at Blavatsky Lodge to-morrow (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. Among the speakers will be syts. Shantilal Shah, M.L.C., M. R. Masani, Umashanker Dixit, Kamlashanker Pandya and Ashoka Mehta.

HYDERABAD BAN ON DR. PATTABHI

Friday's Meeting Of Protest At Hira Baugh

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the All India States' People's Conference on Friday (22nd inst), in Hira Baugh (C.P. Tank) at 8-30 p.m. The meeting will send greetings to the people of Mansa, Vala, Ramdurg, Miraj and Jamkhandi on their successful Satyagraha.

It will further consider the recent ban by the Hyderabad State, against the entry of the President of the All India States' People's Conference into the State. The Satyagraha campaign in Nilgiri (Orissa) the repression in Alwar, Dholpur, Jodhpur, Mewar and Travancore and the firing in Sohawal will also be discussed.

Among the speakers will be Sjts. Raghavendra Rao Sharma, S. L. Silam, Maniklal Varma, S. K. Patil, Niranjan Sharma Ajit and others. Sjt. Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Pitty will preside.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. Venkataraman will meet his students in Economics in Ruia College to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. Rev. Fr. Duhr and Prof. Parakh will meet their students in Italian and Basic French, respectively, in St. Xavier's College, and the South Wing University Bldg., to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. and 6 p.m. Miss Rustomji will meet her students in English Literature to-day (Wednesday) in the Association's Office at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY BOY SCOUTS ORGANISATION

Disaffiliation From All India Body

NEW RULES AND REGULATIONS FRAMED

BOMBAY, July 18.

The annual general meeting of the provincial Scout Council, Bombay Presidency held here yesterday decided to disaffiliate itself from the Boy Scouts Association in India at Delhi and to function as an independent and autonomous body in this Presidency with effect from the 27th July under the name of the Hindustan Scout Association, Presidency.

The meeting tentatively adopted the draft constitution of the Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Presidency already circulated to the members as the constitution governing this Association from the 27th July and a sub-committee consisting of the Provincial Commissioner, the Provincial Secretary, Dr. M. N. Natu and Dr. B. H. Mehta was appointed to go into the details of the constitution.

The meeting decided to transfer funds and properties of the Association to Sir Chunilal Mehta before such disaffiliation was given effect to.

The following resolutions were passed at the annual general meeting of the Provincial Scout Council, Bombay Presidency on Sunday, the 17th July, 1938.

This Council has carefully considered all the events that have taken place during the course of the last one year or more and the various steps taken by the Council in pursuance of the resolutions passed in its previous meetings both of the Executive Committee and the Council and also the correspondence that has passed between the Council and the General Headquarters and also between the Council and the Government of Bombay. It has also carefully considered the efforts at unification made by the various Scout Associations and the decision of the General Headquarters not agreeing to the proposals made by this Council in its resolution of the meeting held on the 20th February; and it now resolves as follows:—

1. Resolved that this Association adopts the following version of the scout promise:—

I promise on my honour that I will do my best.

(1) To do my duty to God. State and the Country,

(2) To help other people at all times, and

(3) To obey the Scout Law.

In Indian States, whose Associations are affiliated with us, the word "Maharaja" or other titular head of the State, may be added to the promise as the State Association may decide.

2. Resolved that the Boy Scout Association, Bombay Presidency reluctantly disaffiliates from the Boy Scouts Association in India at Delhi, and functions as an independent and autonomous body in this Presidency, with effect from the 27th of July 1938. Thereafter this association will assume the name of the "Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Presidency."

3. Resolved that the draft constitution of the Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Presidency, circulated to the members on the 13th inst., be tentatively adopted as the constitution governing this association from the 27th July, and until such time as the council is reconstituted according to this constitution, the present Provincial Scout Council and the Provincial and District Organisation, the Members, Office-Bearers and Scouts as accept the above constitution—and have not declared their unwillingness to accept the same—will continue to function as at present until the new elections take place; and a sub-committee consisting of the following:—

The Provincial Commissioner, the Provincial Secretary, Dr. M. N. Natu, M. B. B. S., Dr. B. H. Mehta, Ph.D. is appointed to go into the details of the constitution and frame the P. O. R. for the Presidency, the Executive Committee being authorised to adopt them subject to the sanction of the Council at its next meeting.

4. Resolved that this association shall as soon as possible get itself registered under the Registration of Societies Act of 1860.

5. There being a difference of opinion on the question of the disposal of the funds and properties of this Association, this council resolves that the question of the disposal the said funds and properties shall be left to the decision of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K. C. S. I., M.A., LL.B., whose decision shall be final.

6. In view of the resolution (5) above, this council resolves that, before such disaffiliation is given effect to, the said funds and properties of this association shall be transferred to Sir Chunilal Mehta absolutely.

7. With a view to give the necessary all India outlook to this Association, this council voluntarily decides to affiliate itself to the Scout Association of India (or the Hindustan Scout Association) when it comes into existence subject to the provision that the autonomy of this association is not imperilled; and the council empowers the Provincial Commissioner to nominate the necessary number of representatives when called for.—A. P.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Before July 1, 1938, all Administrative Officers of the Local Authority Municipalities were directly under those Local Authorities, but from the said date the Director of Public Instructions writes to inform of the amendment in the Bombay Primary Education Act, which states that all School Board Administrative Officers employed by Local Authorities to which the power of appointing Administrative Officers has not been delegated, who may be in service on the day on which the new Act comes into force shall, from such date, be deemed to be appointed as Administrative Officers, on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Provincial Government in other words they will be Government servants in officiating capacity.

In accordance with the above, states the notice, although the Administrative Officers will become Government servants they will continue to be chief executive officers of the School Boards concerned and as a provisional measure will continue to draw their own pay subject to such revision or reduction as may be sanctioned by Government.

REDUCTION OF CLERICAL STAFF.

The same rules apply in the case of Inspectors and Supervisor and the Local Authorities are permitted not to incur any extra expenditure on the above staff.

This it is expected will show a great reduction of work in the School Board Offices and it is suggested to reduce the clerical staff of each School Board. Finally the notice deals with the Provision of inferior servants for Supervisors who may be deemed to Government servants. It is suggested those at present employed in the Local Authorities be taken up provided they are suitable.

Government have decided to reorganise the whole of the present system adopted in the schools throughout the suburban area and instructions for the reduction in the Datum Line or ordinary grants as a result of the above arrangements etc. are to be issued in due course separately.

SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING.

The adjourned Special General Meeting of the Bandra Municipal Board in honour of the late Dr. D. A. D'Monte, of July 11, will be held in the Municipal Hall this evening at 7 p.m.

The agenda is a long and interesting one, among the many items to be discussed the important ones that are expected to arouse great discussion are:—

A letter from the Collector, Bombay Suburban District, requesting the Municipality to submit its proposals for amending the corresponding election rules on the lines of the amendment sanctioned in the Government Resolution.

A letter from the Director of Public Information, stating that Government have under their consideration the question of making a small cut in the current year in the grants to Local Authority Municipalities in view of the fact that they generally have not availed themselves fully of the means of taxation open to them. This I understand will see a strong protest since I am told the Bandra Municipality have already availed of all means of taxation and the rate payers in Bandra have already been overtaxed.

Maintenance Suit Against Rich Man's Widow

ALLEGED CONCUBINE'S CLAIM DISPUTED IN HIGH COURT

Claiming to be the concubine of one Purshottam Pranjee Sonawalla who died in 1930, a woman named Kesarbai Koregaokar, has filed a suit in the High Court asking for a maintenance of Rs. 500 per month out of his estates which, according to her estimation is worth Rs. 15 lakhs.

The suit came on for hearing before the Officiating Chief Justice, Sir Patrick Blackwell.

The claim is contested by Kamalabai widow of the deceased, who is the defendant in the case.

PLAINTIFF'S CASE

According to the plaintiff, she was in the exclusive keeping of the deceased as his concubine cotninuously for 25 years prior to his death. He openly and avowedly treated her as he would treat a wife, i.e., as his "Avaruddha stree", and she had three daughters by him.

It was further stated by the plaintiff that she had remained faithful to the deceased during the whole period She was given a monthly allowance of Rs. 500 by the deceased who had expressed a desire to make suitable provision for her future but he died before he could do so.

THE DEFENCE

The suit was contested by the defendant, who stated that her husband under his will had bequeathed to her his whole estate as his only heir, and she had obtained Letters of Administration.

She stated that she had no knowledge that the plaintiff was her husband's concubine. Even if she was, he had discarded her in March 1936 He had been operated upon for paralysis and had been physically unfit since 1927.

The defendant denied that the plaintiff was entitled to any maintenance. She further stated that the property left by her husband was worth only Rs. 3 lakhs, and not worth Rs. 15 lakhs as alleged by the plaintiff

The case is proceeding.

Mr. P. B. Vachha with Mr. Y. B. Rege, instructed by Messrs. Dharamsey Dinkarrao and Nandlal appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. J. D. Davar, with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Mathubhai Jamietram and Co., represented the defendants.

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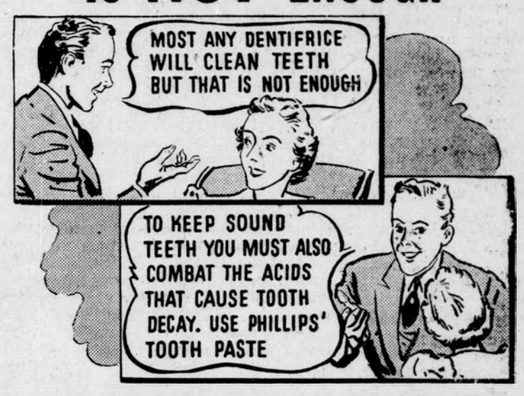
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1938

FLOGGING. MUST GO!

The committee consisting of one retired high court judge and two officials which was appointed by the Government of Bombay to report on the flogging of a political prisoner by the Bijapur jail authorities has absolved and exonerated the latter from all blame. This means to say that the jail officials did not violate the letter, and presumably neither the spirit of the present jail manual and that whatever procedure they followed in inflicting the penalty of whipping on Mr. Chavan was in strict conformity with the prevailing rules and regulations. We have not before us the full report of the Madgaonkar Committee as these lines are being written, but we have no hesitation in accepting the verdict of acquittal passed by the Committee on the officials concerned. We, however, do so in a necessarily technical sense, for the issue we had raised while writing upon the incident, immediately after it had occurred, viz. "whether, even if the flogging of Chavan was permissible, as distinct from obligatory, it was wise" is still open to difference of opinion. It is fruitless, however, to pursue this aspect of the issue any longer, and for all practical purposes the Committee's opinion may be taken to constitute the last word on the particular incident, which howsoever justifiable remains deplorable still.

The Recommendations

Of more public importance are the various recommendations made by the Committee. The Committee favour the retention of the flogging punishment in jails, though it recommends its restriction only to cases where mutiny or assault on jail officials is proved. Furthermore, the suggestion is made that whenever the Superintendent of a prison considers it necessary to award this drastic punishment, he should refer the question to a committee consisting of the district magistrate, the district judge and a non-official visitor, who on their part will submit their recommendations to the Government. While the sanction of Government will be normally necessary, in exceptionally urgent cases, the Committee may authorise flogging in its own discretion. The Committee expressly note that those provisions should not be applicable in the case of politicals, who should be given preferential treatment and accommodated in a separate jail. The whole question of the treatment of political prisoners is, however, of a vastly wider magnitude and we think it was beyond the purview of the present Committee, except in so far as it touched the award of the flogging punishment. We, therefore, do not want to mix up the issues, though we appreciate the particular recommendations made in the case of politicals..

Relic Of Barbarism

It may be readily granted that the above proposals will go a long way in improving the present position. They will undoubtedly put a salutary restriction on the discretion—which is often allowed to run away with their well-known enthusiasm for order and discipline of the jail officials. We are afraid, however, that those recommendations will fail to satisfy modern public opinion. For flogging is a relic of barbarism which should be no longer allowed to disfigure either the statute book or the jail manual. We are not surprised at a committee of officials brought-up in bureaucratic traditions fighting shy of making a clean sweep of an admitted outrage on human dignity. They seem to have taken their cue from the "Communique" issued by the Home Member prior to the appointment of the present committee which observed *inter alia* that "the Government are anxious that the punishment of whipping in jail should not be resorted to except under exceptional circumstances and under special orders from the Government." This is exactly what the Committee have recommended!

It will be remembered that this question was exhaustively discussed in Britain only a few months ago and if we are not mistaken it has been decided there to abolish this sort of punishment altogether. The consensus of opinion in Britain was emphatically and unequivocally against the continuation of this system of corporeal chastisement. Bernard Shaw, indeed, condemned the "cat" as more uncivilised than even the capital punishment. If resort to flogging of prisoners is an anomaly elsewhere, it is a positive anachronism under a Congress Government with its creed of non-violence. The various provincial governments are tackling the question of jail reform; they can make no better beginning than by abolishing whipping altogether, as it grossly militates against modern notions of justice. Enlightened Indian opinion will no longer tolerate such mediaeval practices in any circumstances whatsoever.

A Welcome Challenge

Asked in the House of Commons as to the possibility of introducing certain amendments to the Federal portion of the Government of India Act, Lt.-Colonel Muirhead replied, "The conditions referred to are the result of deliberate decisions of Parliament and the Government have no intention of asking Parliament to re-consider them." This is both a categorical statement and an imperious challenge. And we welcome it with pleasure and with a sense of profound relief. Of late an unseemly controversy had sprung up among Congressmen on the subject while the other party to the question was more or less enjoying it with silent amusement. It was an ugly spectacle of unilateral wrangling over nothing and, what is very much worse, it practically amounted to playing into the hands of British Imperialism which, naturally, likes nothing better than confusion of thought and action among Indians and diversion of energy from the one channel along which it should be directed—organisation and development of the nation's own strength. It is the nation's own strength which can help it win its objective. Given that strength, "Parliament" will not only eat its words but will cheerfully surrender to India. Profitless and degrading speculations and hints will not help. They only hinder. We are glad Colonel Muirhead has made his categorical statement on the eve of the meeting of the Congress Working Committee. We hope the Committee will unreservedly accept that statement as quite final and proceed along the great task of preparing the people. And the first thing that is necessary in this connection is to try and achieve some sort of settlement of the Hindu-Muslim problem.

A Scout Landmark

The final curtain has been rung down as far as this Presidency is concerned on the controversy that has been raging in the Indian Scout movement for the last two years. The Provincial Scout Council has decided, with a solitary dissentient vote, in its annual general meeting, which was held during the week-end in Poona, to disaffiliate itself from the B.P. movement and to form a new independent and autonomous body with the name of the Hindustan Scout Association, Bombay Presidency. It will be open to this body to affiliate itself to a central association whenever it may be constituted. Meanwhile, it has been decided to make a very radical change in the Scout promise by substituting the word "State" for "King." The former word is more comprehensive and more in keeping with the spirit of the times. And, indeed, it may be observed that the change need not occasion any qualm even to the ultra-loyalist, for the State necessarily comprises its head, whether it may be a king or a president. Now that the Provincial Scout Association has severed its connections from the Imperialist organisation, a great responsibility rests upon the shoulders of those who guide it to see that the movement is carried on with the maximum of vigour and utility. They have vindicated India's honour by their present courageous step, upon which we heartily congratulate them. they have yet, however, to vindicate their own capacities. There is plenty of scope before them to that end, and we are confident they will acquit themselves ably.

PUBLIC SERVICES IN HYDERABAD

Dominance Of Urdu

(BY R. B. SHARMA.)
II.

Now as regards Educational policy and the effect of the policy on the communities will be the best index to the policy of the Government. Let the figures speak for themselves. Suffice it to say that when there was no Osmania University, the Hindus held the field in higher education but with the advent of the University and the overhauling of the educational system the tables were turned. A glance at the record of students in the Nizam College will show that the number of Muslims has always been small and it is merely throwing dust into the eyes of the unwary readers, when it is stated that there are more Hindu boys in the Osmania University than in the Nizam College, disregarding the respective strength of the institutions, and the percentage of population.

What Figures Tell.

Percentage of Literacy per 1000.

	Hindus.	Muslims.
1881	29.8	49.4
1891	33.7	61.6
1901	25.4	54.6
1911	23.	59.
1921	26.	89.
1931	33.3	103.5

Students receiving Collegiate education. —

	Hindus.	Muslims.
1894	23	11
1900	22	12
1905	24	8
1910	49	30
1918	98	207
1925	391	607
1930	483	669

N.B.—Osmania University was started 1918.

The figures speak for themselves.

All Due To Urdu.

Then statistics also show that, with the English Medium, Hindu students pass in larger number than Muslim students. Secondly with Urdu as the medium, Muslim students pass naturally in large number, whereas Hindu students do not pass in large number. Thirdly, the higher the Osmania examination, the lower the percentage and number of passes among the Hindus. Fourthly, the results of the M.A. examination reveal that during the 4 years, only one Hindu passed, as against 19 Muslims. These facts are quite sufficient to demolish the case made out by Mr. Ahsan that Hyderabad Urdu is Hindustani and it is the result of the co-operation of the Hindus and Muslims and therefore it is popular with the Hindus. The phenomenal progress made by the Muslim boys and girls, in School and College during the last 20 years i.e. after the establishment of the Osmania University is the direct result of the Medium of Instruction being Urdu.

It is worth nothing that, on the one hand it is declared from the house-tops that Primary Education, is imparted through the vernacular viz.—the mother-tongue of the boys. But in very few schools full primary course is completed through the vernacular and in a large number of schools Mahomedans are actually employed to teach through the local vernacular, with obvious results.

Medium Of Instruction.

Suffice to say that, owing to the efforts of the People's Educational Conf. in 1338 F, a rule of inspecting College text-books from Islamic point of view, was deleted from the Osmania University Calender. Urdu was represented as the Vernacular of the State but when this canard was exposed and it was shown that it was the Mother tongue of 15,00,000 Muslims, it was then represented that it was the official language, and that it was a language generally understood. But when this tissue of fabrication was exposed by figures of those knowing Urdu, it was attempted to support Urdu as the medium of instruction as the future Lingua franca of India. Owing to the efforts of Mr. Abdul Haiq, Hindustani with Urdu and Devnagari script was

(Continued on Page 12, Col. 5.)

BEE-KEEPING AS COTTAGE INDUSTRY

The How And The Why

By K. N. Gokarn

One may be surprised to hear that bees are ever kept. But they are kept. In America and Europe bees are kept by farmers, especially those owning gardens. This industry has been introduced in many parts of Southern India, especially Coorg. Coorg is famous for its pure honey and wax.

By keeping bees by the modern method pure honey, which is most useful for medicinal purposes, can be obtained. Pure honey does not ferment. It fetches a good price. Every one knows that bees collect honey by going from flower to flower. They are thus cross-pollinating agents. So gardeners who keep beehives in their gardens profit doubly—they get pure, costly honey and wax and more fruits. Thus, bee-keeping can be carried on as a profitable subsidiary industry to agriculture and especially horticulture. These are some of its many advantages.

Varieties Of Bees

In Nature, there are hundreds of varieties of bees; but the most important are only four. They are: (1) The Rock Bee, (2) The Indian Bee or the Apis Indica, (3) The Little Bee, (4) The Dammer Bee.

Of the above mentioned four varieties, the second, ie., the Apis Indica or the Indian Bee alone can be kept in a modern bee-hive. It always likes to have its colony of parallel combs in dark enclosures e.g. hollows of trees, crevices of walls or anthills.

Three Classes

In a colony there are three kinds of members, namely (1) the Workers, (2) the Drones and (3) the Queen.

The workers do all the work. They build combs, bring honey keep the hive clean and warm, and protect the Colony from enemies. They are the smallest of the three kinds.

The drones are idlers. They live on the honey brought by the workers. They are reared only during the season.

The queen is the royal member of the family of bees. The queen mates with the drone once in her life and then lays eggs as she pleases. She lives on royal jelly.

The Beehive

The modern beehive is a box with four parts namely (1) The Bottom or the Alighting Board, (2) The Brood Chamber containing seven big size parallel frames, (3) The Super Chamber with seven similar but small size parallel frames and (4) The Top.

The process of capturing bees—i.e. transferring bees in a wild colony in the forest to the modern beehive is as given below:—

Method Of Capture

Locate a wild bee-colony of the Indian bee in the forest. Take a pick axe and the other clearing implements (as the wild colony will almost always be under a thick shrub), a sharp knife, some strips of plantain fibre, a smoker, a China plate, a match box. With these instruments start work. Cut all such parts of the anthill, just exposing the combs. When the combs are visible use a little smoke or simply blow some wind. The bees will clear off from the combs and settle just above the combs. Cut the combs and tie them in the brood frames. The remaining may be tied to the super frames. When all the combs are tied, take the hive (except the alighting board) and hold it just above the bees in cluster. Bees will be seen alighting and settling on their combs, thinking that their brood etc. is there. If they do not alight themselves, push them up with a feather or a brush. After all have entered fix up the alighting-board and bring the hive to the place where it is to be kept and keep it on an ant-proof stand. The hive needs every protection from the enemies. So care need be taken.

The above is one of the ways of capturing bees. There are also other ways of capturing bees.

Extracting Honey

Process of extracting honey:—Honey collection will begin during the season. Honey will be stored by the bees in the super chamber (The Brood or the Lower Chamber contains eggs, larva, pupa, pollen, queen cells and some honey). When the super frames are full of ripe honey, the combs being sealed, the frame are to be taken out for extraction after brushing the bees in the hive. Uncap the seals with a sharp knife and keep the frames in a honey extractor—a centrifugal machine—and turn the handle. Only pure honey will come out of the opening by the centrifugal force and the combs will remain undamaged. Keep them in the super frame and honey will be collected once again. Thus the work of building combs every time is saved for the bees and they will collect more honey. It is said that the bees have to consume seven to eight pounds of honey to prepare one pound of wax combs. By this process so much more pure honey can be collected.

Bee Expert Of Bombay

Many details are left out on account of want of space. Steps are taken by the Department of Agriculture, Bombay—which is to be thanked—to introduce this profitable cottage industry in the Bombay Presidency and an officer has been appointed for it. So any one interested in this subject may kindly communicate with "Bee Expert, College of Agriculture, Poona," for further particulars.

References

Interested readers are also requested to read the following books:—1. Bee Keeping in South India (Bulletin No. 37 of 1935 by S. Ramachandran, L. Ag. the Department of Agriculture Madras).

2. Bee Keeping—Imperial Dept. of Agriculture, Pusa. Bulletin No. 46 by C. C. Ghosh.

3. A, B, C and X, Y, Z of Bee Culture by A. I. and E. R. Root.

The above books can be had of Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co. Bombay.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

IMPENDING TRAGEDY.

Peace truly hangs by the proverbial thread. The Soviet-Manchukuo trouble has brought Russia and Japan to the verge of the volcano. Tokio reports are already suggesting similarity between the alleged violation of the Manchukuo frontier and the Lucouchiao incident "which led to the Sino-Japanese war." Negotiations have broken down and the Japanese are threatening "determined action." All that is needed is just one move in the "determined action" and Russia and Japan will be at war with each other. Japan will, of course, be committing what is tantamount to harakiri. But the worst of the tragedy is that a Russo-Japanese war will not be confined to the two countries alone. It will involve Europe and the rest of the world. War is also indivisible when Great Powers are contending parties.

MUSSOLINI'S NEW MOVE.

Signor Mussolini has just embarked on a move which possesses a two-fold importance. He is having conversations with the Prime Minister of Hungary with a view to constituting a Central European Bloc, composed of Italy, Germany and Hungary. The astuteness of the Duce is admirable. Remembering what happened to Austria he is trying to save the second of the two satellites of Italy from his friend, the Fuhrer—for there has always been a danger of the Nazis of Hungary pushing the country along the way Austria has gone. And what can be a more effective way of safeguarding the separate and independent identity of Hungary than by getting Germany herself to guarantee it, which, of course, will be implicit in the constitution of the bloc?

ITS INTERNATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE.

The move is, perhaps, more important in its other aspect. The bloc, it is reported, will replace the Rome Protocols and the bloc disrupted by the disappearance of Austria as an independent State. This is obvious enough. But the fact that Germany is to be an equally intimate partner in the new one has an international significance. It is a formal alignment of Fascist Powers, an expression of the solidarity of International Fascism. In itself the move is sufficient to make the so-called democracies think hard. But it goes further. Yugo-Slavia, which has been forced steadily to orientate itself towards Italy, is now to be brought closer still with a view eventually to being absorbed in the Central European Fascist bloc. Rumania is also being worked upon for that object. Now there is a greater likelihood of these two Powers yielding to Italy than resisting her. In which case the Little Entente will finally disappear. Czecho-Slovakia will be even more effectively isolated—to say nothing of the repercussions of the new move on the Balkans.

ARABS' PLIGHT.

The grave situation in Palestine for which British Imperialism is alone wholly responsible, shows no sign of abating. Some time ago, we had occasion to remark upon the significance of the fact that the Arab revolt had broken out in spite of all repressive precautions and precautions having been duly and thoroughly taken. The revolt is due to the obvious fact that the Arabs are now desperate and realise that they are standing with their backs to the wall. There is another thing which is equally noteworthy. All the reports that have been vouchsafed to us from Palestine go to insinuate in their totality that it is the Arabs who are the villains of the piece. But is it true? Two significant items have lately been released by Reuter which suggest a somewhat different tale. First, a bomb was thrown in a congested Arab market, the results of which created a sensation. And secondly, Arab women have cabled to the Colonial Secretary protesting against terrorism by Jews We, in India, who are familiar with British Imperialist methods and with propaganda, can easily deduce that the Arab is not so much sinning as he is being sinned against.

Our School Boards

To The Editor of The Chronicle.

Sir,—The Premier, who is in charge of the Education portfolio, has earned both blessings and curses by getting through his Primary Education Amendment Bill in the Bombay Assembly. The teachers of primary schools working under the school-boards of the District Local boards, must have heaved a sigh of relief to hear that they were at last free from the unscrupulous control of the school boards; while the rage of the members of these school boards knows no bounds

As a additional proof of their mismanagement were required, these school boards in the Bijapur and Dharwar districts have run riot and effected transfers and appointments by scores and hundreds. The Dharwar board, in its hectic haste, has effected transfers and appointments which if scrutinised will set one to doubt even the sanity of the members. The Bijapur board also does not wish to be behind hand in this respect. Just on the eve of handing over its much-abused powers to the department, they made fitt. fresh appointments of teachers. They have gone a step further and have made not less than hundred and fifty transfers just during the current week that is, even after their powers were withdrawn.

The Hon. Mr. Kher was criticised for the undemocratic nature of the measures proposed by him. But, the credit of bringing democracy in danger goes directly to the members of such school boards who abuse the powers of these democratic institutions. A study of the real causes and reasons for these appointments and transfers will be both interesting and instructive. We request the Premier to investigate into these matters for the benefit of the public and the Government.—Yours, etc.,

AN OBSERVER.

WITHOUT COMMENT

TOKIO, July 18.

The Finance Ministry's proposal to ship abroad a part of the Bank of Japan's gold reserves of 800,000,000 yen in order to obtain foreign raw materials required for the manufacture of exportable goods will be considered by the Cabinet to-morrow.—Reuter.

* * *

"Lieut.-Col. Muirhead replied that the cost of British troops was only one item of Indian expenditure."

—Commons report.

Quite accurate.

What the only item amounts to is, of course, a different matter.

* * *

"The only genuine point against the use of the bomb on the Frontier is the international aspect."

—Anglo-India.

Apart from a genuine Et-tu-Brute complaint from what Dr. Dadachanji would say, the British Government of India, the Frontier tribesmen should express profound gratitude to Italy, Spain, Japan and particularly Germany, but for whom there would be no genuine point against Britain's use of the bomb on the Frontier.

* * *

Jawaharlal Goes To Oxford
—Headline.

Hullo! What will the old 'Varsity Cambridge think?

* * *

Mr. Fazlul Huq declared at Dacca that he had included Mr. Nausher Ali in the Cabinet on the understanding that he would help him.

And he broke the understanding by deciding to help the principles and professions of the party to which he and Mr. Fazlul Huq originally belonged.

Yes, this breach was quite unpardonable.

* * *

In the reported event of Mr. Nausher Ali's party bringing a no-confidence motion against him, the Premier threatened that he "could also expose Mr. Nausher Ali."

That almost sounds as if Mr. Fazlul Huq does admit that he can be exposed.

* * * * *

An Anglo-Indian paper publishes the programme that will be gone through on the occasion of Mr. J. H. Garrett assuming the office of Sind Governor

What a pity the people of Bardoli, etc., don't know English, otherwise they would have enjoyed reading it with delight and relief.

* * * *

Khan Abdur Rahman Khan, the leader of the recent agitation among the Bugtis, has surrendered to the authorities.

And now the authorities having duly discharged their duties can retire to their well-earned and usual rest, leaving the territory and its people to the Jamadar and his most satisfactory administration.

* * *

"Fascist Italy is proud to have given her contributions of blood and material to your victory over the destructive forces of Spain and Europe."

—Mussolini's message to Franco.

After this proud declaration of helpful intervention, what? ?

* * *

The answer, of course, is a similar message about helpful non-intervention from Mr. Neville Chamberlain on behalf of Realistic Great Britain.

But being a "realist" Mr. Chamberlain believes that verbal messages are not necessary to supplement realistic non-action.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Some great minds have some small thoughts.

Why isn't a homeless man homeless than other men?

The silent watches of the night are those we forget to wind.

The man who admits he is in the wrong is usually in the right

A great many of the thoughts a man has to-day appeared in yesterday's paper.

You can sometimes judge a man's ability by the number of relatives he has to support.

Another Br. Steamer Bombed & Set On Fire

Australians Win By 412 Runs

BRADMAN REACHES 2,000 OF SEASON

Hassett's Brilliant Century: Notts' Poor Score In Second Innings

Australians	*(1st Innings)*	243
Notts	*(1st Innings)*	147
Australians	*(2nd Innings) for 4 wkts. declared*	453
Notts	*(2nd Innings)*	137

THE AUSTRALIANS WON THEIR MATCH AT NOTTINGHAM BY 412 RUNS.

Bradman's 2,000 Of Season

BRADMAN, WHO CARRIED HIS BAT FOR 144, REACHED HIS 2,000 RUNS OF THE SEASON. THE AUSTRALIAN SKIPPER IS THE FIRST PLAYER TO ACHIEVE THIS DISTINCTION.

Hassett's Century

Hassett gave a fine display of driving and gliding to leg in his bright innings of 124.

The Tourists, on Tuesday morning, set up a fast rate of scoring—209 runs in 120 minutes is very rapid going, indeed.

Excellent Stand

The third wicket stand between Bradman and Hassett yielded 216 runs in 140 minutes

Nottinghamshire were all out for a small total of 137 in their second innings, the chief contribution being that of Hardstaff, who remained unbeaten till the end with 67 to his credit.

FLEETWOOD-SMITH WAS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL AUSTRALIAN BOWLER, HIS BAG BEING 5 WICKETS FOR 37 RUNS.

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON: July 19.

There was a meagre crowd and brilliant sunshine when the Australians resumed their innings against Notts to-day.

FAST SCORING

The batsmen took toll of Notts' limited bowling resources and scored 58 in 30 minutes on an easy paced wicket. Hassett reached his 100 in 110 minutes. 300 of the innings was reached in 225 minutes. Hassett snicked Heane when at 124 and was caught at the wicket by Wheat (341|3|124).

HASSETT'S BRILLIANT INNINGS.

Hassett played a brilliant and storming innings, driving and gliding to leg. He gave no chances and hit one six off Harris and 15 four's. The third wicket partnership yielded 216 runs in 140 minutes.

BRADMAN'S 100.

Bradman reached his 100 in 152 minutes. When at 120 he reached his 2,000 runs of the season, being the first player to do so. Bradman hit four 4's in one over off Gunn. Shortly afterwards he was caught by Jepson at deep mid-off, off Marshall for 144 (404|4|144).

Bradman batted for 179 minutes and gave an excellent display of driving, which was a feature of his innings. He hit one six and 17 four's.

Barnes and Chipperfield were batting with 34 and 27 respectively with the total at 453 for 4 wickets at lunch.

The Australians declared at this score.

Australian's second innings lasted for 315 minutes. They scored 209 runs in 120 minutes on Tuesday morning.

NOTT'S UPHILL TASK

Nottinghamshire was faced with the task of making 549 runs when they opened their second innings with Keeton and Harris. Hassett, who was put on to bowl for the first time during the present tour, dismissed Keeton with his first ball, when the latter was caught in the slips by Fleetwood-Smith for 1 (1|1|1).

Knowles, who joined Harris, was bowled in O'Reilly's first over for 8 with the score at 21 (21|2|8). Then Harris and Hardstaff raised the score to 45 before Harris was declared l.b.w. to Fleetwood-Smith for 21 (45|3|21).

Gunn filled the vacancy. Cutting attractively, Hardstaff reached his 50 in 75 minutes Then Gunn was deceived by a clever break from Ward and was stumped by Barnett (74|4).

2 more wickets fell before the 100 of the innings was hoisted. At 77 Heane gave a catch to Hassett at mid-on off Fleetwood-Smith and at 86 Yates skied Ward to extra cover where Hassett made no mistake (86|6).

Hardstaff and Marshall were batting when the 100 was signalled after the innings had lasted for 110 minutes. 4 runs later Marshall fell a victim to the wiles of Fleetwood-Smith. Barnett stumping him (104|7).

The remaining 3 wickets fell for the addition of 33 runs. Fleetwood-Smith captured the next 2 wickets, those of Voce and Wheat and O'Reilly accounted for Jepson's wicket.

HARDSTAFF (NOT OUT 67)

Hardstaff remained not out with 67. Hardstaff's innings lasted for 105 minutes and included 5 fours while the entire Nott's innings lasted for 150 minutes

The Australians won the match by 412 runs.

SCORES:—

AUSTRALIANS (1st Innings	**243**
NOTTS (1st Innings)	**147**

AUSTRALIANS (2nd Innings)

Brown, c Harris, b Heane ..	63
Badcock, c Jepson, b Voce	54
Bradman, c Jepson, b Marshall	144
Hassett, c Wheat, b Heane	124
Barnes (not out)	34
Chipperfield (not out) ..	27
Extras	7
Total (for 4 wckts.) declared	453

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Voce	21	2	80	1
Jepson	19	2	81	0
Harris	28	5	106	0
Heane	31	7	85	2
Gunn	9	0	44	0
Marshall	7	1	34	1
Hardstaff	3	0	16	0

NOTTS (2nd Innings)

Keeton, c Fleetwood-Smith, b Hassett	1
Harris l.b.w. Fleetwood-Smith	21
Knowles, b O'Reilly ...	8
Hardstaff (not out)	67
Gunn (stumped) Barnett, b Ward	15
Heane, c Hassett, b Fleetwood-Smith	1
Yates, c Hassett, b Ward ..	2
Marshall (stumped) Barnett, b Fleetwood-Smith ..	2
Voce, b Fleetwood-Smith ..	4
Wheat, b Fleetwood-Smith	0
Jepson, c Barnes, b O'Reilly	8
Extras	8
Total	137

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Waite	7	0	15	0
Hassett	7	4	4	1
O'Reilly	5.2	1	7	2
Fleetwood-Smith	20	4	39	5
Ward	15	0	64	2

Corrigan's 'Plane License Cancelled

WASHINGTON, July 19.

Air Commerce Bureau has cancelled the license of Corrigan's aeroplane. This move prevents Corrigan leaving Dublin by air in his own machine.—Reuter.

Eight Dockers Killed

Crew And Non-Intervention Officers Had Miraculous Escape

VALENCIA, July 19.

The British steamer "Stanland" was bombed by five 'planes and set on fire.

The crew together with two non-intervention officers had a miraculous escape.

Eight dockers were killed.

—Reuter.

KING LEAVES FOR PARIS

(Continued from Page 1)

outside the Palace to bid them farewell. The route to the station was decorated with flags on private houses.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM AMONG PARISIANS.

PARIS.—Thousands of Parisians refused to go to bed and began in the early hours to occupy vantage positions on the route the King and Queen will use in the afternoon. A crowd gathered in front of the Quai D'Orsay building where Their Majesties will stay, and admired the newly laid mosaic pavement.

Workmen renewed the bunting in Champs, Elysees, which had faded. The weather in the morning was cloudy. Sunshine is forecast before the evening. It is reported the English Channel is very smooth with a light fog. Their Majesties are due to arrive at Dover at 10-45 B. S. T. Boulogne 12-40, and Paris 16-50, where they will be received by the President. Prior to the drive to the Quai D'Orsay Palace at 20-00. gala dinner will be held at Elysee Palace.—Reuter.

DALADIER'S MESSAGE

PARIS: July 19.

Special editions of newspapers carried a message from M. Daladier which read:

"Their Majesties King George and Queen Elizabeth make the whole of France aware of the close amity, which unites us with all the people of the British Empire.

"Such friendship, forged by history and fed by experience and difficulties borne together, is precious in itself, but the circumstances render it more precious still, because it represents the highest and the most solid determination for peace existing in the world to-day."—Reuter.

BOULOGNE'S WELCOME TO KING & QUEEN

LONDON, July 19.

Their Majesties embarked on the admiralty Yacht "Enchantress" from Dover at 10-55 hours for Boulogne.

They were met by the Foreign Minister, M. Bonnet, the British Ambassador in France and the Mayor of Boulogne. The King inspected a company of infantry drawn up with fixed bayonets and steel helmets.—Reuter.

Rome Ignores It

ROME, July 19.

The Italian press so far ignores the Royal visit to Paris with the exception of the Vatican organ, "Observatore Romano."

The British Colony recall that last year's Coronation was boycotted similarly.—Reuter.

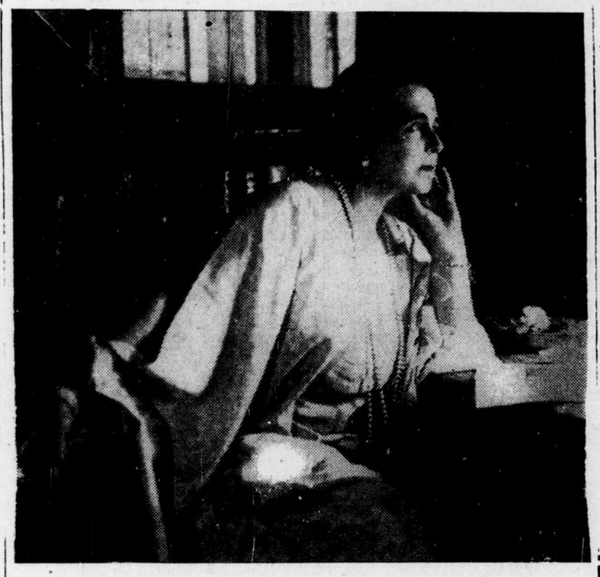
NEW B. B. C. CHIEF

LONDON, July 19.

Mr. Frederick Wolfe Ogilvie President and Vice-Chancellor of Belfast University, has accepted the offer of the post of the director-General of the B B C. in place of Sir John Reith, who is retiring in order to assume the Chairmanship of Imperial Airways.

The appointment commences on September 1.—Reuter

LONDON:—"Mercury" and "Maia," the two units of the short Mayo composite aircraft left Southampton separately for Foynes, Ireland preparatory to Mercury's first Atlantic crossing to-morrow.—Reuter.



Queen Marie of Rumania who died on Monday.

BOMBAY CABINET MEETING

Proud Record Of Year's Holding Of Office By Congress

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 19.

A meeting of the Bombay Cabinet was held to-day at Government House, Ganeshkhind H. E. the Governor presiding.

It is believed the meeting considered, among other things, the proposed Tenancy Bill and Debt Redemption Scheme as they have emerged out of the Congress Party.

Home Minister, Mr. Munshi, had come here in the morning specially for this meeting and left for Bombay later.

Excise Minister, Dr. Gilder, left this noon for Ahmedabad, where he inaugurates the Prohibition Campaign to-morrow.

PROUD RECORD.

Incidentally it is exactly a year to-day that in pursuance of Congress decision to accept office, Premier Kher and his colleagues shouldered ministerial responsibilities of this Province and can justly be proud of their accomplishments during the first year of their accession to power

NO QUESTION OF LOYALTY TO JAIPUR

(Continued from Page 1)

have kept up to now an admirable restraint and exemplary standard of peace and order.

The Committee are also in a position to state that the strict guard is kept to prevent the import into Sikar of grains and other necessaries of life, thereby attempting to force the peaceful and brave persons injured as a result of firing to submission. The Committee hope that the public will not be misled by the unconfirmed news circulated by interested news agencies or persons who do so to gain their private ends.

SIKAR NEGOTIATIONS CONTINUE

No Bright Hopes Of Settlement?

NEW DELJI, July 19.

A telephonic talk with Sir Beauchamp St. John, Prime Minister of Jaipur, revealed that the Sikar situation remains unchanged, and that negotiations for an amicable settlement of the dispute are still proceeding at Sikar.

The Prime Minister hoped that the Sikar "rebels" would surrender, and there would be no occasion for further bloodshed, though he did not entertain any bright hopes of a settlement being in sight, as the Sikar people had now been holding out for over three months.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and others are still at Sikar, continuing negotiations for peace.

The Maharaja of Jaipur is busy studying the situation since his return to the State from England. His Highness is stated to be very anxious about a speedy ending of the present impasse.—A.P

Edinburgh D. L. For Linlithgow

LONDON, July 19

Lord Linlithgow, the Viceroy of India, is proceeding to Edinburgh to-night, where he receives the honorary D. L. degree. To-morrow he returns to London to take up work at the India Office on Thursday morning.—Reuter

QUEEN MARIE'S FUNERAL PROGRAMME

BUKHAREST, July 18.

The Council of Ministers is now meeting at the Royal Palace, Sinaia, to discuss the programme of the funeral of Queen Marie. The Prime Minister has ordered all authorities to go mourning. Theatres are closed and shops will be closed on the day of the funeral. Private houses are already draped with flags. The body will lie in state at the Royal Palace Bukharest, probably on Thursday and the burial will probably be on Sunday at the Cathedral near Bukharest.—Reuter

BOMBAY'S BAHA'IS CONDOLENCE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Secretary Baha'i Spiritual Assembly, Bombay writes:—

A special Memorial Service was held by the Baha'is of Bombay in the Baha'i Hall, Bori Bunder for the untimely passing away of Her Majesty Dowager Queen Marie of Rumania this evening at 8-00 p.m. when Mr. M. H. Ilmi, the president of the Spiritual Assembly of the Baha'is of Bombay, presided.

The Secretary of the Baha'i Assembly, Mr. H. M. Manji, while giving a sketch of her Late Majesty's life said that she was a Baha'i and he quoted one of the passages from one of her letters written in 1926:—

"If ever the name of Baha'u'llah or 'Abdu'l-Baha comes to your attention, do not put their writings from you. Search out their books, and let their glorious, peace-bringing love creating words and lessons sink into your hearts as they have into mine."—Marie.

After this a resolution of condolence on the death of the Dowager Queen Marie of Rumania was passed.

A special prayer for the departed was also held.

New Br. Military Court At Jerusalem

JERUSALEM (By Mail).

There is now a new president of the British military court in Jerusalem, the tribunal set up to try cases of illegal possession of firearms and ammunition for which the maximum penalty is death.

Major R. P. Baxter, of the Royal Artillery, who assumed those duties, succeeds Major A. A. Joyce, of the Royal Tank Corps, who has returned to England.

The other members of the Court are major J. E. Catherall, Royal warwickshire regiment, and Captain N. D. Stevenson, the Black Watch (Royal Highland Regiment).

One of the first cases to be tried by the new President was a Moslem townsman named Assad Dabbagh who, disguised as a veiled woman, fired at two detectives in the old city of Jerusalem on April 24 when they suspected him and gave chase.—Reuter.

Another Grave Conflict In Far East?

Strained Soviet-Japanese Relations

Alleged Violation Of Manchukuo Border: Negotiations For Settlement Fail

TOKIO, July 19.

The atmosphere on the Soviet-Manchukuo border is described here as very ominous.

It is feared that the alleged violation of the Manchukuo border by the Soviet troops occupying a hill in the South of Huchun may develop into another Lucouchiao incident which led to the Sino-Jap War.

The Manchukuo and Korean Frontier Guard authorities have manded immediate withdrawal of the Soviet troops threatening termined action in the event of non-compliance of the demand.

Meanwhile the Manchukuo-Soviet negotiations for a settlement the incident on the spot are stated to have been broken down.—Reuter.

Harnessing Aborigines To The War

CHINESE PLAN IN BORDERLAND REGIONS

SHANGHAI, (By Mail.)

In order to make its position more solid in the distant westerly provinces, China is now doing her best to earn the support of the savage aborigines which inhabit these little known regions.

A large number of wild tribesmen in the areas near the borders of Burma and Tibet are not yet aware that there is a war going on in China and, as a first step to win their loyalty, serious efforts are now being made to make these tribes "war conscious."

It is now learned that the National Military Affairs Commission is preparing an expedition to the aborigines of Lololand to tell them about what is going on in China.

The task ahead of the expedition is hardly congenial, for up to a few years ago, it used to be the custom of the Lolo aborigines to attack all visitors who came into their areas.

COMMISSION'S TASK.

Few of the Lolos have ever seen an aeroplane a motor car or steam engine. In an effort to overcome this initial difficulty, the National Military Affairs Commission is supplying the expedition with motion pictures and coloured lantern slides

It is reported from the outskirts of the aborigine area that the Lolos at least have begun to realise a little of what is going on in China. Many of them, it is stated, now wear buttonhole likenesses of General Chiang Kai-Shek.

The expedition, however, is likely to have its patriotic ardours somewhat damped if it finds that the current reports are true namely that the Lolos wear these portraits solely in the belief that they act as a charm against evil spirits.—Reuter

FIERCE BATTLE BETWEEN REBELS AND JEWS

JERUSALEM, July 18.

A fierce gun battle between rebels and Jewish farmers and police occurred in Beisan Valley to-day in which a Jewish Supernumerary policeman and one rebel were killed and three Jew workers and several rebels wounded.

Jerusalem was calm. Curfew was imposed at 9 p.m. instead of 7 p.m.

Haifa had the first peaceful day for nearly a fortnight.—Reuter.

C. I. And Rajputana States' Ministers' Conference

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE: (By Mail).

The Conference of the Ministers of the States in Central India and Rajputana is being held in the Town Hall since Saturday last under the presidentship of Rai Bahadur Mishra, Dewan of Orchha. Several States and Estates, including Ajaigarh, Bijawar, Sitamau, Dewas and Pratabgarh are represented.

The representatives of the Press were not allowed and the Secretary of the Conference, Mr. Pawar of Dewas, declined to give any inkling about the proceedings.

As a result of the tension in the Sanatanists and the Managing Body, the Mahesh Public Library has been closed for an indefinite period.

Germany's Favourable Trade Balance

BERLIN, July 19.

Germany's trade balance for the first six months of 1938 shows a surplus of imports over exports of 114 million marks, according, to official figures.

Imports of 2,697 million marks are nine per cent higher than those for the corresponding period last year while exports of 2,583 million are three per cent less in value and ten per cent less in volume.—Reuter

PRUDENT LADIES

in England and France always keep handy a bottle of Dr. Patterson's Pills of British manufacture to END DELAY directly they get suspicious. These famous pills in France known as REGELATEUR POUR LE DAMES, succeed where quinine and ergot fail. Sold in three strengths in originally sealed bottles at Rs. 2-4, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 5 per bottle of 72. The last strength is for obstinate cases. BRIJMOHAN & CO., Sir P. Mehta, Rd., BOMBAY I. 'Phone: 30230. Literature Free.

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12 TOLAS A CAKE

BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY

BOMBAY 3.

A SHORT STORY

BENNY

(BY RICHARD HILL WILKINSON)

Benny got a big kick out of eavesdropping on the Sheriff. It smacked of adventure and the wild life he loved. He got a bigger kick when he heard Sheriff Conrad mention Slick Dearborn.

Slick Dearborn was the smartest outlaw with whom Conrad had ever had to contend. He was Benny's idol, for he represented the dangerous freedom of which the boy had always dreamed. One day three weeks ago Benny had seen Slick in the Faraway Saloon, and something about the worshipful look in the youngster's eyes had attracted the outlaw's attention. Like all men of his stripe, his predominating weakness was vanity. In Benny he immediately perceived an admirer, and it occurred to him that a boy like Benny could be mighty useful to him in his future plans.

Benny had been almost speechless with gratitude when the outlaw spoke to him. They had a long conversation, and when it was over Benny knew a sense of importance that was almost the fulfilment of his dreams.

Ear glued to the side of the building, Benny held his breath while Sheriff Conrad and his deputy, Joe Hicks, carried on their low-voiced conversation. The boy's breathing did not become normal until he had backed away from the building and was concealed behind Darl's stables. There was a wild and startled gleam in his eye.

At 4 o'clock that afternoon Benny drew rein in the secret canyon where Slick was Hiding. He gave the secret whistle that he and the outlaw had agreed upon, then waited breathlessly.

Minutes passed and nothing happened. Benny moved down the canyon and whistled again. Suddenly two men emerged from behind a boulder. One of them was Slick Dearborn. Benny shouted at them.

"Slick, I just heard the Sheriff and his deputy talkin'. They found out it was you who held up the bank last week, an' they know you're hidin' up here an' they're comin' to get yuh."

Slick and his companion exchanged glances. The outlaw leader looked back at Benny, smiling thinly. "Good work, kid. Get off your horse an' come with us."

"Don'tcha want me to go back to town? Mebbe I can find out somethin' else."

"You come with us," said Slick shortly.

Benny dismounted and, leading his horse, went in behind the boulder. Slick's companion had begun to scramble up the sloping side of the boulder, and Benny guessed that they had been using its summit as a lookout.

"Nemine keepin' guard," Slick called, and the other outlaw slid back to the ground. "We gotta get out of here and git fast. Kid, did anyone see you leave town?"

"No, sir. Not a soul. I done jest like you told me."

"Good. You're comin' with us."

Benny's blood ran hot. "Honest, Slick? Honest will you take me along?"

"That's what I said. Git onto that crowbait."

The second outlaw came from behind a screen of bushes riding on horse and leading another. Slick swung aboard the extra animal and led the way out onto the canyon floor. Benny followed behind the second outlaw. He was too excited and thrilled at what lay ahead to notice that Slick had suddenly swerved his mount and struck home the spurs.

There came the sound of a shot. The second outlaw uttered a scream and plunged from the saddle. A second shot followed, and Slick's mount went to its knees.

Bewildered, Benny sat for a moment staring blankly. He saw two men galloping up the canyon. Then he heard Slick ordering him to dismount and follow him behind a pile of rocks. Automatically Benny obeyed. He noticed that there was a wild, terrific look in the outlaw's eyes.

Slick swore violently as Benny crawled up beside him.

"You damned little rat! Thought you said nobody followed you out of town?"

"Honest, Slick——"

"Shut up!" Suddenly Slick seized him around the middle and leaped out of plain view of the two coming up the canyon. The pair reined in, holding their fire as the outlaw, using Benny as a shield, began shooting rapidly, at the same time moving across the floor of the canyon.

Sheriff Conrad and Joe Hicks, sensing the bandit's purpose, flung themselves from the saddle and scurried for shelter.

Benny suddenly understood the purpose he was serving, knew that Slick was using him as a means of protecting his own hide. A terrified scream escaped his lips.

"Slick! Slick! Lemme go. They'll blast me down in cold blood!"

"Shut up, you rat". Slick brought the barrel of his gun down crushingly on the boy's head. Benny gasped, struggled feebly, then went limp. . . .

When Benny opened his eyes he found Sheriff Conrad and Joe Hicks bending over him.

"Feeling better, kid?"

"Ye-e-ss. I'm all right. Where's ——Slick?"

"Taken care of," Sheriff Conrad eyed Benny intently. "Listen, Benny, you better get home afore your maw begins to worry. You can say you helped us run down Slick Dearborn. Fact is, you did. When we saw you talkin' with him three weeks ago we figured somethin' like this, which is why we did some talkin' so you could lead us to where he was. Son, I reckon you're like a lot of other kids. Difference is now you'll know enough to behave hereafter, eh?"

"Gosh!" said Benny. There were tears in his eyes. For the first time in his life he realized what a perfectly swell guy Sheriff Conrad was.

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CO-OWNERSHIP OF FORESTS

Orissa Premier's Appeal To Zamindars And Assurance To Ryots

JENAPORE (Cuttack), (By Mail.)

"Till recently the machinery of administration was run in the interest of a certain privileged class. They yielded power and all influence was theirs. When power passes from one class to another, necessarily their pride suffers. They are annoyed So you have to forebear their annoyance," observed the Premier, Mr. Biswanath Das, replying to an address of welcome presented to him by the local Kisan Sangh.

The Kisan Sangh, in their address, assured their full confidence in him as the leader of the Congress Assembly Party and gave a detailed account of their local grievances.

The Premier in his reply referred to the forest laws and the grievances of the people in this connection and said: "We cannot conceive of any absolute right of Zamindars to the forests in their State. It is always a co-ownership. The Rayats individually cannot protect a forest which is national wealth. The Zamindar is thus the protector of the forest on their behalf. He has to collect the customary fees and cannot prohibit people from entering the forest, because he did not like them. If there is any truth in the allegations I will move the Assembly to pass necessary legislation in this connection."

The Premier made a fervent appeal to the Zamindars to help Government in putting a stop to 'Bethi' (unpaid forced labour), and requested them not to collect illegal cesses. "Law steps in," he said, "if the people fail in their spirit of sacrifice. We had to amend the Orissa Tenancy Act to penalise illegal cesses, because we found after decades the spirit of sacrifice was absent".—United Press.

UNION RECOGNISED

Madras Govt. Communique On Choolai Strike Termination

MADRAS, July 19.

In connection with the settlement of the Choolai strike, a Communique states that the Government suggest that the management of the mills should agree to an inspection of the accounts and balance sheets of the Company by an officer to be appointed by the Government and that both the Management and the workers should accept the verdict of this officer on this particular point, namely, whether the finances of the Mills are such as would admit of a reasonable increase in the wages of the workmen.

The Government also suggested that the workers should call off the strike if the Management agreed to an inspection of their accounts and balance sheets. The Government are glad to announce that both the parties have now accepted these suggestions.

The Government will now proceed to appoint an officer to examine the accounts and submit a report soon after the strike is called off and workmen join duty. It will be open to either party to explain its point of view to the said officer.

UNION RECOGNISED

The Madras Labour Union having been recognised by the authorities of the Mills, it will be open to its representatives to place the grievances of the workers, if any, before the Management as soon as normal working conditions in the Mills are restored. The authorities of the Mills have undertaken to give a most sympathetic hearing to such representations.—A. P.

Choolai Mill Strike Ends

MADRAS, July 19.

The Choolai mill strike has ended, workers will resume work tomorrow.

The Government will issue a communique this evening in this connection.—A.P

Assam Valley Towns Cut Off By Floods

Brahmaputra Rises Again: Dibrugarh And Sibsagar Under Water

(From Our Correspondent)

TEZPUR, July 19.

All Assam Valley towns have been completely isolated from the western world, due to breach on the Eastern Bengal Railway. No mails or newspapers are received in all stations till to-day. Havoc has been wrought in all low-lying areas on both the banks of the Brahmaputra.

Famine continues unabated following floods in Goalpara, while signs thereof are apparent in Kamrup. Brahmaputra which had gone down last week rose rapidly since Saturday reaching the highest flood level within 3 days. Nepalis of the south bank opposite Tezpur are the worst sufferers having had to live on bamboo platforms and house tops and buffaloes which they keep in hundreds, are being shifted away to westward.

DIBRUGARH UNDER WATER.

Dibrugarh town is again under water and so are parts of Sibsagar District. Even in this town which is on the highest level of all Assam Valley towns, waters of the Brahmaputra have made Behari labourers of steamer station quit their thatched houses and cook food on the streets near the railway station.

The Deputy Commissioner of Tezpur has wired to all Mauzadars in rural areas to ask their tenants in low-lying areas warning them of the rising waters of the Brahmaputra.

FLOOD HAVOC IN U. P.

Roads Breached & Several House Collapses Reported

LUCKNOW, July 19.

News of flood is filtering through from different districts.

Gorakhpur experienced heavy rains and the Rapti river has risen 5 inches. Barigandak, a tributary of Rapti has been flooded for the last 15 days and 30 villages, north of B. N. W. Railway from Siswa to Chitauni have been affected.

Regarding yesterday's boat incident near Jitpur, it is now confirmed that all the male passengers were saved or swam across the Nullah, but one woman and a boy have not been accounted for.

Unao received nine inches of rain on Sunday night and looks like a small island. It is reported 50 houses have collapsed and the local high school has been closed. Four provincial roads have been breached and 23 pontoon bridges dismantled.

Due to constant rain in Lucknow, the third storey of a house collapsed burying a middleaged man. Several other house collapses are reported.—A. P.

FLOOD MENACE IN ASSAM

Railway Lines Completely Submerged

CALCUTTA, July 19.

Latest reports from Upper Assam indicate that the flood in river Brahmaputra has assumed serious proportions.

A message from Dhubri states that the railway line about three hundred feet in length is completely submerged and one pier of the bridge on Aye river has been washed away resulting in suspension of through-services to other Assam districts.

About 80,000 people living on the south bank of the river have been affected.

A Jorhat message says that a breach has occurred on the embankment as a result of which a large area of low-lying land has been inundated.

The Minister for Agriculture, Assam, visited the breach and the flooded area with the Deputy Commissioner and Executive Engineer.—United Press.

BRAHMAPUTRA STILL RISING

Record Rainfall For Decade Inundates Low-Lying Areas

(From Our Correspondent).

TEZPUR, July 18.

All mails to and from Tezpur are closed to-day by railway authorities due to breach on lines of the Eastern Bengal Railway between Bijni and Bongaigaon and floods between Purnea and Mirpur.

All through booked passengers and parcels are held up at Bongaigaon on west and Bijni on East until railway authorities are able to set the lines right and flood subsides. Makua, Burichapri, Bholakata, Singri are all inundated by the Brahmaputra. People at Bholakata near Biswanath Ghat are living on platforms made of bamboo, so also Nepalis of Burichapri.

Last night's record rainfall for a decade, of 5¼ inches has inundated all low-lying areas here. Brahmaputra in Upper Assam rose 2 feet overnight, on 16th July and it is still rising steadily.

CHINA AMBULANCE COLLECTIONS

Hatheesingh's Thanks To Workers And Appeal For More Funds

BOMBAY, July 19.

Mr. G. P. Hutheesingh, Secretary of the Congress Ambulance Unit for China, in a statement to the Press says:—

"May I congratulate the citizens of Bombay for their generous response to the China Ambulance Unit Fund on July 7, 8 and 9. Everywhere volunteers went they met with unstinted sympathy for China and willing contribution.

We have been able to sell 29,000 flags and collect about Rs. 4,100. We have also received numerous direct donations from various Associations. Including these donations the total will reach Rs. 5,000 I regret our volunteers were unable to reach all the localities of this big city. For I am sure if we had been able to do so, this sum would have been easily doubled. I appeal, therefore, to those, whom we have not been able to approach to send their donations, however small they may be, to the B.P.C.C. Office or to Mr. G. P. Hutheesingh, Gulshan Villa, Warden Road.

"I wish to express our sincerest thanks to all those, who offered their services on these three days, especially the Chinese students, Mrs. Sofia Khan and her volunteers, the Congress Socialist Party and numerous other organisations for their magnificent efforts in enabling us to collect funds."

SHOOTING CLUB FOR WARDHA

Govt. Approves Grant Of Licence To School Master

NAGPUR, July 19.

A communique states:—

The Government have approved of the grant to the headmaster of Craddock High School, Wardha of license for starting a shooting club to give selected pupils not below the age of 14 and teachers of that school training in target practice in Wardha town only.

Licensed arms may be used in a range approved by the District Magistrate, Wardha during the hours fixed by him and rifles and ammunition, when not in use, will be kept at the police station house. Six miniature rifles (0.22 bore) and 1,500 Cartridges at a time have been allowed to be used only for target practice.

The communique adds that applications from other school authorities desiring to start similar shooting clubs in their schools will be considered by the Government.—A.P.

WHAT CAWNPORE STRIKE COST GOVT.

Pension To Widow Of Mutherpore Railway Accident Victim

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 19.

How much has Cawnpore Labour strike cost Government of India?

I learn from enquiries that during the five weeks' strike the Postal Department lost at the rate of Rs. 500 per day. There was large increase in withdrawals from savings banks and traffic in money orders, letters and parcels fell considerably. I understand the Government has sanctioned compassionate pension to the widow and children of the mail sorter, who was killed in Mutherpore railway accident. Four injured sorters, who are now in hospital, have been given full pay during the period of recovery. It appears representations were made to Mr. Bewoor, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, that mail van should be kept sufficiently away from the engine as protection to R. M. S. staff. This I understand can't be done as the arrangement of bogies depends on the traffic requirements. Apart from other reasons, including difficulties in collecting and delivering mail bags waste of time in shunting and consequent delay Government considers that sorters cannot claim greater protection than ordinary passengers, who are as much entitled to safety as Government employees.

STRIKES AT HIRAPUR AND KULTI TO BE CALLED OFF

CALCUTTA, July 19

It is now ascertained that the strikes at Hirapur and Kulti will be called off on Thursday (July 21), when work will be simultaneously resumed at both the places.—A. P

HYDERABAD RADIO

Reorganisation Of Nizam's Broadcasting Station

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 19.

A Communique regarding reorganisation of the Wireless Department says:—

As a preliminary step in the direction of improvement of the programmes of broadcasting from the Hyderabad State Broadcasting Station to which special attention will hence forward be given by Government in pursuance of a scheme of re-organisation, four new and permanent features are being added to the programmes in the shape of monthly survey of international affairs, monthly survey of India and commonwealth, a monthly survey of newspapers and a monthly letter from London.

These items, proceeds a Communique will be broadcast in Hindustani and English. It is learnt Government will shortly issue a Communique outlining the commendations regarding the re-organisation of the State Broadcasting Station, which have been submitted to Government by a special Committee appointed by Nizam.

Caste Death Dinner To Be Picketed

BOMBAY, July 19.

The Marwadi youths from Maharashtra and the Hyderabad State resolved to picket the caste death dinner to be given on July 25 next in connection with the death of the late Mr. Rajmat Rathi of Sholapur.

It is understood the Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, member of the Council of State, also wrote to the organiser of the dinner to put a stop to such a dinner and a deputation of Marwadi youths waited upon the organiser but as he declined, they have decided to picket the said dinner.—United Press.

Freedom Is Basic Heritage Of Man

Bhulabhai Explodes Arguments Against India's Independence

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

HYDERABAD (Decn.): July 19.

"THE NOTION OF FREEDOM, APPRECIATION OF FREEDOM AND THE INSTINCT OF FREEDOM ARE BORN IN MAN AND HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH THE EDUCATIONAL MATTERS.

"IT IS A BASIC AND FUNDAMENTAL HERITAGE OF MAN AS MAN, AND IF THAT IS RECOGNISED, THERE CAN BE NO ROOM FOR THE ARGUMENT THAT INDIA CANNOT BE FREE BECAUSE IT HAS NOT GOT EDUCATION," Observed Mr. Bhulabhai Desai in an address to the Students of the Nizam College, last evening.

OBJECT OF EDUCATION.

Mr. Desai observed that education was futile unless they attempted to connect it with their actual conduct in life. If knowledge of history, study of Burke's French Revolution and causes of war of American Independence had no lesson to teach except the fact of how many men on either side were engaged, killed or died, and who was the victor and who the vanquished, their education had been absolutely of no value to them.

Continuing Mr. Desai said that one could not be a citizen without recognising that he was part and parcel of society and country to which he belonged. "Each of us is a citizen and what makes a citizen is the recognition of the obligation that one owes to all the rest of his own countrymen, in order that within the limit of knowledge and resources he does what he can to leave the society better for his own existence within it."

Mr. Desai continued that they could raise the poorest and most ignorant of them to the level to which they belonged. He exhorted the students to go to the villages and remove ignorance, illiteracy and poverty.

U. S. EXAMPLE.

Regarding the attainment of Indian Freedom, Mr. Desai said several people raised the question that India could not attain freedom as long as there was illiteracy and as long as there were several religions and groups. He cited the example of the United States of America, where it was stated that best form of democracy prevailed. But who were Americans, Mr. Desai asked. America to-day is composed of different nations and when it was possible for several races to unite and follow the principle of collective loyalty to a common ideal, why not India could attain freedom. A modern State has no condition that all individuals in the country should belong to one race and one religion or should speak one language

BENGAL'S ELECTRICITY RESOURCES

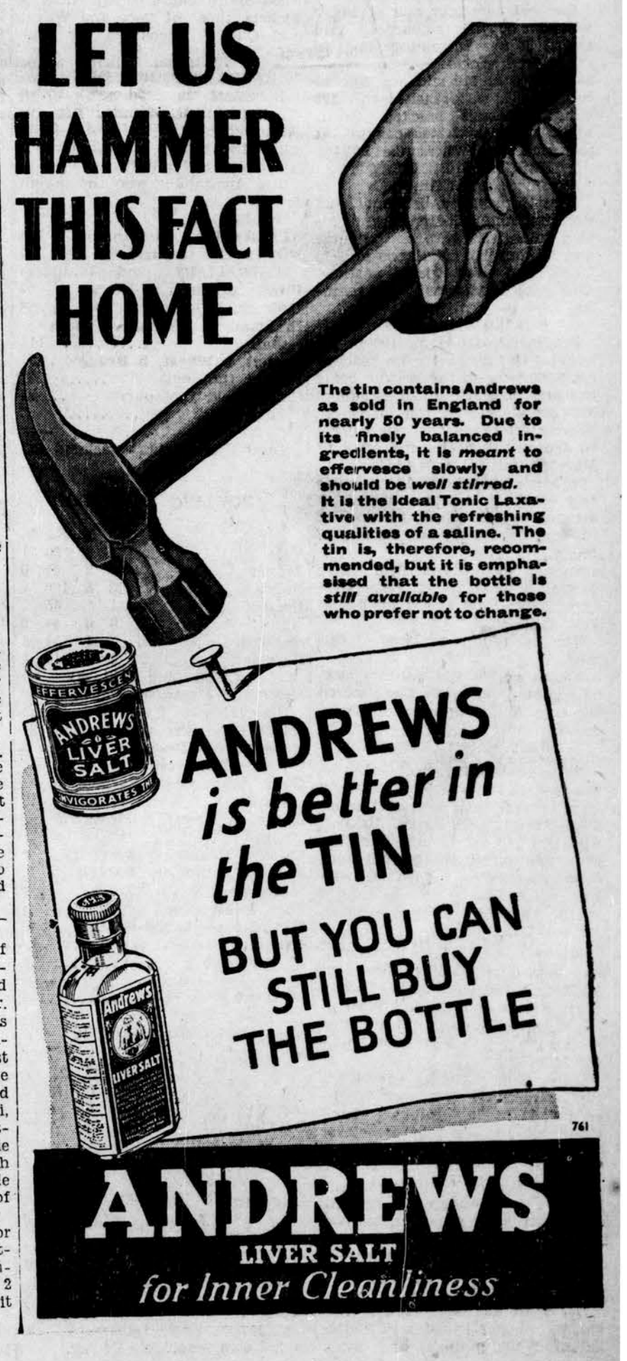
Govt. Proposes To Undertake Survey

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The "United Press" understands that the Government of Bengal propose to undertake a survey of the electricity resources of the province with a view to ascertaining the position and possibilities of the use of power in the development of small industries.

The Electricity Adviser to the Government of Bengal, it is understood, has been entrusted with the preliminary enquiry in the matter.

A Committee to take up the question is also contemplated.—United Press.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DEFAMATION CASE AGAINST MARATHI JOURNAL

Magistrate Turns Down Accused's Request To Summon Gandhiji To Court

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR (By Mail).

Expressing his opinion that the request of the accused was vexatious and tended to delay proceedings, Mr. M. P. Shukul, Special Magistrate, Wardha, passed orders on the application filed by the Editor of the "Sawadhan" a Marathi weekly paper of Nagpur requesting permission to summon among others Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the defamation case filed by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj against the Editor in respect of the allegations made against him in the paper.

During the course of his order the learned Magistrate states as follows:

"The accused wants to summon Mahatma Gandhi as a defence witness on the ground that Seth Jamnalal had before launching this prosecution sought his advice. Mere giving of advice means nothing and I do not think he has anything to do with the case.

Similarly Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose are wanted because they in their capacity as Presidents of the Indian National Congress are expected to know about the accounts in question. I do not think that a President of the Congress has time to glance at these records as he has got thousand and one more other things requiring his attention. The request to summon all the witnesses is therefore vexatious and tends to delay the proceedings."

The learned Judge, however, conceded the request of the accused to Dr. B. R. Ambedkar as a witness. The case has been fixed for 3rd and 5th August, 1938.

SIR HURKISONDAS HOSPITAL

List Of Donors During The Year 1937

Seth Tribhovandas Chuturbhuj Merchant and Seth Bhimji Nara, Trustees of late Seth Gopaldas Nathubhai Vora for naming a Ward after him Rs. 80,000; Radhabai Tulsidas to establish a Ward Rs. 50,000; Bai Surajbai, Widow of Seth Mohanlal Narsidas to establish a Ward Rs. 28,001; Messrs. Bhaishankar Kanga and Girdharlal, Solicitor to Seth Laxmidas Bhavanidas to establish 2 beds in the name of his father Seth Bhavanidas Narotamdas and his mother Bai Ladkorbai Rs. 20,000; Received from Bai Gulabbai Mulchand Devchand through Messrs. Vajeram Devchand and Bros. to establish bed Rs 10,000; Received from Vasantram Jamyetram and Manharlal Jamyetram to establish a bed in the name of their father Jamyetram Jivandas Rs. 10,000; Received from Seth Kakubhai Jivandas to establish a bed Rs. 10,000; Seth Vithaldas Chhaganlal and Seth Manordas Chhaganlal Rs. 5,000; Seth Dayabhai Lalchand Patanwala Rs. 2,500; Seth Ranchhoddas Karsandas Shanghavi Rs. 2,000; Seth Jagmohandas Jekisondas Rs 501; Seth Karamchand Chunilal Rs. 501; Seeds Traders' Association Rs. 501; Seth Vithaldas Parshotamdas Bhutta Rs. 501; Seth Karunashankar Punjiram Rs. 501; Messrs. R Ratilal and Co. Rs. 500; Dr. B. B. Yodh, M.R.C.P. (Lond.) Rs. 500; Bai Surajbai, Widow of Seth Mohanlal Narsidas Rs. 301; Seth Jagmohandas Jekisondas Rs. 251; Seth Tarachand Galalchand Rs 251; The Grain Merchants' Association Rs. 250; Seth Bhaidas Gulabdas Rs. 250; Seth Pranlal Devkaran Rs. 202; Seth Bhagwandas Ranchhodas Rs. 201; Seth Motilal Karsandas Petladvala through Mr. Hiralal Motilal Rs. 151; Seth Velji Lakhmashi Rs. 150; Seth Ratanshi Aserla for giving a dinner to the patients on the new year day Rs. 150; Shrimatee Kundanben Thakordas Sareiya Rs. 126; Seth Chhotalal Jekisondas Ghia in sacred memory of Bhai Chanokrakant Rs. 101; A gentleman through Seth Mathuradas Samaldas Rs 101; Seth Naranbhai Samalbhai. Amin in memory of late Seth Mohanlal Narsidas Rs 101; Seth Damodardas Motilal Gandhi Rs. 101; Lady Tarabai Chunilal Mehta Rs 101; Seth Lallubhai Amichand Rs. 101; Seth Ramanlal G. Sareiya Rs 101; A. Sympathiser Rs. 100; Seth Vadilal Chunilal Rs. 100; Seth Manordas Himatlal through Seth Purshotam Kamalshi Rs. 100; Seth Ambalal Ochhavalal Zavari Rs. 100; Seth Bhagwandas Rupchand Baowani Rs. 51; Messrs. Chimanlal P. Shah and Co. Rs. 51; Messrs. Harjivandas Gordhandas and Co. Rs. 51; Mrs. Hirabai Mafatlal Rs. 50; Dr. S. J. Mehta, F.R.C.S (Eng.) Rs. 50; Dr. B. D. Thakkar Rs. 30; Seth Tapidas Juthabhai Rs. 25; Seth Manilal Chimanlal Rs 25; Seth Mangaldas Dwarkadas Rs. 25; Seth Dolatrai Harilal Shanghavi Rs 25; Seth Chhotalal Amratlal Rs. 25; Seth Harjivandas Gordhandas Rs. 25; Messrs. Vithaldas Narandas and Co. Rs. 25; Seth Babubhai Ghelabhai Rs. 25; Seth Laxman Vallabh Rs. 25; Dr. P. M. Sangani Rs. 25; Shrimatee Kamlaben Gungadas Rs. 25; Seth Ranchhodas Kalyanji Rs 25; Shrimati Ambabai Chunilal Rs. 15; Shrimati Bukarbai Balubhai Rs. 15; Seth Harsi Rupshi-Joshi Rs. 11; The Sagar Movietone Rs. 11; Seth Shamji Kasalchand Rs. 11; Seth Vachharaj Nagji Rs. 9; Seth Premji Karamshi Gandha Rs. 5; Total Rs. 2,25,099-7-6.

MONTHLY DONORS.

Kanji Khetshi Charities Trust Rs. 3,750; Sir Ishwardas Lakhmidas, Kt. Rs. 1,200; Seth Bhulabhai J. Desai Rs. 1,200; Madhav-Baug Sadavrat Trust Fund Trustees Rs. 900; Seth Vadilal Chunilal Rs. 500; Seth Harkisondas Lakhmidas Rs. 300; Total Rs. 7,050.

HARIJANS SWEAR NOT TO DRINK

Imposing Demonstration In Ramnad Village

MADURA, July 17.

For the first time in Ramnad District a voluntary "dry" campaign by the Harijan community for the whole of "Thennai Nadu" comprising more than 100 villages was inaugurated on Friday evening at Kottoor, a village near Devacottah, when the entire Harijan population congregated at the "Illuppa" tope in front of the village temple and swore before the presiding deity with characteristic religious zeal that they would not "drink" from that day onwards.

Over 2,000 Harijans from over a hundred villages in "Thennai Nadu" in Devacottah area met in conference at the "Illuppa tope in response to the appeal from Harijan leaders, Mr Adhiayan, Municipal Councillor Devacottah, presided.

The function commenced with the hoisting of the National Flag by the President, who explained what the Congress had done for the uplift of the Harijans and exhorted the audience to refrain from drinking from that day.—A. P.

Prohibition In North Kanara

KUMTA, July 16.

Mr. R. S Padbidri of Bombay along with Mrs. Sitabai Padbidri have been here to study the working of the "Dry Area" scheme of the Bombay Government in Kumta and Ankola Taluks. He had prolonged talks with Sjt. T. S. Nayak, Secretary, District Prohibition Committee. Besides, he attended a well-represented meeting of all prominent workers of Kumta Taluk and discussed with them the present situation of the "Dry Area" measure in the Taluk.

Landlord Frees His Halis From Yoke Of Slavery

(From Our Correspondent.)

MANGROL, July 18.

The repressive policy of the Baroda State and the shadow of the armed police patrols have not succeeded in breaking the spirit of the Kisans of Mangrol. Far from taking insults and assaults lying down as before, the peasants are now offering resistance with unexpected courage and confidence.

A peasant woman of Verakui was assaulted by a Pathan servant of a landlord as she refused to give up the possession of her farm. The servant then assaulted the woman and threw her in the ditch nearby. Presently, however, the woman raised a hue and cry and with the assistance of their neighbouring peasants offered stout resistance which compelled the servant to take to his heals leaving his plough in the field.

Nor are all landlords lost to all sense of honour and decency. I am glad to pay a handsome compliment to the generosity of Patel Ibrahim of Karavad, who has released about a dozen of his 'halis' from the yoke of slavery and asked them and other serfs to continue to fight for their freedom of labour. Other landlords of Mangrol did their very best to dissuade this Patel, who owns about 600 acres, from a course that would bring ruin to their whole class. They threatened him with social and economic boycott, but in vain. I understand that a case has been trumped up against the Patel by these landlords, but it is hoped that he will come out with flying colours from the ordeal.

(Continued from Col. 7)

serving seats to Indian Christians on the Bassein Municipal Board, and further requests to the Hon'ble the Prime Minister to reconsider this case with a view to safeguard the rights of the above minority community on Bassein Municipal Board by modifying the above Order."

"This meeting further appoints a Committee to wait on deputation on the Hon'ble the Prime Minister, if need be, and also authorises the President of the meeting to send a copy of the Resolutions of this meeting to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for necessary action.

"Safety First Provides Opportunity To Every Man To Serve Community"

Decision To Open Safety First Association's Branch At Surat

(From A Correspondent)

SURAT, July 17.

The decision to form a Local Branch of the Safety First Association of India was arrived at a public meeting held on Sunday last in the Beasant Hall, Surat. The meeting was convened by the Rotary Club of Surat, Mr. P. J. Taleyarkhan President of the Club, presiding.

Mr. S. D. Vimadlal, Bar-at-Law, and a member of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Provincial Branch of the Association, who had come down specially to address the meeting, gave an account of the aims and objects of the Safety Movement and the work of the Association in particular

"The Safety Movement," said Mr. Vimadlal, "is far more a matter of education and perhaps it is more correct to say, training people. The ideal for which the safety movement stands is apt to be misleading but when we come to consider its true meaning, we realise that far from taking adventure out of life, it makes good adventure possible by training people to "think first". Today Safety First is one of the greatest social services that is possible for it comes from a desire from within the individual to improve himself and the movement offers an opportunity to every man, woman and child to serve the community."

Proceeding he said that the organised safety movement in India was in good part the product of the efforts of Rotarians both individually and collectively.

HATS FOR INDIAN SOLDIERS?

Army Authorities Considering Question: 4 Br. Cavalry Units To Be Disbanded

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 19.

Hat or 'Puggree'—which is more suitable for Indian troops under the modern conditions?

I understand that the army authorities are considering whether all Indian troops other than Sikhs shall in future be provided with what Ordnance Department calls "hats felt Gurkha and Garhwali one" in lieu of cloth for "puggree". No decision is reported to have been taken yet. Information, however, shows that referendum recently taken from all Indian units reveal that all of them are overwhelmingly in favour of a change with the exception of Sikh troops.

At present only Gurkhas and Garhwalis are wearing hats (felt) but, convenience of this form of head-gear especially in field service under modern conditions has apparently led authorities to consider need for a change under the present rules so as to provide more convenient head-gear.

It has been estimated that over 3,000 men are likely to be thrown out of employment as a result of mechanisation of four British Cavalry Units in India as their services will no longer be required Their representations, I understand, have been considered by the Defence Department and steps are being taken to safeguard their interests. There is a proposal to grant them suitable bonuses according to the individual needs and claims in order to enable them to buy land to settle down or find other occupations.

KASHI VIDYAPITH RE-OPENS

Sjt. Mukundilal Shrivastava, Officiating Registrar of Kashi Vidya Pith, Benares writes:—

The Kashi Vidyapith re-opened after the summer vacation on July 17. Students desirous of admission to the College Department should apply immediately. Admission will be made up to the end of July. University education is imparted through the medium of Hindi Students who have passed "vis harad" examination of Vidyapith or matriculation or an equivalent examination of any other university would be admitted. No tuition or lodging fees charged. Monthly expenses for boarders come to Rs. 10. Deserving students will be awarded scholarships after six months on progress report Prospectus and rules can be had from Principal on application.

NEW CONGRESS JOURNAL FOR LAHORE.

A new nationalist Urdu paper "The Daily National Congress" is being started from Lahore with Dr. Satyapal, M. L. A., President Punjab Provincial Congress Committee as its Chief Editor.

The publication of this paper will commence very shortly and it will follow the official policy and programme of the Indian National Congress. The immediate necessity of this organ was keenly felt, since long throughout Northern India.

BASSEIN CHRISTIANS DEPLORE ATTITUDE OF GOVT.

Demand For Representation On Municipality According To Population

The following resolutions were unanimously passed at a public meeting of the Indian Christians of Bassein Municipal area on Sunday held at T. B. High School, Papdi, Bassein, under the Presidentship of the very Rev Fr. P. J. D'Lima, Vara of South Bassein, to protest against the decison of the Minister for Local Self Government for not reserving seats to Indian Christians on Bassein Municipal Board.

"In spite of the Bassein Municipality's recommendation for reserving 8 seats out of 25 to Indian Christians according to population basis, and in spite of the demand of the Indian Christians of Bassein through various public meetings held at Hol-Bhat, Bhabola Cross, Koliwada etc., and in spite of the assurances given to the deputation which waited on the Hon'ble Minister for Local Self Government on 10th June 1938 at Poona and also the assurances given during the debates at the time of the amendment of the District Municipal Act (Vide page 528, Vol. II, Part 9, Vide page 323, Vol. II, Part 5, Vide page 1553, Vol. III, Part 26, of the Bombay Legislative Assembly Debates 1938, and also Vide the Bombay Government Memorandum No. 2413/33A of 20-4-1938 of the General Department), this being the case, this public meeting of the Indian Christians of Bassein, emphatically protests against the recent decision of the Bombay Government for not re-

(Continued in Col. 3.)

SOMETHING *for nothing?*

MOST Tyre advertisements show a complete Tyre. But we illustrate the new Extra Heavy Duty Tyre in Cross Section, because it is only by seeing the inside that you will fully appreciate this new and outstanding Goodyear.

You don't have to be an expert to appreciate the importance of the following four major improvements:—

1. TOTAL TREAD THICKNESS 23·5% GREATER THAN ON HEAVY DUTY. This 23·5% increase represents a corresponding increase in potential service life.
2. UNDER TREAD INCREASED 72·7%. That part of the tread below the non-skid design represents your protection against punctures. It also acts as a first line protection against road shocks. This increase of 72·7% means greater safety and longer life.
3. CORD BREAKER STRIPS USED. The second line of defence located between the tread rubber and the body of the tyre. Wide cord breakers give maximum protection against the effects of concussion and road shocks.
4. CUSHION THICKNESS INCREASED ON TOP PLIES. By adding additional thickness of live cushion rubber between the top plies and by spacing the cords in these plies, the third line of resistance is perfected.

GOODYEAR

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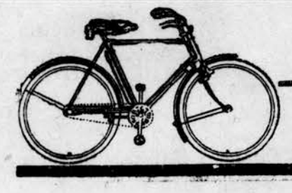
MADE IN INDIA—SPECIALISED FOR INDIAN SERVICE



GOODYEAR CYCLE TYRES

All-Weather, Pathfinder and Takat Qualities — Made in India

"Jailor" At Krishna: Baghban At Opera House

Devika Rani and Meera as Shyama and Malati in Bombay Talkies coming picture "Vachan".

A Visit To Bombay Talkies Studio

Impressions Of A Busy Season--'Vachan' In The Making

The Bombay Talkies' Studio at Malad is a very pleasant spot these days. The heavy rains have enriched the studio gardens and the immense compound all over with lovely flowers, green meadows and trees so cooling to the eye and refreshing to the brain. All nature seems full of smiles and sweetness.

In this invigorating atmosphere every department of this huge concern is bubbling with brisk activities from the very early morning day to day. Very careful attention is being paid to the most minute details of the art and technique in the making of "Vachan," the Company's forthcoming release whose shooting is now fast approaching completion.

While the Director and the Cameraman are busy registering scene after scene on the celluloid, the other technicians are no less busy. The Music Director with her full orchestra is occupied in inventing sweeter and sweeter tunes for "Vachan's" songs and in taking rehearsals. The Dialogue Director is found conducting his rehearsals in another part so that every artiste while on the set is prepared to speak his or her dialogue with correct expression and intonation. Similarly, wherever one goes, whether to the Sound Department or the Laboratory or to the Editing room, one finds every one busy—busy devoting one's full time and energy to making "Vachan" a great production—one that should outshine the Company's previous achievements.

There are some new things to be seen besides, which give the studio quite a warlike atmosphere. Several houses are seen in the stables and on the grounds—horses that were not being seen before—and at times one may also seen an equastrian dresses and armed like a Mediaeval warrior galloping on the extensive studio grounds. At closer quarters one can recognise him as Ashok Kumar, Mumtaz Ali or M. Nazir. But you happen to pass by the Studio before daybreak and if you could take a peep inside the compound, you may also see Devika Rani riding a stately horse with all the glamour and sweetness that are hers and all the dignity and carriage of a Rajput Princess in the middle ages.

And then, in another place one may see something quite spectacular. It is a sword fight going on. Glittering swords, reflecting rays of the sun make a buzzing and clattering noise when wielded by the artistes under the direction of an expert swordsman who has been engaged specially for the purpose. It is not a duel between Ashok Kumar and M. Nazir, but the rehearsal of a breath-holding scene from "Vachan," which demands clever swordsmanship from the two artistes.

Within the Studio proper are seen spectacular and stupendous settings—every day new ones. Today one finds there a lovely garden and to-morrow a thick jungle with caves and hillocks. One day there is a king's durbar hall with all its pomp and another day a small village street with a well from which young damsels are seen drawing water, or a poor warrior's hut with his armour and scanty possessions.

"Vachan" is thus fast progressing and will soon be seen on the screen of the Roxy Talkies at Bombay and in several other important stations simultaneously.

A scene from "Kunvari or Vidhwa" a coming social picture of Bharat Lakshmi.

Madhuri and Kantilal in "Prithviputra".

A REALLY HUMAN PLAY

"Lakshmiche Khel" At Majestic

Enterprise is a token of vitality. Vitality is a guarantee of good result. The film "Lakshmiche Khel" or 'Wealth' released at the Majestic Cinema last Saturday is a welcome enterprise and has a wholesome vitality that have produced very satisfying entertainment.

"Lakshmiche Khel" is an enterprise, because it moves off the beaten track of pictures. It is not made with pre-conceived intentions as to the class of its appeal. To define it as a comedy or as a tragedy or as a melodrama will be to invite contradiction. It belongs to one of these standard types, according as life, in your individual view, belongs to any of those types. "Lakshmiche Khel" is no more, and no less, than a leaf from the book of life.

The realism of the picture is not the elaborate realism which depends on a perfection of artificiality. It does not represent poverty in torn shirts of China silk. There is not one scene of which somebody or another in the audience will not say "Oh! I have seen that happen"! There will probably be many who will murmer: "Well, it's happened to me"!

"Lakshmiche Khel" presents the efforts of an ordinary, straightforward young man to earn a loaf of honest bred. Bholya, the unemployed youth, is a man with common emotions and an average sense of humour. He is a hero in the sense that he is a representative of humanity, and humanity lives and thrives on heroism. Damuanna Malvankar, in the role of the "hero", is pleasantly free from artifice. Vimal Sardesai, Ganpatrao Mohite, Shakuntala and Azurie in supporting roles acquit themselves with credit.

"Lakshmiche Khel" was made by Bedekar Productions, a group of intelligent and enterprising men at Sangli. They have no "million-dollar" resources; but by the chaste simplicity of the picture, they have converted the shortness of their purse into an asset. "Lakshmiche Khel" is a rich drama, just because it was made to represent common things. Common life is yet the greatest drama that we know of.

Ranjit's "Gorakh Aya" Shortly Coming

Ranjit Movietone have planned a "big break". They are about to launch a picture with a new director, and a cast of stars almost entirely new to the Ranjit banner. The story, too, is different from the kind of themes that have come to be associated with the Ranjit trade mark.

The picture about to be released is "Gorakh Aya", which will come to the West End on the 30th of this month. It is directed by Mr. Chaturbhuj Doshi who has, by inherent merit and conscientious effort, steadily risen in the Ranjit ranks from publicity writer to film director

In the stellar lead of "Gorakh Aya" are Rajkumari, Mazhar T. Kapoor, Kalyani and Sarla. It is all talent freshly imported into the Ranjit studio, and Mr. Doshi has the distinctive privilege of commanding the new brigade.

SOHRAB MODI'S ARRESTING ROLE

BY "BRAHMAGIRI"

Before I saw Minerva's "Jailor" last Friday, I had an opportunity to see its trailor at one of the City's cinema houses. I was not much impressed by the trailer, because, as I can say now, it was not planned particularly properly. It did give a fore-taste of the picture, but not its real taste. Those who like me have seen the trailer and have carried the same impression, will be well-advised not to be guided by that impression and see the whole film for themselves.

I have no hesitation in saying that it is one of the best pictures I have seen and Sohrab Modi absorbs so much of your attention as you see it that others like Leela Chitnis, Sheela and Sadiq Ali fade into insignificance. To say this is not to detract from the fine performances of these stars. The story is a study in psychology and it is the psychology of the Jailor. Dileep acted by Sohrab Modi that we are called upon to follow. Let us remember that Sohrab Modi's masterpiece acting used to be in the character of Hamlet when he was on the Urdu stage. In "Jailor" he gets ample opportunity to use his acting skill, which he exhibited then.

The intense love he shows for his wife, the intense hatred he has for her when she has given him up, the way he taunts her and insults her and finally the love he showers on a blind street girl like a seasoned father—all give rise to many dramatic situations, showing Sohrab Modi as an accomplished veteran of the histrionic art.

One finds nothing unnatural about the development of the story. The great qualities of forgiving and forgetting alone secure peace for an ambitious and troubled mind—that is the last lesson the story seeks to imbibe. When a man is at his best? Only when he forgives his inveterate enemies. Only then he reaches his greatest height. Sohrab Modi as Dileep reaches that height with perfect composure and enviable equanimity. The most impressive scene in the picture is the one in which Sohrab shows this nobility of character and execuses the man who had seduced his wife, in order to make his adopted daughter happy.

Sheela's voice is captivating. So is her acting as a blind and unsophisticated girl. Leela Chitnis as Kamal fails throughout to evoke anybody's sympathy because of her selfish character. She is selfishness incarnate and nobody seems to regret her fate.

But, this, of course, speaks volumes for her acting ability.

Enakshi Ramrao in male attire in "Yangrila".

"WE THREE" STILL A DRAW

4th Week At The Roxy

The crowds that gather from day to-day to see "We Three" at the Roxy are as thick as during the opening week, and the indications point to a prolonged run extending to many weeks.

As a social story of topical interest, Sagar had a tough job in handling the many psychological situations that abound in the picture, but they have been equal to the task and have handled the theme competently.

The principal members of the cast—Motilal, Maya, Rose and Yakub—show a high level of acting talent in interpreting the conflicting emotions and ambitions of young college boys and girls. The heavy note of the emotional passages towards the end is set off by the hilariously breezy scenes of college life which open the story. It is an all-round entertainment which must appeal to all tastes

NEW THEATRES' STUDIO NEWS

Progress Of 'Street Singer' And Bar-didi

CALCUTTA (By Mail)

"Street Singer": The early-age episodes in the life of Manju and Bhulua (Kanan and Saigal) were completed last week. Now the unit will have to work on the locations for a few days. Last week Director Phani Majumdar accompanied by Dilip Gupta and Boken Chatto went out to search suitable locations. In some of these locations—the concluding scenes of the story will be taken. A few location shots are also needed to render the proper atmosphere to the songs of Kanan and Saigal. Director Phani Majumdar gave some graphic descriptions of the grimness of some of the location scenes to be taken and there is absolutely no reason why these scenes will not be adequately reproduced on the screen. Director Majumdar is treating everything in a straight and simple manner, which may be taken as the best and the surest way to reach the audience mind.

"Bar-Didi" throughout the last week, Director Amar Mallick was found busy, shooting various scenes on Sound Stage No. 3. The action took place on the spacious set, showing Suren's 'study' and on ante-chamber leading to the inner-apartment of Brojo Babu's house.

Nawab and Nirmal Banerji, Nivanani and Bela were introduced in the above scenes as the pair of servant and maid-servant, in Hindi and Bengali respectively. So far, they are reported to have done their very best, in the important type-roles they are playing.

From some of the 'rushes' already tested on the screen, Director Mallick is convinced of the high standard, his unit has so far maintained, in Sound, photography and mounting, With Bimal Roy as the photographer, Bani Dutt as the recordist and Pankaj Mallick as the Music Director—Mr. Amar Mallick can easily assure us of a first class treat.

Pandit Kedar Sharma, the well-known Hindi scholar and actor, is the writer of the Hindi dialogue and songs.

Sarala and Kapoor in "Gorakh Aya" coming shortly to West-End.

"GOPAL KRISHNA"

"Premiere Audiences in Eleventh Week" was a slogan used in the week-end publicity of Prabhat's "Gopal Krishna". One was inclined to put it down as one of those exaggerations which are at once the strength and weakness of film publicity. On going to the Central Cinema, however, one would be agreeably surprised to discover that the publicity was a sober statement of fact. The audiences at the Central are vast and thoroughly cosmopolitan.

"Gopal Krishna" is the big draw that it is, by virtue of its trade mark: that is, by the appeal of those virtues which have made the Prabhat reputation. It is a typical example of what the art of the producer and the imagination of the director can do to a common theme. The boyhood of Krishna is a theme so well known, the public is so familiar with it, that it may almost be said to have little charm left. But the film "Gopal Krishna" is full of that element of surprise, which is the soul of drama and the essence of entertainment.

A Martial scene from "Rajkumari" of Royal.

Ratnaprabha, Londhe and Chandrakant in Saraswati's coming picture "Raja Gopichand."

Cavalcade Of Fun And Frolic

Promise Held Out By Huns' "Brahmachari"

KOLHAPUR. (By Mail).

Huns Pictures' new social hit: "Brahmachari" is ready to be released by the end of this month. It is going through the final scrutiny of technicians for the additions of minute niceties. Mr. Baburao Pendharkar is personally supervising the editing side of it.

"Brahmachari" is a buoyant, full length comedy, written by the wizard humorist, Principal Atre, writer of Huns' "Dharmaveer" and "Premveer." From the first foot to the last, it is a cavalcade of fun and frolic. With Master Vinayak in the lead, the cast includes the well-known pair Salvi & Bapurao Powar—of "Premveer" fame, Malvankar, the renowned comedian of Marathi stage and Jog, a new find.

The heroine's role is played by Meenakshi, a fresh addition to the luminaries of the screen. Fresh from the school, where she was ranked among the first few, she is a clever, witty and charming girl, who dances splendidly, sings superbly and acts well. The duets between Master Vinayak and Meenakshi are sure to be sensational. The heroine in the picture portrays a typical modern college "queen," a man-hater in the beginning, who in the long run vehemently loves the "Brahmachari."

This picture will be a land mark in photography too. Mr. Pandurangrao Naik has for the first time attempted with a remarkable success back-projection effects in railway cabin scenes. In addition to this the speed of the comedy is heightened by the most appropriate taking, significance of which will be appreciated by the amateur technicians.

While thus "Brahmachari" is getting its finishing touches in the studio, Mr. V. S. Khandekar is giving the last punctuation marks to the next Huns social in which Mr. Khandekar has fulfilled his aspirations in writing a picturesque character for Mr. Baburao Pendharkar. Emotional and magnificent, Baburao Pendharkar will appear in this picture in altogether different colours. He will be supported by Indira Wadkar, Meenakshi, Salvi, Malvankar and other Huns notables. This social production had to be picked up prior to "Amrit," as the "Amrit" outdoors are prevented by the showers of monsoon. Immediately after this, it goes without say, Mr. Pendharkar will resume the shooting of "Amrit."

IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT FEVER

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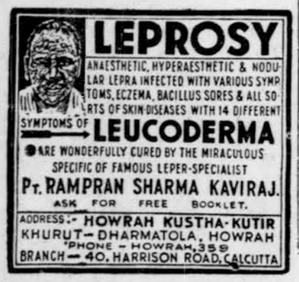
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VISUAL INSTRUCTION

Deputation To Meet Premier For Urging Use Of Films

(From Our Own Correspondent).

POONA: July 17.

A meeting of professors and teachers in the educational institutions in Poona City was held this morning in the Prabhat Talkies Theatre, under the auspices of the Shiksha Vichar Mandal and Poona Educational Film Association to discuss the recommendations of the Adult Education Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay with reference to visual instruction.

Two interesting educational films showing spinning and weaving and bee-hives in Germany were exhibited by Mr. K. S. Hirlekar of the Agfa Photo Company of Bombay, who had specially come here at the invitation of the two associations.

Principal P. K. Atre, one of the conveners of the meeting, while speaking on the occasion referred to one of the recommendations of the Committee regarding the use of educational films and slides in teaching certain subjects. The Committee, he said, suggested that this method was expensive and was only a sort of a luxury. The Government need not, therefore, encourage or support this method of instruction. This view of the Committee, he added, was merely a superficial one. The method of visual instruction was recognised as one of the best methods in all the advanced countries and it deserved support from Government. The speaker was sorry to find that the importance of films and slides in educational activities was not realised by the Committee and the Government.

Prof. V. N. Kumbhare also stressed the necessity of using films in giving lessons on historical incidents and said that these were a great aid to the teacher.

It was announced that the associations concerned will take a deputation to the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister and Minister for Education, and place this point of view before him and urge the necessity of supporting the efforts made by others in this connection.

USE OF FILMS IN ADULT EDUCATION

(Continued from Page 16).

crafts, hand-looms, hand spinning and weaving of Khaudar, Tanning.

6. Village sanitation, improved methods of farming, poultry, cattle breeding and other allied village industries.

7. How to combat plant-pests and animal diseases, how to dry fruits and vegetables at home, how to improve the wool and wheat industries, how to improve dairy farming and poultry raising.

8. Knowledge of present public organisations like the Indian National Congress, Servants of India Society, Benares Hindu University, Gurukul, Shantiniketan, etc.

9. Knowledge of Indian Colonies outside India.

10. Social problems like vices, prohibition, redemption of debts, untouchability, removal of superstitious ideas, with special reference to the schemes of Ministers for improving the existing conditions.

11. Knowledge of civics, unity and discipline.

12. Information of important present-day events.

13. Removal of illiteracy and spread of primary education.

14. Physical culture, development and spread of Indian games.

15. Preaching the aspirations of the Nation and placing before the youths of the country practical ideals of service to the motherland.

WHAT THEY DO IN CREST

That a film is being employed on an ever-increasing scale for education of the child and the adult, will be evident from various publications both official and non-official in all the leading countries of the world. I mention but a few such publications which will give an idea of the extent and purpose to which the film is being used in some of these countries.

1. "A National Encyclopaedia of Educational Films" published by: The Central Informtaion Bureau, for Educational Films, Ltd., London.

2. "Our Movie Made Children", published by: The MacMillan Co., New York.

3. "Film Education in Japan", published by: Department of Education, Tokio, Japan., 1937.

4. "Begriff und Gestatung des Unterrichtsfilms", published by: W. Kohlhammer Verlag, Berlin., 1937.

While admitting the value of the educational film, a lot has been said which would give the impression that it is the considered opinion of the committee that there is no need or occasion to take the subject seriously, I wish to emphasise the fact in this dissent that sufficient evidence has not been taken to justify this conclusion. They practically admit this when they say "It is quite likely that this particular Chapter in our Report will be disappointing to many. It is also quite likely that if the Committee had been charged with the preparation of a Report on Visual Education alone, as was a committee recently by the Central Provinces Government, that our conclusions would have been different"

I, therefore wish to stress with all the emphasis at my command that the film will be found to be a very valuable asset in mass-education and the matter does not deserve to be shelved as has been done in the report.

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT CANCELLED

Sequel To Irregularities In Hubli Co-op Land Mortgage Bank

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, July 19.

There were serious irregularities in the working of the Hubli Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank. The Registrar, Co-operative Societies, has cancelled the present Board of Directors and nominated a new Board by an order dated July 1. The Registrar's order is as follows:—

"Whereas the inquiry instituted under Sec. 43 of the Co-operative Societies Act, into the affairs of the Hubli Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank, Hubli District Dharwar, brought to light serious irregularities in the working of the bank and whereas the interest of the bank demanded immediate change in the personnel of the Board of Directors of the bank, the Registrar in exercise of powers vested in him under by law 33 A of the Bank, hereby cancels the appointment of the following gentlemen as directors on the Board of the Hubli Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank:

"Rao Bahadur C. S. Shirhatti, Messrs. K. F. Patil, M. F. Patil, Rao Saheb Chanappagowda Basangouda Patil, Messrs M. B. Hurlikoppi and N. V. Patil.

"Pending elections under By Law 31 of the Bank, the Registrar hereby nominates the following gentlemen under provisions of By Law 33 A to take their place as Directors of the Board of the Bank:

Mr. T. T. Mudraddi, landlord, Director Karnatak Central Co-operative Bank, Chairman; Rao Bahadur K. B. Valvekar, Chairman Hubli Urban Co-operative Bank Limited, Messrs. Virbhadragouda L. Patil, Chairman, Hirebindigeri Co-operative Society, Taluka Shiggaon, K. B. Dundur,, Chairman, Hubli Taluka Supervising Union, R. H. Goodwalla, B.A., LL.B., Registrar's nominee, Hantappa Fakirappa Gorvi Chairman, Attigeri Co-operative Credit Society Unlimited.

MADRAS ARRESTS DAY BY DAY

Two More Pickets Apologise And Get Release

MADRAS, July 19.

Chengalani and S. D. Perumal, two volunteers were arrested by the Police to-day for picketing in front of the Hindu Theological School in connection with anti-Hindi campaign.

About 175 persons have been so far arrested. About 110 persons have been convicted in connection with the campaign.

Subramania Chetty and Srinivasa Naidu, two other volunteers who were charged to-day before the Third Presidency Magistrate with picketing in front of the Premier's house apologised and were ordered to be released on their furnishing bonds for Rs. 25 and Rs. 50 respectively. Since the inauguration of the campaign ten persons have similarly apologised. —United Press.

All India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, July 19.

The following are maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall recorded at Poona Observatory:—

	Max. Temp	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Since June 1	Min Temp	Departure from normal
Agra	87	76	T	9.1	+0.8
Amraoti	82	74	0.6	16.2	+4.0
Akola	82	74	0.2	25.2	+11.8
Ahmedabad	91	78	—	12.0	+0.9
Ajmer	95	79	—	4.5	−2.9
Ahmednagar	89	69	T	16.6	+3.4
Ambala	84	75	2.3	6.5	−1.8
Ahmedabad	81	75	2.2	17.9	+6.7
Benares	84	77	0.3	15.9	+4.5
Bareilly	86	77	T	14.4	+1.1
BOMBAY	82	76	0.6	43.1	+7.4
Bangalore	82	67	T	3.3	−2.1
Bhopal	81	74	0.1	27.9	-
Baroda	90	78	0.1	19.3	-
Belgaum	75	68	0.1	17.0	0.7
Bahawalpur	106	81	—	0	−1.6
Bijapur	87	70	—	7.9	+3.2
Bellary	91	76	—	1.6	−1.3
Bhavnagar	95	80	—	9.1	+1.3
Chittagong	87	78	T	34.3	+0.7
Calcutta	91	78	1.1	12.3	−7.4
Cuttack	87	76	0.1	15.3	−1.9
Cawnpore	85	76	0.4	17.4	+8.2
Calicut	82	73	0.9	69.8	+17.1
Colombo	85	78	—	5.2	−6.3
Cheerapunji	72	65	T	210.3	+45.7
Cocanada	84	74	0.8	12.3	+4.8
Cochin	82	74	0.6	42.2	−0.7
Dehra Dun	79	71	0.5	33.3	+9.2
Delhi	90	76	1.6	5.3	−3.1
Dehra 1 Khan	104	85		1.4	−0.5
Darjeeling	64	57	2.4	57.6	+11.2
Desa	93	77	0.1	3.5	−0.9
Dalhousie	—	—	0.9	20.5	+1.3
Fort Sandeman	103	81	—	0.9	−1.0
Gorakhpur	86	77	6.5	24.7	+9.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	85	71	0.5	—	—
Hyderabad (Sind)	95	82	—	1.5	−0.7
Indore	82	72	T	28.7	+16.8
Jhansi	87	75	0.1	20.1	+8.7
Jubbulpore	79	75	0.1	24.1	+6.4
Jacobabad	108	83	—	0	−0.7
Jaipur	97	81	—	4.6	−2.8
Karwar	85	74	0.6	58.9	−3.8
Karachi	85	80	—	0.1	- 2.5
Kodaikanal	62	53	T	4.3	−3.0
Kandwa	83	75	0.1	19.5	+8.9
Lucknow	79	76	1.5	25.7	+14.6
Ludhiana	91	74	0.6	2.7	−5.0
Lahore	104	81	—	5.3	+0.3
Lyallpur	103	86	—	4.5	+1.5
Multan	103	85	—	1.2	−0.2
Mysore	83	67	0.1	2.1	−2.5
Madras	93	81	—	2.5	−1.6
Maymyo	79	67	0.6	5.3	−3.8
Marmagoa	—	—	-	-	—
Malegaon	84	72	—	9.9	+2.6
Mussoorie	64	55	0.8	29.8	+10.9
Mahableshwar	65	60	4.5	143.4	+41.9
Murree	74	65	T	17.2	+6.6
Mount Abu	73	65	0.1	11.8	−5.4
Masulipatam	86	73	1.4	10.3	+1.7
Mandalay	94	78	—	5.5	−2.3
Mangalore	85	74	0.5	83.5	+22.0
Meerut	—	—	0.1	8.2	−1.0
Mercara	69	63	1.3	69.1	+17.7
Nagpur	84	73	0.2	26.0	+8.3
Ootacamund	62	52	T	5.5	−4.3
Patna	86	78	0.1	19.0	+3.6
Peshawar	106	87	—	1.0	−0.1
Poona	78	70	0.2	10.7	+1.7
Pachmarhi	73	68	0.1	39.6	+16.3
Port Blair	84	75	0.3	40.2	+11.3
Quetta	99	64	—	0	—
Ranchi	82	74	—	11.8	−7.0
Rawalpindi	97	80	—	14.6	+8.2
Rangoon	85	73	1.6	27.3	−3.4
Ratnagiri	84	74	2.2	72.9	+22.5
Rajkot	90	78	—	12.7	+1.7
Sialkot	95	77	0.1	8.4	+1.1
Srinagar	94	67	—	3.1	+0.1
Sholapur	87	71	0.1	19.0	+11.6
Shillong	76	63	—	21.9	−4.5
Simla	66	57	1.0	13.5	−2.5
Surat	85	77	0.2	22.7	+3.9
Salem	92	74	T	2.9	−2.4
Trichinopoly	96	79	—	1.5	−0.5
Trivandrum	84	75	0.1	16.2	−2.0
Vizagapatam	87	77	—	11.1	+3.6

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 cents.

WELCOME CHANGE IN CITY'S WEATHER

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The sun has been shining intermittently since morning. There are a few patches of clouds, but there seems little possibility of a heavy rainfall for a few hours to come. There might be a few showers in the evening. This change in weather is welcomed. It is cool in spite of the sun.

Due to bad weather for the past two or three days complaints of cold and fever are heard everywhere.

The city has had 7.41 inches of rainfall more than the normal expected. The highest rainfall in the City recorded is 44.35 inches and that at Matunga.

During the last 24 hours, rain favoured north of the city more than the south, Matunga having received 1.20 inches while Colaba recorded only 60 cents. of rainfall.

The maximum temperature was 81.9 degrees, three degrees below normal, while the minimum was a degree below the normal.

Humidity in the atmosphere was only 85 per cent.

HAJ PILGRIM TRANSPORT

SIMLA, July 19.

It is understood that a conference of representatives of commercial firms and the Government of India will probably be held in Simla with a view to exploring the possibilities of an amicable agreement between the shipping companies, which are carrying pilgrims to Mecca.

A good deal of controversy has been raging over the question of transport of Haj pilgrims. Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Company had uptil now virtual monopoly in this trade. The Scindia Steam Navigation Company has now come in the field.—United Press.

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Plea For Urdu Posters Of B. B. & C. I. Concessions

AJMER, July 19.

Hakim Mohd. Ishaq Dehlavi, Secretary Khawja Fair Committee, wires:—

Regarding zone tickets on the B.B. & C.I. Railway will the railway authorities kindly publish details of concessions in Urdu posters also for Muslim public's information? There being no poster available in Urdu or even in English at Ajmer station, so far many are unable to understand the details.

LANGUAGE PROBLEMS IN LEGISLATURES

Working Committee To Decide Issue

MADRAS, July 19.

It is understood that the Congress Working Committee at its meeting at Wardha on July 23, will consider the question as to whether members of the Madras and Bombay Legislatures could address meetings thereof in their mother tongue.

It is stated that the Andhra members of the Madras Legislature have decided to insist that they should be allowed to speak in Telugu on the floor of the Legislature in future.—United Press.

D. L. B. TEACHERS

Transfer Orders Suspended

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, July 19.

On enquiry it is reliably learnt that the Education Department has been instructed by the Premier to suspend the recent transfers of teachers in the District School Boards. Freshly appointed Administrative Officers are instructed to consider the cases individually.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Nasik District Central Co-op. Bank In Liquidation

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Before considering the question of Liquidation Vs. Reconstitution, it is necessary to ascertain the actual financial position of the Bank to-day. The only means available to the public for the purpose are the quarterly statements published by the Registrar C. S. in the Bombay Government Gazette, and in English. They are, therefore, not available to the ordinary depositor in the mofussil nor understood by him. Again, they are usually published a long time after the end of the quarter to which they relate. The latest statement available for the quarter ending 31st December 1937 and was published on the 21st April 1938. This long delay makes them practically useless. Cannot this delay be avoided? Why should not each bank be asked to publish its statement in a local paper and in the language of the district?

The statement for the quarter ending June 1937 shows a net profit to the Bank of Rs. 32,475/-. The statement for December 1937 (that for September 1937 was not available to me) shows no profit at all. How has the former profit disappeared? No dividend was paid. There is no increase in the reserve fund. Where has this profit gone? Or was it a mere mirage created by the Bank and allowed by the Department to beguile poor depositors?

Part III of the statement makes an interesting reading. Each statement shows a sum of nearly five and half lacs of rupees as expected to be recovered from the village societies in the succeeding quarter (col. 6). These expectations are always belied, but are still continued from quarter to quarter. The Registrar is always a Revenue officer of considerable standing. Does he believe that a sum of nearly five lakhs of rupees or about one-third of the entire revenue of the district would be paid by the members of about 200 agricultural societies between June and October any year? Why were such unmeaning estimates allowed to be published? Their effect can only misguide the unwary depositor to believe in the stability of the Bank. Not only the Bank but the Department also be held responsible for this.

The actual financial condition of the Bank revealed by these statements is not hopeless According to the statement for December 1937,—the latest available—the figures are:—

ASSETS:—

Cash in hand and in outside banks	20,589
Govt. Paper	1,55,576
Loans to agri. societies	5,68,875
Loans to non-agri. societies	11,676
Total	7,56,731

LIABILITIES:—

Deposits from individuals	6,13,782
Deposits from Societies &c.,	54,046
Drawn from cash credit	46,081
Total	7,13,909

These figures do not show a hopeless situation. The real difficulty would seem to be the recovery of the arrears. The quarterly statements do not help us in finding out this. Col. 10 of part II of statement shows the total amount recovered during the preceding twelve months including the quarter. The actual amount recovered during that particular quarter may be anything, even nil. The Bank has no executive authority for taking any action for recovery except refusing further credit to defaulting societies and their members. If the directors of the Bank have exceeded their powers and made advances in such cases, entailing loss on the Bank, can they not be brought to book? Both the shareholders and the depositors are entitled to know what has brought about the present necessity for the liquidation of the Bank and it is hoped the Registrar will not refuse this information. The result of the present liquidation will be to free the small land holding or landless defaulters from their debts at the sacrifice of the depositors and shareholders. An "Andhar Nagari Raj", where the culprit may go free, but the innocent must suffer.—Yours, etc.

Nasik. A CO-OPERATOR.

IF YOUR BREATH HAS A SMELL YOU CAN'T FEEL WELL

Unless 2 pints of bile juice flow from our liver into our bowels every day, our movements get hard and constipated and our food decays unnaturally in our 28 feet of bowels. This decay sends poison all over our body every six minutes. It makes us gloomy, grouchy and no good for anything. Our friends smell this decay coming out of our mouth and call it bad breath. Laxatives and mouth washes only help a little. Take Carter's Little Liver Pills. They get those 2 pints of bile flowing freely and then you feel on the "up and up." Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name and get what you ask for. Price: As. 10.

Must The Insurance Superintendent Be An Actuary?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—We find that Pandit Santanam's letter of 14th May last to us has appeared in a previous issue of your Paper and in view of that we trust you will be good enough to publish our reply thereto, a copy whereof we are enclosing herewith.—Yours, etc.

B. K. SHAH.
K. R. SRINIVASAN.
S. N. VAIDYA.
L. S. VAIDYANATHAN.

Bombay, 15th June 1938.

Pandit K. Santanam. Lahore.

Dear Sir,

We have received your letter and if you will refer to ours of 28th March last, you will find that while we have purely in self-defence cautioned the public as to in what light they should take your observations about Actuaries, by indicating the general tone of your Address, nowhere have we attempted to examine or justify each and every action of the various persons who were responsible for shaping the Act and nowhere have we objected to fair criticism. We do not, therefore, know how you say that we have constituted ourselves as the champions of each and everybody you have criticised. As regards what you say in this connection about the last signatory to this, he has already replied to you direct.

Coming now to the question at issue, if, as you now say, the point that you wished to make was that the provision in the Act requiring the Superintendent to be an Actuary has restricted the choice and is on that account undesirable and that there might be other persons besides Actuaries extremely fit for the post, there would have been no occasion at all for our first letter since we would then have taken it as an honest difference of opinion between you and those who are responsible for the above provision in the Act. But that is not where you stopped. In your enthusiasm to support the claim of others besides Actuaries, you went out of your way to disparage the Actuarial Profession. 'Actuaries' you said, are persons with a specialized knowledge of a certain Department of Life Insurance, and do not concern themselves with the executive or administrative side, or the side concerning the organization of the field force of a Life Insurance Company. They are concerned purely with the mathematical side and the actuarial side of the Tables of Premia adopted by Life Insurance Companies. It is to this most narrow view of the equipment and duties of an Actuary and particularly to your following observations,

> "As a rule we cannot expect him (an Actuary) to be so (a good executive officer)"
>
> "To expect men of this kind to take up the onerous duties of a Superintendent is really expecting too much"

that we took and still take exception. If your thesis was merely that other persons besides Actuaries might be fit for the post, one fails to see the relevancy of your above remarks about Actuaries which betray, however, that what you wanted to make out was that Actuaries as a rule are not good executive officers and consequently incompetent to hold the office of Superintendent. We must confess to a sense of surprise, therefore, at your protestation that the question of belittling the Actuarial profession was far from your mind and does not arise at all, and at the attitude of injured innocence that you now assume to give the public the impression that we have unnecessarily taken umbrage at your remarks. Your charge that we are attempting to create a close preserve for ourselves is baseless for none of us ever tried for the post of Superintendent while it is common knowledge that repeated, if unavailing, efforts were made by some to get the provision in question annulled so that the position might be open to anybody.

We find that you have now considerably modified the stand you took in your Address. Confronted with the fact that it is becoming the rule all over the World that Actuaries become the Managers of Life Assurance Companies, you probably realise the hopelessness of maintaining any further your view that Actuaries who have executive abilities are exceptions and not the rule and now you shift your position and say that your above remarks were meant to refer only to Indian Actuaries, though in your Presidential Address you have made no such qualification, in spite of your claiming that it is couched in "most careful and guarded language." We feel that this stand is equally indefensible, for is there any "a priori" reason why Indian Actuaries, who face the identical examinations which their colleagues in other parts of the World have to, should be found wanting in executing ability as compared to the latter? Even granting for the moment your contention that Indian Actuaries do not concern themselves with the executive or administrative side, the utmost you can say is that they have not had opportunities of proving their executive ability, but how does it justify your conclusion that they are deficient in executive ability which is quite a different thing? How many Indian Actuaries have been tested and found wanting in executive ability? On your own admission, Indian Actuaries, if they get the chance, might turn out to be very good Managers. How then do you come to the conclusion that Actuaries who will turn out to be good executive officers are exceptions and not the rule?

You have contended that Indian Actuaries are "concerned purely with the mathematical side and the actuarial side of the tables of premia." This is essentially a question of fact and we very much wish you had ascertained the actual position—which you had every facility to do by virtue of the office you held—before hazarding this observation which is not borne out by facts. If your contention were correct, it will lead to the "reductio ad absurdum" that there is absolutely no need for an Actuary in a Life Assurance Company—all the Premium Tables being prepared at the very inception of a Company and stray quotations that may have to be given once in a while not warranting the employment of a full time Actuary—and "a fortiori" for having more than one Actuary in an Office, though you will admit that there are such instances even in India. The Manager's is not the only executive position in a Life Office of respectable size. The Manager is the chief executive officer, which itself implies that there are other executive officers, and the Actuary's duties also are certainly executive in nature as you will find if only you take the trouble to ascertain the facts.

We quite agree with you that if it were contended that, because an Actuary knows about investments 'the financial expert to the Government and even the Finance Member should be an Actuary,' etc., 'it would be taking the arguments to absurd lengths'; only, nowhere have we made such an unreasonable claim nor does it follow logically from what we have said. Again, we are unable to find in our last letter anything that can be construed to be a claim that every Actuary has 'an encyclopaedic knowledge of a vast number of subjects with an unlimited capacity to manage men and institutions.' It will be as well if we remind you that your contention was that an Actuary has as a rule no executive or administrative ability and this we proceeded to disprove by showing how his educational equipment covers practically every phase of Life Assurance business and how that enables him to take a broad view of every problem affecting a Life Assurance Office.

You next proceed to say that a person with a very good commercial training can also manage a Life Assurance Company very well with the help and advice of an Actuary on the technical side, but we need only say that an Actuary can perform the same function without any body else's advice or help of a guiding nature. Incidentally, is not training in Life Office Administration, Law, Investments, Accounts, Organization etc., which you yourself admit every Actuary receives commercial training with special reference to Life Office management and, on that account, if anything more useful in a Life Office than general commercial training? If you concede this, it is difficult to see how the specialized commercial training which an Actuary receives is as a rule incompatible with executive ability, while general commercial training, according to you, connotes executive ability. As to what you have remarked about 'Companies which are doing very well,' we feel we have no right to import into this correspondence a discussion of the soundness or otherwise of individual Companies and so do not propose to examine your statement.

We never disputed the fact that no Indian Actuary has had anything seriously to do with Motor, Fire, Marine, Accident etc. Insurance business. We however fail to see how this question is relevant at all. For the matter of that, how many persons are there in India, even outside the Actuarial profession, who can claim to have intimate experience of Life as well as General Insurance business? What we had made out in our previous letter was that an Actuary was as competent as any other person to scrutinize and analyse the Returns of General Insurance Companies under the Insurance Act but, nowhere did we make a claim that Actuaries, solely in virtue of their Actuarial training, were also competent to manage General companies, though instances are not wanting of Actuaries acquiring proficiency in the technique of General Insurance business and eventually rising to the position of Managers of General Companies. Your statement that there are hardly any Actuaries in India or abroad who are in full charge of an Insurance Company transacting all classes of Insurance and that there may exist one or two exceptions in the World, is not supported by facts, for, taking the composite Companies operating in Great Britain alone, at least 11 have Actuaries as Principal Officers, not to mention those that have Actuaries as Second Officers etc.

Under the Indian Insurance Act of 1928, all General companies have to submit returns to Government and since the date on which this Act came into force, these returns have been scrutinized on behalf of Government by the Actuary to the Government of India, an Officer who has admittedly had only Actuarial training and not General Insurance training. We are not aware of either any complaint having been made hitherto by General Insurance Companies or any difficulty experienced by Government in connection with the scrutiny of the returns submitted by the various General Insurance Companies, nor do we anticipate any in the future either, after the new Act comes into force. If there is any type of statistics which you feel an Actuary will find himself unequal to the task of examining, we shall be interested to know.

You argue that amongst the Superintendents of Insurance in Canada and U. S. A. there are to be found Lawyers, Accountants, etc., but we feel the comparison is highly misleading because while in Canada and U. S. A. the minimum standard of Valuation is prescribed by statute, thus reducing the task of the Superintendent in this respect to merely ensuring that the reserves are not less than those required by Law, the position in India is entirely different. Companies here are free to value on any justifiable bases; only, they have to furnish full details of the bases and methods adopted in the Valuation in the form laid down in Schedules IV and V and on the Superintendent rests the responsibility of examining and satisfying himself that the bases and methods are justifiable and this function, which certainly requires technical knowledge, can be satisfactorily performed only by an Actuary and not by a Lawyer or an Accountant.

In attempting to sit in judgment over us and hinting that none of us is fit to hold the position of Superintendent of Insurance, you are unduly magnifying your importance though we are not perturbed by your vicarious verdict.

We are afraid we cannot subscribe to your view that, because you delivered the Address in your capacity as President of the Indian Life Offices Association, we should not have attempted to criticise the same. The responsibility for any views expressed in a Presidential Address rests solely on the President and the Association cannot in fairness be made to shoulder the same. This explains why we had to write to you personally and, if our letter was strongly worded, we must say that your ill-informed criticism of our profession left us no alternative. At the risk of repetition we have pointed out earlier in this letter as well, the precise remarks of yours which we consider irresponsible and objectionable. If, in the face of these, you still maintain that the question of belittling the Actuarial profession was far from your mind and does not arise at all, we can only say that your words fail to reflect your thoughts and there the matter must end so far as we are concerned. As regards the advice you have profered in the concluding sentence of your letter, we feel that it will be best to leave us to take care of our own interests.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) B. K. SHAH.
(Sd.) K. R. SRINIVASAN.
(Sd.) S. N. VAIDYA.
(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAN.

Dried Banana Industry

To the Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your paper of the 15th instant the Assistant Secretary of the Bombay Economic and Industrial Survey Committee has submitted the report of the grievances of Industries of the Thana District.

That the Industries have their grievances is beyond doubt and the Committee might in its report recommend to the Government their recommendations in the due course of time. I may however be permitted to draw the attention of the Committee and particularly its Secretary to the interview he had granted to a representative of the Bombay Canning and Fruit Productions Ltd., some time in April, in connection with the possibility and prospect of Canning in this Presidency and also to the dry fruit industry with special reference to the Dried Banana Industry. During the course of the interview, samples were actually shown to the Secretary of dried bananas of varieties hitherto not experimented upon in any place in the Presidency. It is therefore surprising to read in the report under consideration the pessimistic note sounded in connection with "Sukeli" or dried banana industry. The grounds of this hopelessness are of course not disclosed in the report. But I take this opportunity of reassuring the Committee and its Secretary that "all is not lost". The village which the Secretary visited and which is pretty known for producing dried bananas cannot be taken to be the last source of authoritative information on Dried Banana Industry as the local cultivators of this rich Indian fruit have not sufficiently experimented upon the problem. The notion prevailing there on the possibility of drying this fruit is too narrow and unauthoritative in view of the fact that sufficient attention has not been paid by the cultivators to all the available varieties of the fruit. A cursory glance to the old reports of the Agricultural Department published in the form of bulletins and journals will sufficiently bear me out in my assertion in favour of the prospect of this industry. I am definitely aware of a recent enquiry from the Persian Gulf side made to a Crawford Market Vendor for export of this fruit. I wonder whether the Committee would not profit more by incorporation into their body some one who can speak with some authority based on experience and knowledge of the past, especially when the Committee is dealing with fruit and other agricultural produce. I think the Presidency can rightfully claim services of one of the pensioners of the Agricultural Department.—Yours, etc.,

A. K. KARKARE.

Bombay, July 16.

PUBLIC • SERVICE IN HYDERABAD

(Continued from Page 6).

adopted as the future language for 'inter-provincial purposes.' Now responsible Government officials call the local Urdu—which is hardly understood by the Muslims of Bombay and Madras presidency, as it contains a large number of Arabic and Persian words—Hindustani, to take shelter under Wardha decisions; but the fact remains that it is mother-tongue of only 15 lacs of Muslims, while the 67 lacs of Andhras have Telugu as their mother-tongue, 37 lacs of Marathas have Marathi as their mother-tongue and 18 lacs of Kannadigas have Kannada as their mother-tongue. Although after a good deal of agitation medium of instruction in the case of girls is permitted to be the local vernacular upto Middle School, Urdu is made compulsary. Can such a state of affairs be justified from a purely educational point of view?

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Rangoon Letter

STRIKE IN BURMA OIL COMPANY

Premier's Intervention Brings It To Close

RANGOON, (By Mail.)

The beginning has been marked of the Buddhist Lent which lasts about four months. The devout Buddhists are busy in arranging offerings to the Pongyis and making arrangements to spend the first two days in a monastery in meditation and prayer. During the past few weeks the cupid was extremely busy and there had been a number of marriage ceremonies to-day which is the last day for such ceremony till the Lent is over. During this period of Lent Buddhists are not supposed to contract any marriages or hold any social functions or indulge in dancing or music or merry-making in any form but to spend a part of the day in prayer, visiting the Pagodas at intervals and making offerings to monks and doing as much charities as the means could afford.

ROTARY EXTENSION IN BURMA

The Rotary movement came to Burma in 1929 when two clubs were established in Rangoon and Thayetmyo as result of the visit by late Rotarian Davidson. The movement since then has been lingering on and no special efforts had been made for extension of the movement in the country. The Rangoon Rotary Club which is the sponsor club in Burma has since last year been trying its best to form new clubs in different parts of Burma, but one attempt made at Meiktile did not prove successful. To help the Rangoon Rotary Club in its extension scheme and to undertake tour to visit the places already selected to examine the possibilities and to establish clubs if possible, Rotarian Henry Bryant, Field Representative of Rotary International, stationed in India, is arriving tomorrow from Madras to spend a couple of weeks in Burma. An extensive tour programme has been drawn up for him while efforts are being made to inaugurate clubs in six places selected by the sponsor club. Although Rotary is making headway in India the ideal of the movement has not yet impressed the people of this country but the country affords the most suitable for such movement.

Mr. J. D. Ghose, B.A., B.L., has been admitted into the Burma Judicial Service and appointed as the Assistant Judge on probation. He has been posted in Pegu for his training. Mr. Ghose is the son of Rai Sahib S. B. Ghose, Under-Secretary to the Government, Land and Revenue Department. Mr. Ghose who is educated in Rangoon is a good footballer and well-known in the sporting circles

POLITICAL LIFE

A few words of advice for the young men intending to take up politics as a career was given by the Home Minister Sir Paw Tun in course of his speech. Sir Paw Tun started his life as teacher in Rangoon and among his pupils are Dr. Thein Maung Commerce Minister, U. Thein Maung, Advocate-General and U. Ba Lwin, Deputy President of the Senate. Training he received as a schoolmaster and later as a interpreter in the Chief Court (now High Court) stood him in good stead, said Sir Paw Tun, when he entered on his career in politics. It was true he sacrificed much when he had given up law for politics and he advised all his young friends to think deeply before they decided to take up politics which were at present-day very complex. "Once you enter politics you have to carry on. Therefore feather your nest to some extent before you start politics", he said. Extensive experience, much learning, and a great deal of grit and determination were necessary. The spirit to be a politician and to serve one's country was a laudable one but one could serve one's country in many other ways and in many other spheres of life. But those who were determined to be politicians should first establish themselves as lawyers and build up their career on a strong foundation.

STRIKE AT SYRIAM

Syriam the historic little town opposite to Rangoon on the bank of Rangoon river has been in the lime light for over past two weeks because of the strike by the workers employed in the refinery of the Burma Oil Coy., Ltd. According to the strikers they have been representing their various grievances which did not receive the attention of the management in the manner they expected but as time passed on they could not help to resort to the strike. Just about a fortnight ago they suddenly went on a strike, partly influenced by the members of the Thakin Association which played a prominent part in the oil-field strike at Yenangyaung. The Burmese workers including the women refrained from going to the work while the women workers started a peaceful picketing on the roads leading to the B.O.C. Refinery Works. The police and the military police were called in for maintenance of law and order and safety of the works but nothing happened there during the days of strike excepting casual cases of stray assaults and stone throwing to a house. The strike was brought to a close through the intervention of the Premier.

The strike situation at Syriam is becoming quieter day by day. A great stir was caused there on Thursday afternoon when a sudden fire broke out in one of the wax godowns in the refinery compound. The dense black smokes rolling in volumes against the red glowing sky attracted the attention of Rangoon citizens and of places far and near. The fire the cause of which is still a mystery, completely destroyed five godowns containing refined wax in packed blocs ready for the export, causing a loss estimated to be about 25 lakhs including the cost of the buildings but fortunately through great efforts the valuable plants and oil tanks were saved and thus a greater disaster was averted. Owing to a strong suspicion as to the cause of this fire the police started an intensive investigation and so far have arrested three Burmese workers, all of whom are said to be members of the local Thakin Association, on suspicion on alleged charge of incendiarism. Investigation is still proceeding as police is hopeful to bring to light the culprits of this devastating fire.

SPREAD OF TYPHOID IN BOMBAY CITY

Need Of Inoculation And Notifying Of Cases To Health Department

Enteric or typhoid fever, which has been raging in the city of Bombay for the last two months has not shown any signs of abatement in spite of the vigilent efforts of the health department of the Bombay Municipality.

The number of attacks and deaths are more, though last week's mortality was actually less than last previous week's. Typhoid fever, which was declared to be localised in June, is stated to be now more wide-spread.

WATER SUPPLY IS PURE.

Further investigations by the Health Department have not helped in spotting out the exact sources of infection. The authorities of the Haffkine Institute, who have been investigating the sources of the desease, confirm that the water supply is quite pure and is incapable of being the carrier of the desease.

It is pointed out by the Health Department that co-operation in this behalf, from the public has been sadly lacking. Though they have taken favourably to inoculation, they are chary about sending samples of urine etc., for examination and therefore, the health department's attempt to tackle the "carrier" has not been fruitful.

It is feared that the flies that have increased in the city may possibly augment the infection.

OTHER DISORDERS.

The vigorous monsoon in addition to generally enhancing the number of attacks from enteric fever, nas also released intestinal disorders like dysentry, and diarrhoea, and respiratory troubles. Many cases of "Flu," bronchitis, and bronchial Pneumonia are reported and the increase in the general death-rate last week is largely attributed to the latter cause.

Interviewed by the Associated press Dr. R. K. Mhatre, executive Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality, said that enteric and Typhoid fever is generally caused by polluted water, milk, food, by contact with a patient suffering from the disease or by a carrier. Explaining the precautions to be taken he said that all water should be boiled before drinking and no well water should be used for cooking or drinking purposes; special attention should be given to milk, should be boiled immediately before use; all food be protected from flies or cockroaches and kept in a cool place; and that no stale food should be eaten; over-ripe and raw fruits should be avoided and; oysters and other uncooked or partially cooked shellfish are specially dangerous.

PRECAUTIONS.

"Food can be infected "he added, "in many ways, by the cook, the domestic servants, by dust and flies. Enteric fever is commonly communicated by food exposed to such sources of contamination. Articles of food and sweetmeats should be properly kept for sale in a glass case. To eat food which is not properly protected against contamination by flies, or ice-cream from street vendors, is dangerous. All fruits and green vegetables should be washed with water or potassium permanganate solution before being eaten."

Dr. Mhatre urged the imperative need for immediate need for notification in all cases of enteric fever to the Health Department. Prompt notification of cases would enable the officers of the department to visit the place and advice and render necessary assistance in checking the spread of infection by arranging the inoculation of contacts. Notification should not be evaded for fear of the patient being removed to the Hospital, as such isolation would not be insisted upon.

INOCULATION ARRANGEMENT.

"As a precautionary measure against the spread infection," the Health Officer added, "the relatives or contacts of the patient suffering from Typhoid should immediately get themselves inoculated with T. A. B. vaccine, for inoculation against typhoid reduces the risk of infection. Special arrangements have been made for free inoculation at all the District Registrar's offices and Municipal "Dispensaries."

In conclusion the Health Officer hoped that the public would fully co-operate with the Health Department in checking and bringing under control this disease.

PLEA FOR HARIJAN MINISTER

New Harijan Association Formed For Bombay Presidency

BOMBAY: Monday.

A meeting of the Harijans of Bombay was held last night at Kennedy Bridge under the presidentship of Mr. S. M. Patil, Vice-President of the Matheran Municipality and a Harijan leader of Bombay.

The meeting after preliminary discussions decided for a new organisation, called the Bombay Presidency Independent Nationalist Harijan League, whose object it will be to work in co-operation with all parties for the betterment of the lot of the Harijans in the Presidency.

An Executive Committee was appointed with Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj as President, and Mr. Patil as the Organising Secretary. The meeting also decided to urge on the Bombay Congress Party Leader to select educated Harijan candidates for nomination to any of the Legislative Bodies in future.

The meeting also urged on the Bombay Government to include a Harijan Minister in the Cabinet.—A.P.

C. P. MINISTER AND PT. MISHRA

NAGPUR, July 18.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the Hon. Pandit D. P. Mishra, Minister for Local Self-Government, C.P., and Berar, had also tendered his resignation last week, on account of differences with his colleagues, but he did not press his resignation due to persuation by Congressmen and also by some of his colleagues.—United Press.

LONDON, July 18.—The King made his first appearance at an official function since his illness at a Royal Garden Party at Buckingham Palace to-day.

At the beginning of the Party, there was a drizzle of rain and the Queen came out with the Princesses, while the King remained indoors, but an hour later the sky cleared and the King came out alone and joined the Queen and spent an hour with the guests.

READY DELIVERY SHARE CONTRACTS

An extraordinary general meeting of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association was held on Tuesday under the presidentship of Mr. K. R. P. Shroff.

The resolution adopting the draft rules will be confirmed at a meeting to be held next week. The dratt rules were put up before the meeting for the sanction of the members in order to bring them in conformity with those in connection with forward trading.

As a result of the adoption of the new rules, the members of the Exchange will be allowed to charge brokerage according to their own wish upto a stated maximum in case of a ready delivery contract and will be free to appoint any person as a subbroker for bringing business to them.

The Board will be also authorised to declare the Exchange closed for an unlimited period, so far as trading in ready delivery transactions is concerned, without the permission of Government whose sanction is required in case of closing down forward trading.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. One Crore and fifty lacs of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 19th July 1938. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,47,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-0 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-9 allotted 75 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-12-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 1,50,00,000 of three months' Government of India Tresury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 26th July 1938. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 29th July 1938. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 15th July 1938, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 7,68,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 18

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Amr Water Works Com	11 1/2
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	34 1/2
Amr Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	22
Electric Power and Light	12
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	42
Electric Bond Common	9
Electric Bond 5 per cent Pfd	52 1/4
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	29
Columbia Gas and Elec	8
United Corporation	3 1/4
Northern S Power A	12
Int Tel and Tel	10
Int Tel and Tel 4 1/2 p.c. 1939	99
American Tel and Tel	141 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	525
Western Union Telg	32
Baltimore and Ohio Railway	9
Great North Pfd Railway	22
New York Central Railway	19
Union Pacific Railway	81
Firestone Rubber	22
Firestone Rubber 6 per cent Pfd	90
United S Rubber	40
Texas Corporation	47 1/2
Sherwin Williams	7
Amr Can	100
Eaton Mff.	21
Amr Car and Foundry	26
United States Steel	60 1/2
Bethelehem Steel	61
Bethelehem Stee 7 per cent Pfd	97
Crucible Steel	36
Ludlum Steel	18
National Steel	59
Republic Steel	20
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	8
Steel Co., of Canada	71
Anaconda Copper Mining	36
Int Nickel of Canada	50 1/2
Westinghouse Air Brake	25
Chrysler Motors	69
General Motors	41 1/2
General Electric	42 3/4
Union Carbide	80 1/4
Consolidated Oil	10 1/2
Imperial Oil of Canada	17
Socony Oil	15 1/2
St Oil of N J Oil	55
Chase Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	27 3/4
Columbia Gas 6 per cent Pfd	70
Pullman	35

Turnover 1 1/2 million shares. Action indicates critical resistance level is liketo be decisively penetrated. Current week steel production 36.4 per cent. capacity against 82 1/2 per cent same period last year.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 19

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES	
3 1/2 per cent paper	99/3
4 per cent 1960/70	112/14
5 per cent 1945/55	118/2
BANKS	
Bank of Barodt	113
Bank of Hindusthan	33/4
Bank of India	142/8
Central Bank	31
Imperial Bank F P XD	1553/12
Imperial Bank P P XD	381/4
Indian Overseas Bank	43/8
Reserve Bank	116/12
Union Bank	5/6
TEXTILES	
Ahmd New Textiles	520
Ambica	237/8
Arun	395
Arvind	1040
Bharatkhand	2700
Bombay Dyeing	870
Buckingham and Carnatics	194
Central India	247/8
Century	272/8
Colaba	158/12
Delhi Cloth an Gen Mills	352/8
Elgin	212/8
Gokak	158/12
Hukumchand	190
Indore	57/8
Jubilee	201/14
Khatau Makanji	119/6
Kohinoor	281/4
Laxmi cotton	472/8
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	106/4
Morarji	132
Mysore	98/12
Nandlal Bhandari	90
New Great	230
Raipur	632/8
Rajnagar	295
Sajjan	97/8
Sholapur	1750
Simplex	86/14
Swadeshi	220
Vishnu	1165
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord	1480
Tata Hydro Ord	159/6
Tata Power Ord	1395
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	141/4
Ajmer Electrics	12/14
Bombay Suburban	149/6
Bombay Tram	119/6
Surat Electrics	169/8
MISCELLANEOUS	
Air Services of India	6N
Alcock Ashdown	307/8
Associated Cements	110/8
Celapur	165
Bombay Burma New	180/10
Bombay Burma Old	540
Bombay Steam	223/12
Bombay Telephone	86/4
B B Petrol	3/8
Burma Corporation	7/8
Dalmia Cement	10/4
Indian Bleaching	132/8
Industrial Investment Tr	40/4
Indian Radio Ord	402/8
Indian Radio Defd	502/8
Indian Copper	2/9
Indian Iron	28/2
Mysore Sugar	21/12
Port Canning	66/4
Premier Construction	67
Rohtas Industries	23/10
Scindia Steam	20/6
Shivrajpur	44/4
Tata Oil	30
Tata Steel Ordy	253
Tata Steel Defd	1175
JUTES	
Birla Jut	15/4
Howrah	45/8
Hukumchand	7
Kamarhatty	453
Kanknarrah	355
Lawrence	375
Reliance	60

Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 19.

Wheat	2,420 cwts.
Linseed	4,029 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	141 cwts.
Gingellyseed	88 cwts.
Groundnuts	5,347 cwts.
Rice	39,415 cwts.
Myrabollams	165 cwts.
Cottonseed	2,355 cwts.
Mowraseed	55 cwts.
Gram	523 cwts.
Joowar	587 cwts.
Barley	44 cwts.
Bajree	2,119 cwts.
Indian Sugar	11,613 cwts.

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 18

Smoked Sheets standard ribbed per lb	7 9/16
Sellers	

Fashion favours "4711"
"Matt-Creme" - the "4711" beauty cream and powder base. Imparts that distinguished matt complexion.
"4711" Cold Cream makes your skin supple and youthfully fresh.
"4711" Tosca Face Powder Petal-smooth and silky-fine. Delicately fragranced - in all shades.
4711
Matt-Creme
Cold Cream
TOSCA
3819

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON NINE POINTS UP

Renewed Buying And Covering In Silver

STERLING WEAKENS

BOMBAY, July 19.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The underlying sentiment in New York cotton was cheerful on account of better Liverpool cables .The price advanced on scattered trade-buying and covering.

BULLION

The silver price in London gained 3/16d over previous quotations, under the influence of bear covering.

Prices staged sharp recovery in Bombay on higher London cables which induced renewed buying and covering

London gold was active at £7-1-4 1/2, which showed a rise of 1 1/2d.

Bombay market was moderately active on scattered buying influenced by firmness of dollars.

EXCHANGE

The sterling showed easy tendency and declined further on selling pressure.

Franc continued very steady with mi nor variations.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1938

New York, July 19.

Previous closing	8.62
To-day's opening	8.67
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	8.71
Difference	+.09

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1938

Liverpool, July 19.

Previous closing	4.75
To-day's opening	4.81
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	4.82
Difference	+.07

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August	Rs. 154
April May 1939	Rs. 169

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 19.

The New York cotton was quiet but steady with not much doing but the underlying sentiment was cheerful influenced by better Liverpool cables.

The trading in October began at 8.67 i.e. five points higher. Prices showed steadiness on scattered trade-buying and covering but thereafter the demand slowed down with no fresh purchases and the price hovering around opening level.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, July 19.

The trading in Broach April/May commenced at Rs. 168. The price improved to Rs. 169, but again reacted to Rs. 168. New York October position was nine points higher when the local market closed finally at Rs. 169.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 19.

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (8.57/8.57) 8.68/8.67
December (8.64/8.64) 8.78/8.76
January (8.66/8.66) 8.80/8.80

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 19.

American July (4.71) 4.72
American October (4.79) 4.80
Egyptian July (6.80) 6.84
Egyptian November (6.64) 6.69

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, July 19.

TEAS

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 1-0
Indian Pekoe higher (1-5 1/2) 1-3 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-3 1/2

JUTE

First marks C.I.F. Continent New Crop July August (£19 5/8 paid) £19 7/8
Dunlop August (£21) £21
Lightning August (£19 1/2) £19 1/2

RUBBER

Spot (7 1/2 paid and buyers) 7 9/16 value
Forward October December (7 5/8 paid and buyers) 7 11/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay July August (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta July (£12 9/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata July (£11 5/8 sellers) £11 5/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal August (£10 15/16 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

METALS

Tin (£192 1/4 buyers £192 1/2 sellers very steady) £193 buyers £193 1/4 sellers. Firmer.
Lead (£14 5/8 buyers £14 3/4 sellers steady) £14 11/16 buyers £14 3/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic (£44 to £45) £44 1/4 to £45 1/4
Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, July 19.

Previous closing	4.92 3/16
To-day's opening	4.91 15/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.91 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 19.

Previous closing	4.92.40
To-day's opening	4.92.18
To-day's closing	4.91.78

FRANC RATE

London, July 19.

Previous closing	178.16
To-day's opening	178.15
To-day's closing	178.16

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 19.

London Exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.92.18 and then eased to 4.92.06 on scattered selling with the rate subsequently declining further to 4.91.84.

Franc opened at 178.15 and continued very steady with minor variations.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 29/32) 1-5 29/32
Paris on Bombay (13.286) 13.286
New York on Bombay (36.81) 36.75
Berlin on Bombay (0.91 1/2) 0.91 3/8
London on Milan (93.65) 93.53
London on Shanghai (0-8 7/8 nominal) 0-8 7/8 nominal
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Gold (£7-1-3) £7-1-4 1/2
Silver (19 5/16d) 19 1/2d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, July 19.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night "India bought. Bear covering small offering. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, July 19.

Spot	(19 5/16d) 19 1/2+3/16
Forward	(19 1/8d) 19 5/16+3/16

LONDON GOLD

London, July 19.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-3) £7-1-4 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, July 19.

SILVER

Silver ready	51	8	0
Silver Shravan	51	7	0
Silver Bhadarva	51	6	0

GOLD

Gold ready	35	11	0
Gold Shravan	35	11	3
Gold Bhadarva	35	11	6
Sovereign	23	0	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, July 19.

Wheat September	4	5	3
Wheat January	4	7	9
Wheat May	3	6	6
Linseed September	7	3	3
Linseed May	5	2	0

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 19.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with July 78 1/4 and Oct. 68 1/2. The market was fairly active on scattered purchases prompted by overnight steadiness of foreign cables but subsequently the trading was quiet.

3½% GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 19.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper closed finally at Rs. 99-2-0 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

Bombay, July 19.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94 1/2

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Friday July 8	£95
Monday July 11	£94 3/4
Tuesday July 12	£94 1/2
Wednesday July 13	£94 5/8
Thursday July 14	£94 1/2
Friday July 15	£94 1/2
Monday July 18	£94 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 19.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 1/2) £94 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£116) £116
4 per cent Indian 1948-69 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110) £110
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1945-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£105 7/8) £105 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75 5/8) £75 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 3/4) £103 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/4) £114 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 7/8) £102 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 5/8) £112 5/

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 19.

London Stock Exchange was fairly active on better enquiry.

Giltedged securities continued very steady with the business restricted. Three and half per cent quoted at £94 1/2 i.e. unchanged.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-7 1/2) 13-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (53-1 1/2) 58-9
Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/4 ex div) dol 4 7/8
Elec Music Industry (13-3) 13-3
Princhin Johnson (32-6) 32-6
Imperial Chemical (30-10 1/2) 31-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£32) £32
Dunlop Rubber (28-3) 28-3
Unilever Ordinary (38-0) 38-0
Ford Motors (19-3) 19-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£52) £52 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (103-9) 104-4 1/2
Carreas A (£7 5/8) £7 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (140-7 1/2) 141-10 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (21-4 1/2) 21-4 1/2
Distillers (98-0) 98-0
Bredford Dye (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-0) 3-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (38-6) 38-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (26-10 1/2 ex div) 27-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-6) 20-6
Inter Nickels (dol 50 1/4) dol 51 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (40) 42-6

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-6) 17-6
Donaro Tea (36-3) 36-3
Empire of India (26-3) 26-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-3) 29-0
Gule Kelampong (23-9) 23-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-3) 30-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40) 40-0
Burma Corporation (11-1 1/2) 11-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£14 3/8) £14 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (60-7 12) 60-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/4) £16 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (82-6) 81-3
Trinidad Leasehold (103-1 1/2) 103-1 1/2
Sun Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (28-1 1/2) 28-9
Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (28-1 1/2) 27-6
Anglo Iranian (100-7 1/2) 100
Burma Oil (89-4 1/2) 90
Mexican Eagle (5-7 1/2) 5-9
Shell Transport (92-6) 92-6
Royal Dutch (£38 3/4) £38 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£43 1/2) £43 1/2
London Midland and Scott Ordinary (£14 7/8) £14 7/8
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/4) £2 5/8
Southern Def (£15 1/4) £15 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£128 1/2) £128 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£75 1/4) £75 1/2

IMPROVED TONE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Oils And Internationals Firm

Wall Street Strong And Active

LONDON, July 19.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

The Stock Exchange undertone improved in sympathy with Higher Wall Street advices but the trading was very much restricted owing to continued lack of news regarding German-Czechoslovak conversations. Giltedged moved indecisively while Geramny and Austrians sharpened. Oils Internationals and Kaffirs were firm. Elsewhere fluctuations were narrow.

Commodities were quiet. On the foreign Exchange American Dollars hardened owing to seasonal demand.

Wall Street was strong and active.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 19.

U S Steel Common New Stock (dol 59) dol 61 1/2
General Motors (dol 40 1/2) dol 42
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35 1/8) dol 36 1/4
U S Steel Preference (Unquoted) dol 109 1/2

WOOL SALES

Greasy Inferior to Superior.
Lower (0-8) 0-8
Higher (1-4) 1-3 1/2
Scoured Inferior to Superior
Lower (1-1 1/2) 0-8 3/4
Higher (2-0) 1-11 3/4

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 19.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 2.69 3/4. Prices advanced on good local support and better outside enquiry influenced by steadiness abroad with the price later rising to 0.70.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, July 19.

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at July 78 1/4

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Advance In Indian Iron And Speculative Stocks

CALCUTTA, July 19.

In sympathy with better Jute and Hessian market. Jutes section opened firm and continued the same feeling throughout the session. A large volume of business took place at advancing rates. Coals continued to rule very firm and buyers appeared from almost all first class popular stocks at very hardening rates. Teas were rather neglected on the market. Miscellaneous showed a better tone. There were again notices, in this section today from the very opening, of strong buying and in consequence Indian Iron and Steel and other speculative issues advanced sharply over their last quotations and maintained the same feeling upto the closing moment. Business also took place on a very large scale. Midnapore Zemindary was marked up further. Government Securities continued to rule firm.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper 99/2; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 106/10; 5 per cent loan 1939/44 103/5; 3 per cent Punjab bonds 1952 99/4.

Bank:—Reserve Bank 116 small lots.

Railway:—Dehri Rohtas Railway 13/14.

Cotton:—Cawnpore Textiles 4/1.

Coals:—Daldih 4/2; Bengal Nagpur 25/12 Bokaro and Ramgur 17/10; Burrakur 14/9; Dhemo Main 13; Equitable 37/9; Hurriladih 15/9; Mundulpoor 10/7; New Beerbhoom 18/4; North west fully paid 12/4; Seebpore 17/10 prem; Sendra 11/8; South Karanpura 5/12; Talcher 1/8; West Jamuria 31/12; Bengal 336; Bhalgora 4/9; Burra Dhemo 3/8; East Indian 24/8; Kalapahari 15; Raneegunge 33/4; Standard 30/12.

Jutes:—Agarpara 16; Bally 163 small lot; Barnagore 129; Dalhousie 304; Ft. William 211/8; Ganges 210; Howrah 46/8; Hukumchand 7/4; Kamarhatty 460; Lansdowne 149 small lot; Nuddea 38; Reliance 61/8; Waverley 1/8; Anglo India 315/8; Clive 21/14; Empire 24/8 small lot; Gourepore pref 125; National 21/2; Presidency 10 small lot; Waverley pref 31.

Miscellaneous:—Burma corpn 7/10; Consolidated tin 6/6; Indian copper 2/9, Rhodesia copper 1/9; Dalmia cement ordy 10 small odd lot; do defd 3 small odd lot; do pref 88 small lot; Bengal telephone ordy 18/4; Jubbulpore elec 12/12; Lahore elec 435; U.P. elec 174; Burn and Co. 7 per cent pref 140 ex div; Britannia building and iron 8/8; Indian Galvanizing 19/4; Indian iron 28/8; Marshalls 1/10; Saran eng. 5/3; steel corpn ordy 5/14; Associated hotels 2; Dunlop rubber ordy 15/14; Kalimpong Ropeway 11/4; Star Tracing and investment ord 27/12; Steuart and Co 1/4; British Burma petrol 3/12; Indo-Burma petrol pref 119.

Sugar shares:—Bland 12/8; Champaran 14/8; Mahaswastika 101; Samastipore 5; South Behar 19/2.

Tea:—East India 8/8; Jaibirpara 15/12.

Debentures:—3 per cent 1968 Calcutta Municipal debts 96/14; 3 per cent 1963/68 Calcutta Port Trust debs 97/8; 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge debs 102/6 small lots.—A.P.

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, July 18

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality ... 6 1/8

ANGLO-INDIAN COTTON NEGOTIATIONS

Manchester Chamber President Asks For Resumption

LONDON, July 18.

Commenting on the recent breakdown of the Anglo-Indian cotton negotiations, Mr. Francis Grundy, President, Manchester Chamber of Commerce, at the half-yearly meeting of the chamber said that some concrete decision was absolutely indispensable.

"It cannot be left in the air for ever. We believe that the Lancashire interest at stake is so important that it affects the national economic position, in which the maintenance of export trade is a vital consideration."—Reuter.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Port Officer Okha wires:

S.S. Kybfels of the Hansa Line arrived on July 14 and discharged 306 tons general cargo from Hamburg on July 16.

S.S. Elysia of Anchor Line arrived July 16 discharged 150 tons general cargo from Glasgow, Liverpool, Newport and left on July 17.—A. P.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, July 19.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton July	13	14	3
Sind cotton January	15	4	6
Punjab July	12	12	0
Punjab January	13	10	0
Desi America July	18	10	9
Desi America January	16	10	6
Tone steady.			
Wheat July	22	3	3
Wheat September	22	3	3
Wheat October	22	2	9
Tone steady.			
Gram July	23	15	0
Gram September	23	10	0
Gram October	23	14	9
Toria July	36	3	0
Toria September	36	10	3
Toria November	37	2	3
Cottonseed July	15	10	0
Cottonseed September	16	2	0
Cottonseed January	16	6	0

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 18

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton	
Jul, sellers	£11-12-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton	
July sellers	£12-11-3
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton	
July sellers	£13-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull Cont c.i.f. ton	
July Aug sellers	£11-13-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton	
July Aug sellers	£10-0-0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 18

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£81 1/2
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£94 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75 5/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£103 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102 7/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 1/4
Victory Bonds	£112 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£11 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£89 ex div.
National Bank of India	£39 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£8 1/4

LONDON PRODUCE

London, July 18

Wheat Rozario Santa fe parcels	Unquoted.
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels July sellers	31/9
Wheat South Australian parcels July sellers	31/3

Cairo Letter

TURKISH EMIGRANTS IN RUMANIA

New Scheme To Bring Them Back

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

The Egyptian Government have appointed Abdul Latif Talat Bey as a new Minister of third class and extraordinary plenipotentiary to the Royal Egyptian Embassy at Afghanistan and Iran. H E. Abdul Rahman Azzam the ex-Minister, who had established the Egyptian Embassy in Kabul in August last year, and who had been honoured with a higher decoration of the Royal Afghan Court by H. M. King Zaher Shah, has now been transferred and appointed as a Minister of first class and extraordinary plenipotentiary to the Royal Egyptian Embassy at Baghdad.

H. E. Abdul Rahman Azzam is a best friend of India, and he had on many occasions given to the prominent Egyptian and Arabic press best ideas about modern India and its people.

The Government of Turkey is considering a new scheme, that one million of Turkish emigrants, who are settled in Rumania and Yugoslavia since the last 20 years and mostly peasants, should be returned to their motherland within a period of five years. The new scheme is providing to grant a large area of land to these peasants to be cultivated and be exploited free of any charge.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 19.

B I S N s.s, Sirsa of 3387 reg tons Capt N Cockburn arrived from Mauimein via Rangoon Colombo Cochin and Calicut with rice timber and general cargo.

Anglo-Iranian Oil s.s. British Judge of 4011 reg tons Capt J Thornton arrived from Abadan with cargo of fuel and diese. oil.

B I S N s.s. Gandara of 3190 reg tons Capt E Davies arrived from Calcutta via Madras Colombo and Malabar Coast Ports with general cargo

Killick Nixon s.s. City of Hongkong of 607. reg tons Capt H L Walton arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool Marseilles Port Said and Port Sudan with passengers and general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 19-7-38.

S S City of Herafold (FF) for American Ports via Cochin Colombo Madras and Calcutta

S S Elbe Hind (SCSN) for Calcutta via Negapatam and Madras

S S Jalarajan (SCSN) for Bedi Bunder.

SAILED

Burmah Shell Oil Tanker Ovula of 3589 reg tons Capt H P Meyer sailed for Singapore with local cargo.

N Y Kaisha s s. Toyama Maru of 4586 reg tons Capt T Takada sailed for Kobe via Singapore with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, July 19.

1 Tairea 3756 Durban 20-7 M M.
2 Clan Macbean 3071 Calicut 19-7 J Finlay
3 Jeypore 3209 Karachi 21-7 M M
4 Bhutan 2912 Yokohama 21-7 M M
6 C/Hongkong 6071 Karachi 27-7 K Nixon
9 Toyama Maru 4386 Kobe 19-7 N Y Kaisha.
11 Ceylon 3267 Madras 21-7 L Edwards
12 Serbino 2647 Karachi 22-7 J Finlay
15 Dumfries 3061 Liverpool 23-7 Grahams T.

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Gairsoppa 3227 Bhavnagar NF MM
3 Barpeta 1592 P Gulf 20-7 M M
4 Vasna 2026 Busra 21-7 M M
9 Sirsa 3387 Karachi 21-7 M M
14 Bandra 1803 P Gulf 27-7 M M

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Varsova 1955 NF NF M M
C/R Jalaganga 3080 Rangoon 20-7 Scindia S N
D/E Janaki 530 M Coast 20-7 Malabar S S
F Garmula 3234 NF NF M M
G Oost Cappelle 348 M Coast 19-7 Merchant S N C
K Rizwani 3306 NF NF T Morrison

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Chitral 4-8-38 P and O S N
Bhutan 16-7-38 P and O S N
Cathay 11-8-37 P and O S N
Corfu 21-7-38 P and O
Strathaird 28-7-38 P and O

FROM OSLO

Nagara 18-7-38 L Edward

FROM GLASGOW

Elkind 20-7-38 Scindia S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

Cilicia 22-7-38 Anchor Line
City of Hongkong 19-7-38 K Nixon

FROM HAMBURG

Ehrenfels 23-7-38 L Edwards
Aagtekerk 25-7-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Tungsha 10-8-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 26-7-38 F F Campbell
City of Hereford 23-7-38 F F Campbell

FROM TRIESTE

Himalaya 19-7-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 1-8-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Verde 26-7-38 L Triestino
Kunishima Maru 10-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Hakozaki Maru 30-7-38 N Y K
Ranchi 22-7-38 P and O S N
China Maru 22-7-38 N Y Kaisha

FROM BASRA

Vita 23-7-38 M M
Bankura 21-7-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Maloja 16-7-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N

FROM MOULMEIN

Sirsa 17-7-38 MM

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 23-7-38 M M
Takliwa 6-8-38 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Garmula 18-7-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jalarajan 18-7-38 Scindia S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Gandara 19-7-38 M M
Chyebassa 26-7-38 M M

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Naldera 6-8-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 13-8-38 P and O S N
Somali 2-8-38 M M
Rajputana 9-7-38 P and O S N
Maloja 16-7-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 30-7-38 P and O S N
Ranchi 23-7-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Dumfries 23-7-38 Grahams Trading
City of Hongkong 19-8-38 James Finlay
Elysia 23-7-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Kybfels 31-7-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Garfield 28-7-38 F F Campbell
City of Hereford 25-7-38 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 26-7-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Corfu 21-7-38 P and O S N
Bhutan 21-7-38 P and O S N
Yeifuku Maru 26-7-38 O S Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 25-8-38 N Y Kaisha
Himalaya 20-7-38 L Triestino
Conte Biancamano 1-8-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 11-8-38 P and O S N
Stratbaird 28-7-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Vasna 21-7-38 M M
Bandra 27-7-38 M M
Barpeta 20-7-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 5-8-38 M M
Tairea 20-7-38 M M

FOR RANGOON

Jalaganga 20-7-38 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Chyebassa NF MM

FOR KARACHI

Ehrenfels 27-7-38 L Edwards
China Maru 23-7-38 N Y Kaisha
City of Hongkong 27-7-38 K Nixon
Jeypore 21-7-38 P and O S N
Serbino 22-7-38 J Finlay

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Clan Macbean 16-7-38
S S Bhutan 18-7-38
S S Janaki 18-7-38
S S Parvat. 18-7-38
S S Maloja (boats) 18-7-38
S S Barpeta 18-7-38
S S Varsova 19-7-38
S S Gairsoppa 19-7-38

EXPORTS

Bombay, July 19.

S S Dumfries for London: 10 bales goat skins tanned M R Shaffi; 28 bales cotton fly Sapt T Products (India); 7 bales cow hides tanned J J Rahimtoola.

For Liverpool: 279 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 184 bags gr nut kernels S M Rajgor.

For Marseilles: 1232 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton waste clean Bhagat and Sons; 100 bales cotton waste clean P Das; 500 b ales raw cotton .. Clayton; 50 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan.

For Dunkerk: 56 bales hemp raw J Kanji; 550 bales raw cotton B Mauji.

S S City of Hongkong for Liverpool: 625 bags gr nuts in shell V Khimji; 173 bags ajwanseed B Balwant; 15 bales cotton grey F F Campbell.

For Dunkerk: 1730 tons manganese ore Shivrajpur Syndicate; 1185 bags linseed The Oil Seed Trading; 225 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Bhutan for Yokkaichi: 300 bales raw cotton A Podar.

For Yokohama: 194 bdls tin clippings M Takata.

For Sydney: 28 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros.

For Kobe: 89 bales raw cotton B Gangadhar; 50 bales raw cotton Langley.

S S Vasna for Havre via Karachi: 134 bags gum R Nathalal.

S S Toyama Maru for Kobe: 200 bales raw cotton A Podar.

S S City of Hereford for New York: 200 bales cotton waste M Chandulal; 100 bales cotton waste G M Vyas; 50 bales cotton waste P D Vora; 620 bags gum N Muljee.

For Philadelphia: 100 bales raw wool Clarke and Smith.

For Boston: 201 bales cotton waste M Chandulal.

For Montreal: 200 bags powdered talc Shaw Wallace.

IMPORTS

M S Kyffels Agent L Edwards from Hamburg: 53 cases machinery; 54 cases padlocks; 220 bdls y m sheets; 50 cases rivets; 562 cases gablony goods; 223 pcs iron tubes; 60 cases tacks; 500 bags globe pearl starch No 100; 500 bags glob powdered starch No. 102; 100 bags amijel; 74 packs iron buckets; 51 bdls batteries; 100 rings y m wire; 75 cases school slates; 105 pices empty iron drums; 252 bdls sewing machines; 275 j/dms dyes dry; 483 bdls white wood ceilling boards; 1397 bales paper; 83 bdls lamps cheap iron tin; 349 cases earthenware; 143 pcs m s channels; 50 cases heel tips; 3900 bdls box boards 88 cases medicines; 85 bdls helical springs; 45 cases german silver wire; 540 bdls brass round rods; 53 dms magnesium chloride; 153 cts wall board; 140 bdls lead pipe; 50 cases wire nails; 100 cases petroleum stoves.

From Antwerp: 53 dms soligen driers 205 j/dms bleachg powder; 50 dms tanning material; 135 bales paper; 414 cases window glass; 4020 bdls iron pipes; 805 pcs san eware; 68 pcs round steel bars; 620 cases beer; 116 bags schuapps; 638 bdls m s half rounds; 968 bdls m s angles; 251 cases iron rivets; 48 csks nitrate of barium; 401 bdls hoop.; 54 coils stl wire; 80 cases cond milk; 75 cases wire nails; 250 d/bgs sulphate of soda; 200 d/bags sulphate of Potash; 103 bdls galvd gas tubes; 867 cases dyes dry; 393 bags bolts and nuts; 200 bags lump whiting 435 bags farina; 250 bags plain double secondhand burlop-bags sulphur.

From Genoa: 36 cases elect fans; 71 bales prato goods; 90 bxs macaroni; 80 cases rice starch; 84 cases preserves.

From Naples: 1005 baskets potatoes; 40 csks bleachg powder.

From Bremen: 445 cases beer; 236 pcs galvd iron tubes; 60 bdls helical springs 55 bdls galvd pails; 62 bdls mallcable iron flanges; 343 cases y m sheets; 138 bdls plywood; 106 rings motor car preum covers; 169 rings iron rings; 51 cases toys; 75 bags tiles; 112 cases empty glass bottles; 50 bags dog pikes; 109 bdls galvd plates; 55 cases cycle tyres; 40 pcs wheels on axles; 50 cases brass wire.

BASIC STEP BY STEP

Mr. P. R. Rao, Secretary of the Basic English Association, spoke on "The Basic way to English", on Sunday at Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay.

All the 850 Basic English words, he said, making a complete language for the purpose of everyday talk, were selected with great care and precision out of a first list of 2500 "possible" words. Though the Basic System of selecting words might seem strange, yet it was a most sound and scientific one that had been so far applied to the method of teaching English. There was a reason "why and wherefore" for the selection of each word. The first four books were specially designed for introducing the 850 keywords with the help of a sound knowledge of the working of child mind.

American Crop Makes Favourable Progress

FIRMNESS OF STOCKS AND SHORT COVERING

Absence Of Tangible Evidence Of Business Revival

Bombay, July 19.

The New York cotton market was subjected to a check when early buyers turned sellers. There was some hesitation about pressing sales as prices approached the level which would require the Government loan but buyers were discouraged by the general impression that the crop was making a favourable progress and by the absence of really tangible evidence of business revival.

The market opened in moderately active trading but declined on lower Liverpool cables and favourable weather and crop advice with the absence of new buying incentives. This met with some resistance at 8.50 for October on trade buying on limits. There was local buying on steady stock market and prices rallied partially on covering on firmness of stocks and some complaints of weevil activity. Finally further covering followed with the session closing steady.

NEW YORK MARKET.

At the opening October was quoted 2 points down at 8.57 and under increased selling prices declined to 8.47 which was the lowest level. Later on there was active covering and October was quoted 8.63 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 2 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 8.72c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed unchanged to 3 points up. Spot cotton was unchanged at 8.75c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points with October 4.75. There was scattered buying on steadier foreign markets offsetting hedging of outside growths. Later on there was Far Eastern buying and offerings were light. Prices reacted on hedge selling and professional realising. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 4.91c. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was steady. Giza futures closed 2 to 3 points up and Uppers gained 9 to 6 points. The Alexandria market was steady. Sakels futures advanced 8 to 10 points and Ashmouni Contracts gained 8 to 9 points.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., in their weekly report state:—

There seems to be difference of opinion even among well-known economists as regards the recent bullish advance in prices—especially the rise in the Stock market in U.S.A. One opinion is that the depression which had come was due to the fears created in the minds of the people all over the world about political and financial matters and to the consequent adverse economic condition of the people and that, therefore, depression was temporary; and that after these factors have ceased the market should return to their former condition.

SELFISH OBJECTIVES.

The other opinion is that owing to the policies that the present Governments have adopted with selfish objectives, riches are accumulating in certain places while unemployment is increasing in the other. This condition has reached such a stage that it is not possible to maintain harmony and order without changing it from its base. For this purpose the whole economic structure should be arranged anew. And this cannot be done without creating a great commotion in the world, and hence it is not at all possible that the present political situation will improve completely. Just as if a person in old age wishes to be quite young, he cannot do so without new birth and medicines can give only temporary effect, so under present circumstances it being not possible to create confidence, there cannot be any probability of reviving business; except that at intervals temporary effect can be produced by carrying on propaganda in that behalf.

CONFIDENCE MOVE.

We have seen that President Roosevelt has made efforts to create atmosphere of confidence but the result has not diminished the gulf between the classes. On the contrary the budget of U.S.A. Government shows more deficits. Unemployment is also increasing. Although even under such circumstances it being a resourceful country can maintain its position, but whence can other countries of the world bring money to buy raw materials of U.S.A. at high prices and to flow that country with money? And unless this happens it is difficult for us to understand how can the world welcome the present rise in prices.

It is said that though last year cotton acreage in U.S.A. was officially of 342 lakhs acres, in fact it was about 400 lakhs acres, while this year there being strict enforcement of law, the reduction in acreage should be taken at 130 lakhs acres from that of last year.

Whatever reduction there may be in acreage, the real factor to be counted is the yield per acre and the reports received at present show that in many parts the crop is in a better condition than last year. It is also reported that this year the plants being more close to each other the number of plants is bigger and it is likely that the yield may be larger than expected.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (2-55 p.m.)	8.63+04
New York October lowest (12-35 p.m.)	8.47—12
Liverpool October highest	4.79+06
Liverpool Octobe, lowest	4.75

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegrams from their New York friends:—

'Weather continues favourable. There are complaints of Boll Weevil activity. Rallied on shorts covering. Trade buying. Securities strong. Trading market. Advise purchases on weak spots.'

Strong resistance shown around 8.50 due to trade buying. Official forecast indicates showers cloudy. Market is likely to improve.'

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Reliable private estimate Egyptian crop estimate acreage 25 per cent smaller than last season planting food crops more profitable.

New York: Trade buying limits uncovered around 8.50 absorbed heavy foreign selling liquidation checking decline advanced on scattered buying on firmness Securities with contracts less plentiful.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Crop accounts are very favourable. Market would have been worse but for Wall Street influence. Long interest small.

Narrow trading market awaiting fresh incentives. Southern weather and crop accounts continue very favourable.

Market improved early on good Egyptian advices but heavy later owing to long liquidation on continued good crop news. Think further decline likely.

New York: Small market, firming with stocks on local covering.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable:—

Messrs. Geo H McFadden and Bros. cabled:

Crop likely to be between eleven and twelve millions.

New York Cotton Exchange Service:

In cotton loan, like wheat loan, rate for middling on farms will be about 832 with location and quality differentials. Crop progress good with less weevil threat. Cloths quieter. Commodities business unchanged.

Their New York friends cabled:

Trade buying on limits uncovered around 8 1/2 absorbed heavy foreign selling, liquidation checking decline. Advanced on scattered buying on firmness securities with contracts less plentiful.

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Eastern: Partly cloudy
Central: Partly scattered showers
Western: Partly scattered showers

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 18

October	8.62+03
December	8.70+02
January	8.71+03
March	8.76+03
May	8.80+04
Middling Spot	8.78+08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 18

October	8.70
December	8.80+03
January	8.80+03
Middling Spot	8.75

NEW YORK

New York, July 18

11-00 A.M. RANGES

October	8.54/8.54
December	8.62/8.62
January	8.62/8.62

NOON CALL

October	8.51
December	8.59

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 18

Day's receipts to U S Ports	9,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool July 18

July	4.67+02
August	4.70+02
September	4.73+02
October	4.75+02
November	4.77+02
December	4.80+03
January	4.82+03
February	4.84+03
March	4.87+04
April	4.88+04
May	4.90+04
June	4.91+04
July	4.92+04
Middling Spot	4.91+03
	10-12 a.m. quotations
October	4.75
January	4.82

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, July 18

GIZA—	
Spot	7.29+3
July	6.79+2
October	6.64+3
November	6.64+3
January 1939	6.82+3
March	6.91+3
May	6.91+3
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.99+3
July	5.86+9
October	5.84+9
November	5.84+7
January 1939	5.85+6
March	5.89+6
May	5.93+7

LONDON METALS

London, July 18

Spelter hard (Indian Brand) F.O.B. £13 1/2 to £15

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 19.

Following a small improvement of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 168|6 for Broach A|M delivery and in the absence of any important buying prices declined to Rs. 167|10 on general realising. The market was influenced by favourable weather in America and in view of monthly option business, prices are likely to grind around present level.

The Liverpool Market opened at a rise of 6 points and the local market was steady with Broach A|M. quoted at Rs. 168. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a.
F.G.M.G. Broach—	
July|August 1938	153 0
April|May 1939	168 0
Fine M. G. Oomra—	
July 1938	140 12
Dec.|Jan. 1939	149 10
F.G.M.G. Bengal—	
July 1938	119 4
Dec.|Jan. 1939	127 4

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 19.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U.P.	... 126.	123	120		117
Punjab	.. 126	123	120		117
Rajputana	... 126	123	120		117
Oomra No. 3	148	145	142		139 ...
C. P. No. 1	159	156	153		150 ...
C. P. No. 2	153	150	147		144 ...
Broach No. 2	... 157	155	153		151
Punjab-Ame.	... 182	179	176		173
Surat	... 211	208	205		202
Rajpipla	... 203	200	197		194
Navsari	... 217	214	211		208

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, July 19.

Bengal Superfine	125/27
Bengal Fine	123/24
Bengal F.G.	120/21
C. P. 1	152/54
C.P. 2	143/45
Arvi	144/46
Amraoti	139/43
Ellichpur	145/46
Berar	143/45
Khandesh	131|36
Jalna/Saiiu	133/37
Burwah/Sanavad	142/44
Khandwa	142/44
Harda/Khirkiya	142/46
Mathia	121/26
Malkapur	137/40
Broach	152/57
Punjab 4 F	172/77
Punjab 289 F	197/207
Sindh N. T.	182/92
Kampala	278/80
Jinja	262/64
Navsari	212/14

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 19.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh		53,880	205,943
Central India		45,624	337,357
Barsi and Nagar		149,869	174,497
Hyderabad-Gaorani		40,322	101,643
Berar	115	526,343	579,602
Central Provinces	203	82,980	114,500
Total Oomras	318	699,018	1,513,542
Dholera		136,190	179,388
N.-W. Provinces		3,112	10,371
Rajputana		16,213	97,128
Sind-Punjab		520,150	345,663
Broach		262,917	341,391
Coompta and Dharwar	577	62,849	72,180
Westerns-Northerns	114	23,799	39,804
Cocoanada		23	155
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	51	4,915	19,452
American		177,893	20,033
Egyptian, African and Sudan	2,589	517,799	413,354
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,171	239
Total	3,649	2,426,049	3,052,650

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY
1st Sept. to 14th July.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year.	Last year.
Europe	3,040	316,938	458,232
Japan and China	2,000	665,707	1,444,251
Coast Ports		68,681	36,772
Up-country by Rail		349,636	263,474
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		17,606	31,196
Total		5,040 1,408,628	2,233925

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Liverpool, July 19

Weather cooler, entire Belt general rain. Forecast: Entire Belt cloudy. More rain expected, getting too much rain.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 18-7-38	7876000	6840000
Receipts Yesterday 18-7-38	9000	4000
Exports to date 18-7-38	5836000	5702000
Stock at Ports 15-7-38	2462000	1134000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-7-38	2021000	872000
Stock at Liverpool 15-7-38	1133000	882000
Visible Supply 15-7-38	5758000	3031000
Quantity in sight 15-7-38	13579000	13118000
Quantity out of sight 15-7-38	10702000	13339000

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, July 19

September	53.00
October	53.20

LINSEED OIL

London, July 18

Linseed oil London per cwt naked Aug sellers	23/4 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt naked Sept Dec sellers	23/3

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 19

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 1/2d. to £7-1-3. London Paris Exchange rate was 14 points down at 178.16. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.92 3/16. London silver prices were unchanged at 19 5/16d. The market was featureless with a small business. New York silver was quoted 42 3/4 and Montreal futures were unchanged. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 0.8 7/8. The local market was fairly steady with a restricted turnover in silver. Shorts were inclined to cover.

GOLD

Ready	35 10 3
Shravan delivery	35 10 9
Shravan Tejimandi	0 3 6
Bhadarva delivery	35 11 3
Bhadarva Tejimandi	0 5 3

SILVER

Ready	50 13 0
Shravan delivery	50 11 0
Shravan Tejimandi	0 11 0
Bhadarva delivery	50 10 0
Bhadarva Tejimandi	1 1 0

LONDON SILVER

London, July 18

Spot	19 5/16
Forward	19 1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, July 18

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-1-3

Montreal Silver

Montreal, July 18

July	42.70
September	42.90
December	42.90

LONDON METALS

London, July 18

Copper	£39 17 6
Lead	£14 15 0
Spelter	£14 5 0
Tin	£192 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, July 19

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£39-15-0
Standard copper 3 months	£40-0-0
Electrolytic copper	£45-0-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 37-4-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45-12-0
Tone: Firm.	

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, July 18.

August	£110-17-6.
September	£10-18-9.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, July 19

Groundnuts Aug—	
Opening	29 5 6
Highest	29 6 6
Lowest	29 1 6
Closing	29 2 6
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	31 6 6
Highest	31 7 0
Lowest	31 3 3
Closing	31 4 6
Castorseeds Sept—	
Opening	29 4 0
Highest	29 5 0
Lowest	29 2 0
Closing	29 5 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	30 0 0
Highest	30 0 0
Lowest	29 14 0
Closing	29 15 0
Cottonseeds Sept—	
Opening	19 1 0
Highest	19 1 0
Lowest	18 14 6
Closing	19 0 3
Cottonseeds Jan—	
Opening	19 12 0
Highest	19 12 0
Lowest	19 9 3
Closing	19 11 9

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, July 18.

July	77 3/4d.
October	68 1/8d.
December	66 3/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, July 18.

July	dol 0.69 1/4
September	dol 0.70
December	dol 0.71 3/4

LONDON SUGAR

London, July 18

August	sh. 5 4 1/4d.

New York Sugar

New York, July 18.

September	1.88
March	1.97
May	2.00

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, July 19.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-4.
Shipment Sept. Rs. 5-3.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 5-4.
Kesar Rs. 12-12.
Saraya Rs. 12-8.
Java Spot F 5.40.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, July 19

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. August 105 October 104 December 103
Yarn No. 10 1/2s. August 114 October 114 December 115
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. August 154 October 154 December 155

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 18

T T London on:	
New York	4.92.40
Paris	178.16
Berlin	12.26 1/4
Madrid	90.00
Montreal	4.95 1/4
Amsterdam	8.95 1/32
Brussels	29.11 1/4
Milan	93.65
Berne	21.50 3/4

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, July 19

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	100/6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	102/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/5
3 per cent 1963/6.	98/4
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash)	99/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/10
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	112/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	119/4
3 per cent U.P. Bonds	97/8
5 per cent 1939/44 Loan	103/7
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	106/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	100/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	118/2
4 per cent 1963/63 Mysore	112/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124/4
5 1/2 per cent 1338 Mysore	101/2
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent 1974 B P T	110/12
4 per cent 1974 M Deb.	110
5 per cent 1959 M Deb	118
5 per cent 1954 M Deb	131/0

Note:—Business restricted. Market steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 19

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 13/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 7/8
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 273 3/4
Bank's buying T T 271 1/4

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,316
Bank's buying T T 1,341

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 78 3/4
Bank's buying T T 78

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 66 1/4

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 66 1/8

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 85

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 52

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 90

CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.92.12 18th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 19th instant
Hongkong London 1/2 31/32 19th instant
Shanghai London 0/8 7/8 19th instant
Java London 8.94 1/8 19th instant
London Paris 178.16 18th instant
London Belgium 29.11 1/4 18th instant
London Switzerland 21.50 3/4 18th instant
London Berlin 12.26 1/4 18th instant
London Stockholm 19.33 5/8 18th instant
London New York 4.92.40 18th instant
London Amsterdam 8.95 1/8 18th instant
London Italy 93.65 18th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Firm
Gold £7-1-2 1/2 16th instant
Gold £7-1-3 18th instant
Silver London Ready 19 5/16 16th instant
Silver London Forward 19 1/8 16th instant
Silver London Forward 19 1/8 18th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 16th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 18th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 16th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 18th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 16th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 18th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 18

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	81 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	94 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	116
5 per cent 1942/47	110
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	102 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	114 1/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ord	40

Cotton Arrivals

Bales.

Receipts into Bombay on 16th July	2,719
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	2,422,400
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	3,048,235
Decrease	625,835

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 120 December 122 January 124 March 130 May 132 at cross rate 4.92 3/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1938 152/8 Liverpool July 1938 4.71 Rs. 52 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1939 Liverpool May 1939 4.94 Rs. 47 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1939 168 New York May 8.80 Rs. 30 3/4 at cross rate 4.92 3/16

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, July 19

July	202.50+50
September	190.30+260
October	188.00+170
November	187.60+220
January	187.30+220

Pay In—Aug. 8 Pay Out—Aug. 11

Tata Steel Shares Firm

IMPROVED DEMAND FOR COTTON TEXTILE ISSUES

Bears Feel Nervous

BOMBAY, July 19.

In view of the meeting of the members of the Stock Exchange, the market opened at 1-15 p.m. to-day.

Yesterday the Wall Street market was strong in an active session and it is believed that the previous top would be penetrated.

A private cable received from New York reads as under:—

"General demand for American Motors, Steel and Textiles reported to be increasing in activity. Healthier trade and commercial feeling in view of low inventories and unsold stocks. Heavy public investment buying activity is hesitant due primarily to setback occuring in British business outlook. This may cause some loss of export business and English investment interest in New York Securities."

The local Share Bazar is definitely turning to constructive side as the Steel industry is improving. Bears believe that they have made enough money during the last decline and they are not afraid of carrying their short sales. On the other hand Bulls believe that in the last few weeks they have earned good dividends on Steel shares and profits at present level, makes them bold to accumulate shares and hold them for higher prices.

In the local market now short sellers are cautious fearing further improvement in prices while new buyers are coming in.

The market was very steady to-day and in the absence of any important business the market remained firm and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

Tata Steel Dfds. which were quoted at Rs. 1,190 last week were quoted X.D. near the same level to-day. Ordinary shares were steady at Rs. 254. Cotton mill shares received more attention and under improved buying prices hardened.

The tone of the market was very firm and traders were awaiting for some constructive news to raise prices through the highest level of the past week. We still favour purchases on setbacks.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 19.

100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 7)	365 0
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 26 y)	871 0
100 Century (Rs. 3 d)	274 0
100 CENTRAL INDIA (Rs. 4 I)	248 0
100 COLABA (Rs. 4 y)	160 0
100 Coorla (Rs. 5 y)	92 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10 y)	310 0
1 E. D Sassoon (nil)	0-6-9
100 Finlay (Rs. 5 y)	125 0
100 GOKAK (Rs. 3 y)	160 0
1,000 Hindustan	1,660 0
100 Indore (nil)	57 8
100 Khatau (Rs. 3 y)	119 6
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8 plus 4 b)	282 8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8 y)	472 8
250 Madras United	35 0
1000 Morarji (Rs 40 y)	132 0
250 Model	44 8
50 MYSORE (Rs. 2)	120 0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	231 0
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	42 8
100 PHOENIX (Rs. 10 y)	230 0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	71 0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs. 30 y)	1,910 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2 y)	87 0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 2y)	220 8
100 Swan (Rs 4 y)	104 6
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50 y)	165 0
1,000 Western (Rs 40 y)	880 0
BANKS	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	113 0
25-50 Central (Rs. 1-4)	31 0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,553 12
125-500 Im Contry (Rs. 7-8)	382 8
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	142 8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-6)	116 12
5 Union (As. 4)	5 6 0
CEMENTS.	
100 Associated (Rs. 7-8)	111 0
INSURANCE.	
100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	702 8
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	14 0
20 Mercantile	56 0
15 75 New India (Rs. 14)	40 0
200 Oriental	4360 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 1
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahm. Old (Rs. 6-8)	141 4
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1,485 0
10 Ajmer (As 8)	13 0
50 BOM. TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	119 8
100 Bombay Suburban (Rs. 6-8)	149 6
10 Broach (As. 5)	10 4
100 Karachi (4)	215 10
100 Poona (4)	196 4
100 Surat (Rs. 3)	168 2
100 TATA HYDRO	160 0
1000 TATA POWER	1397 8
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	985 0
100 C. Province	101 8
100 Dh. Baramati	104 4
100 Gujarat	97 8
100 Mandra Bhon	101 8
100 Pachora Jamner	96 4
100 Sara Serajgunj	100 12
500 Tapti Valley	742 8
MINING	
9 Burma Corp. (As. 11)	7 9
8sh. Indian Copper (As. 1)	2 9
10 Indian Iron and Steel (1-8)	28 2
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	44 8
30 TATA STEEL DEFD. (Rs. 75-11-3)	1180 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 15-8)	254 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK	310 0
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	164 8
200-250 Bombay Safe Dep.	825 8
250 BOMBAY STEAM (Rs. 2)	224 8
123 B. BURMA (Rs. 20)	541 0
50 D. Conty (Rs. 8)	181 4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3 9 3
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE (Rs. 2-6)	86 8
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	132 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, July 19.

Bombay Dyeing (856) 868, 872, 871
Century (268) 274, 272, 273, 272, 274
Central India (244) 248, 250, 246, 250, 249, 248
Kohinoor (278) 282, 283, 282|8
New Great (228) 233, 232, 231
Simplex (86|8) 88, 87
Swadeshi (218|8) 221, 222, 221, 220|8
Associated Cement (110) 111, 110|8, 111|8, 111
Andhra (1505) 1485
Tata Hydro (162) 162|8, 160
Tata Power (1420) 1430, 1420, 1405, 1395, 1397
Tram. Ord. (120) 120, 119|8
T. Steel Dfd. (1135) 1175, 1187, 1175, 1190, 1185, 1187, 1175, 1180
T. Steel Ord. (248) 253, 255, 253, 256, 254, 253, 254
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. 153-12, 154-8, 154-4.
Bellapur (162|8) 165, 164
B. Steam (224|8) 222|4, 224|8
B. Burma (534) 540, 543, 542, 543, 540, 541

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 18

Broach J/A 1938 opening 150 3/4 highest 152 3/4 lowest 150 3/4 closing 152 3/4
Broach A/M 1939 opening 166 1/2 highest 168 3/8 lowest 166 1/2 closing 168 3/8
Oomra July opening 139 highest 140 1/2 lowest 139 closing 140 1/2
Oomra D/J opening 149 1/4 highest 149 3/4 lowest 149 1/4 closing 149 3/4
Bengal July opening 118 highest 119 1/2 lowest 118 closing 119 1/2
Bengal D/J opening 126 highest 127 1/2 lowest 126 cosing 127 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-7-38) Rs. 2 5/8
Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (21-8-38) Rs. 8 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach April May 1939 (24-3-39) Rs. 23
Tenders: 18-7-1938 Broach 3,500 Oomra nil Bengal nil
Total to date Broach 25,800 Oomra 1,950 Bengal 600

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, July 18

SAKELS—	
July	12.58—01
November	13.22+03
January	13.40+10
ASHMOUNI—	
August	10.11+09
October	10.20+06
GIZA—	
July	12.63+16
November	12.73+21
January	12.68+16

50 I. Invest Trust	40 4
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	527 8
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	405 0
100 Port Canning (Rs. 26)	65 12
30 Premier Con. (Rs. 2-15)	67 4
15 Scindia	20 6
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)	29 8
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,590 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	289 0
6 p.c. B'bay Tram (T.F.)	72 4
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	555 0
6-1/4 p.c Prem. Const. 1st	103 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	94 4
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	152 8
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1569 6
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	202 8 XD
7-1|2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd XD	154
7 p.c. Vishnu	705 0
DEBENTURES	
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 8
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	108 12
4 p.c Bombay Telephone	52 0
7 p.c. Sholapur	77 0
6 p.c Tata Hydro	108 12

(Latest Dividend in Brackets and Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List).

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 20, 1938

USE OF FILMS IN ADULT EDUCATION

Aid That Helps Imagination, Perception And Retention

MRS. YAMUNA HIRLEKAR'S MINUTE OF DISSENT TO ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE'S REPORT

The term of reference No. 7 of the Adult Education Committee appointed by the Bombay Government runs as follows:—

7. Place of the Magis Lantern, Cinema and the Radio in Education. How far is it possible to reorganise the present Department of Visual Instruction to enable it to play a more effective part than at present in the education of adult as well as the child, in the institutions intended for the former as well as in primary and secondary schools."

Anticipating the difficulties of the committee is doing full justice to this particular term of reference especially after it was amended so as to cover the entire field of visual instruction in relation to the child as well as the adult, Government had empowered the committee to appoint a subcommittee if necessary. Unfortunately, this was not considered to be necessary. In my humble opinion, this term of reference was not given sufficient attention which it deserved. Sufficient evidence of educationists, who are actually trying the experiment in their institutions was not called for. Oral evidence which has a decided advantage over written evidence in some respects was not taken at all. If this had been done probably the findings of the Committee would have been different. I am, therefore, compelled to write the following minute of dissent.

ECONOMICAL MEANS

I feel that the place of magic lantern, cinema and radio in education is very important. This has been recognised as such in all advanced countries including Japan. The cinema and the radio are respectively the visual and auditory mechanical aids to acquire knowledge, have revolutionised the methods of education. Some kind of visual instruction has always been found to be very necessary in teaching. Use of black-boards, pictures, charts and maps in teaching testify to this. Magic lantern and epidiascope was a further step and educational film and the talkie bring us up to date in the methods of visual instruction. Actual experience which is admittedly a powerful educator can obviously be but limited in the life of a single individual. The radio, the silent film and the talkie which appeal respectively to the aural, visual and both sides of imagination are the next best substitutes to actual experience. From an individual's point of view it is also obviously economical so far as time and money are concerned, to learn through these means.

From the national point of view these mechanical aids are revolutionary and far-reaching in their effect upon the nation, if only they are properly organised and utilized. They have made the world small, compact and easily accessible. For our country in its present stage of national regeneration, this has peculiar significance. The masses, mostly illiterate, scattered in 700,000 villages disorganised and neglected so far, steeped in ignorance and superstition are there mutely waiting to catch a glimpse of the light of knowledge. This tremendous manpower is lying waste. The problem is how to cope with the stupendous task of mobilising these forces and release the energy for national advancement. Then we realize that in the modern world nothing is too difficult. Through the cinema and the radio physical distances have dwindled down to microscopic dimensions. The first step towards organisation of the masses is education, especially of the adults. The written evidences, however limited in number, that were before the committee, seemed on the whole to agree on the educational utility of the film. But barring a few exceptions, they harped on the preconceived notion that these means were too expensive. I felt, however, that "how expensive" was really a matter for technical persons actually engaged in the line to decide and whether "they were too expensive" was for Government to decide.

In the following paragraphs I shall restrict my remarks to the film only.

VISUAL PRESENTATION

According to official statistics there are about 34 high schools in the Bombay Presidency which make use of film to supplement instruction. The Principal of one of the schools observed to me that there could be no doubt about the great efficacy of educational films and that nobody could have anything to say against it. When he was told that some people do not hold this view, he said that that was probably because film instruction was not properly planned, graded and organised, there was no co-operation between all those who were using it and there was no initiative and encouragement on the part of the Government

What is needed first is a strong conviction about the efficacy and necessity of the film in education. As regards this, plenty of evidence is available. The Deputy Inspector for Visual Instruction, Bombay, has made a strong case for the use of film in education in his written evidence before the Committee as also in an article he had contributed last year to the journal "Progress of Education".

As supplementing class room instruction in primary and secondary schools, the educational film can serve to synthesis a whole topic. The detailed analysis of a particular object, its static and dynamic aspects can be illustrated by cinematography. Visual presentation of a particular subject-matter helps imagination, perception and retention.

CASE OF ADULTS

In the adult education programme in our country, especially where illiteracy is rampant, there is nothing like cinema which can accomplish the task. Education of the adult must be quick and manifold. The adult cannot be expected to go through all the learning processes that a child has to pass through as learning is not a whole time occupation for him. What an adult wants is the nearest and quickest access to matters of general knowledge. Again, he must combine entertainment with education, for he is too tired to put in strenuous mental work after the day's labour. Members of the committee are agreed that he does not have the desire to attain literacy even. This desire has to be created in him and for this purpose a lot of spade work in the way of propaganda will have to be made. This will be facilitated by cinema. The cost of introducing the film in education can be considerably reduced if the scheme is graded, well planned and introduced on a large scale with the co-operation of other provinces. There is no subject matter which is not amenable to visual presentation. I quote below a few topics from which it will be evident what an amount of work could be done through the film for the education of masses. The list is, by no means, exhaustive.

LIST OF SUBJECTS

1. Films giving Geographical and social information about the different parts of India and different parts of the Presidency.

2. History of India as seen through Indian eyes, with the object of promoting patriotism of right type and fostering an Indian outlook in the minds of youths.

3. Minute details of plant and animal physiology and other sciences.

4. Industrial concerns of this country.

5. Cottage industries like handi-

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 2.)

QUIT ORDER ON STATES WORKERS

Sjt. Jainarayan Vyas, General Secretary of the All-India States' People's Conference was served with the following order by Alwar State:

"Whereas during your last visit to Alwar you offend against the provisions of the Seditions Meetings Act of 1921 and your presence in Alwar is considered undesirable in the interest of public peace under Sec. 11 of the said Act. I hereby order you to leave the Alwar State forthwith."

C. P. Troubles To Be Referred To Gandhiji

Deshmukh Refuses To Withdraw Resignation

NAGPUR, July 19.

The "United Press" authoritatively understands that there is a move, on the part of prominent Congressmen, to refer the dispute between the C. P. Ministers to Mahatma Gandhi for arbitration.

Should both parties agree and should Mahatmaji also consent to arbitrate, he will be assisted by Mr. Krishandas Jaboo, President of the Maharashtra Charkha Sangh

Meanwhile Mr Deshmukh, one of the Ministers who have resigned, has addressed another letter to the Hon. Dr. Khare, the Premier, declining to withdraw his resignation and urging a decision after an impartial enquiry in the ministerial affairs.—United Press

NO CRITICISM OF MINISTER'S CONDUCT?

Notice Question Disallowed By Punjab Assembly Speaker

SIMLA, July 18.

"The conduct of a minister cannot be attacked." On this ground, a short-notice question of Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, M. L. A. (Punjab), enquiring as to whether a Minister of the Punjab stood to personally gain by the passing of the Restitution of Mortgaged Lands Bill, was disallowed by the Speaker.

The question under reference runs as follows:—

With reference to the statement made by the Premier in replying to the debate on the Restitution of Mortgaged Lands Bills that no Minister or Parliamentary Secretary stands to benefit, if the said Bill is passed as reported by the Select Committee, will Government please state: (a) whether it is a fact that one of the Ministers has purchased a very big plot of agricultural land recently in Shahpur District, which was mortgaged with a non-agriculturist moneylender for the last fifty years for a big amount of money (b) if so, the name of the Minister, extent of land, date and amount of purchase; (c) whether that plot will be redeemed to the said Minister at a nominal compensation; (d) what action Government proposes to take in the matter?—United Press.

SIMLA, July 17.—In "London Gazette" of June 24, among the appointments made to the Venerable Order of St. John of Jerusalem, the King Emperor has appointed Mr. C. C. Garbett, I.C.S., Financial Commissioner (Development), Punjab Government, to be an Officer of the Order.—United Press.

ELECTRIC WORKERS' STRIKE IN AHMEDABAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 18.

The Ahmedabad Electric Workers' Union has been recently started and has begun its work in right earnest. It presented the minimum demands of the workers to the employers. On their refusal to comply with any of these demands, the Union decided to call for a strike from Saturday last.

All the workers numbering 700 marched in a procession and demonstrated before the Gujerat Company, one of the biggest electric companies in the city.

The procession was then converted into a meeting and addressed by Messrs Raj Guru, Shukla and others who exhorted them to continue the strike till victory is achieved. The struggle is likely to extend to other workers if it is not settled within the next few days.

BIRLA MILL WORKERS' APPEAL DISMISSED

NEW DELHI, July 16.

Sardar Sewa Singh, District and Sessions Judge, Delhi, has pronounced orders in a case in which a large number of workmen of the Birla Cotton Spinning and Weaving Mills Ltd. applied for a direction under Section 15 of the Payment of Wages Act (IV of 1936) that the Mills be ordered to pay Rs. 4,00,000 on account of alleged illegal deductions made out of wages of the applicants, and compensation.

The authority appointed under the Act entertained the application and issued notice to the employer who, 'inter alia' pleaded that the application was not competent.

The court recorded evidence and came to the conclusion that the application was not entertainable. The application was, therefore, dismissed without any direction.

Some of the applicants came up to the Sessions Court in appeal. The Sessions Judge ordered that the appeal was not competent. It was accordingly dismissed.—United Press.

Report On Standardisation Of Workers' Wages

MADRAS, July 19

Mr. D. N. Strathie, Labour Commissioner, who was deputed by the Government to investigate into the question of the standardisation of wages of the textile workers in Coimbatore, and to see how far the recommendations of the Court of Enquiry could be implemented, has submitted his report to the Government.—A.P.

Article Did Not Create Disaffection Against Govt.

SENTENCE ON EDITOR OF "HINDUSTAN STANDARD" SET ASIDE

CALCUTTA, July 19.

The High Court set aside, to-day, the sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 1,000 each on Dhirendranath Sen and Upendranath Bhatacharyya, Editor, Printer and Publisher, respectively of the "Hindustan Standard" on a charge of sedition in connection with the publication of an article entitled "Where is Bengal To-day."

The article which appeared on November 27 last related to the proposed Secondary Education Bill, which, it was stated had since been dropped.

Mr. Justice Bartley and Mr. Justice Khunaker in the course of the judgment held that the article was not seditious and did not attempt to create disaffection or hatred against Government established by law within the meaning of Section 124A I.P.C., under which the accused were convicted. Both the accused were, therefore, acquitted.—A.P.

THE FUTURE OF COORG

District Congress Committee's Decision

(From A Correspondent.)

MERCARA (Coorg), (By Mail).

An ordinary meeting of the Coorg District Congress Committee was held at Virarajpett on the 13th inst., with Mr. I. P. Kariapa, the President of the Committee in the chair. After going over the accounts, a lengthy discussion about the future of Coorg, followed. At the end, the following resolutions were passed with overwhelming majorities.

(1) "That this committee regrets the decision of the Harijan Congress supporting 'the demand of the people of Coorg to amalgamate Coorg with the Madras Presidency,' while there is no such demand in Coorg and therefore humbly requests the Congress to cancel that resolution."

(2.) "That an agitation be started immediately to obtain full Provincial autonomy in Coorg and advice be sought from the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress as to the method of the agitation."

BILASPUR ENQUIRY POSTPONED

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Government has decided that due to the onset of rains and the difficulty of ensuring the attendance of witnesses, the Bilaspur Election Enquiry Committee should postpone its proceedings till after the rainy season, the exact date to be notified later. The decision has been communicated to the Chairman of this Committee who has been requested to take action accordingly.

EX-PRISONERS OF OOTY BANK CASE

NEW DELHI, July 19.

The three Ooty bank raid case prisoners have arrived in Delhi it is believed that they are leaving to-night for U. P.—A. P.

Double Tragedy At Khijadia?

"Talukdar Shoots Mother-in-Law And Commits Suicide"

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, July 19.

It is alleged the Sixth Class Jurisdictional Talukdar, Valera Raning of Khijadia Taluka shot with a gun his mother-in-law Rajunverba, and then committed suicide with the same gun on Sunday.

Both are dead. The Agency Political Agent, Lt.-Colonel Daly, visited Khijadia and sealed the property.

Great sensation prevails throughout the whole Kathiawad.

SECRETARY OF HINDU MISSION ASSAULTED

City Congress President's Appeal To Remain Calm

AHMEDABAD, July 19.

The condition of Gangaram Khanna, Secretary of the Hindu Mission, who, it is alleged, was assaulted yesterday by a Muslim, is stated to be improving, though he is not out of danger.

The President of the City Congress Committee has issued an appeal to the Hindus to remain calm.—A. P.

Another Ooty Bank Case Prisoner Released

LUCKNOW, July 19.

In pursuance of the order of the Madras Government to release the Ooty Bank raid case prisoners, Sanbhunath Azad who was sentenced to life imprisonment for twenty-five years in connection with the case was released this afternoon from the local jail.

THANKS MADRAS MINISTRY.

In the course of a statement he expresses his thankfulness to the Madras Ministry and appeals to the leaders of the country to secure the release of the trusted soldiers of the country, who are still languishing behind prison bars, to strengthen anti-imperialist forces.

He added that the situation in the country had changed and, therefore, his tactics too must change. But their strategy would remain the same. The Congress was leading the struggle and his place was in the Congress.—United Press.

Eight Persons Arrested For Sutta Gambling

(From Our Correspondent.)

MAHUDHA, (By Mail).

Eight persons of Mahudha, Naran Moti, Mahmad Bhula and others, have been arrested on a charge of keeping a common gambling house, by Sub-Inspector Mr. Kamdar of the Mahudha Police, when he raided a room alleged to be a gambling den.

It is understood that, they will be produced before the Magistrate charged with sutta gambling.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE CALENDAR

SURE, I GAVE ANSON A LETTER--
--BUT I TELL YOU I DUNNO WHO FROM!
WHILE WADE AND DONAVAN TRACK DOWN THE MYSTERIOUS MAN WHO SENT ANSON TWO THOUSAND POUNDS---
4-25
OKAY! I ADMIT I TRIED TO PLANT A SPONGE IN RATAPLAN'S NOSTRIL TO MAKE 'IM LOSE --- BUT ANSON PULLED A CROOKED DEAL, TOO!
HOW COULD HE? ---HIS HORSE, RATAPLAN, WON!
SURE, BUT EDIPHOS WAS HELD BACK SO'S RATAPLAN COULD WIN---AND ANSON MUSTA BEEN IN ON THAT--- BECAUSE SOME ONE SLIPPED HIM 2000 POUNDS AS HIS SHARE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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THE TRACK STEWARDS WANT TO SEE YOU, MR. ANSON---ABOUT THIS NOTE AND TH' MONEY THAT WAS IN IT!

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